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IRA threatens peace talks

By MARTIN FLETCHER

Terms to which Adams agreed prove unacceptable

THE IRA threw the peace process into turmoil yesterday by disowning the so-called Mitchell principles of democracy and non-violence to which its political wing, Sinn Fein, had solemnly committed itself on Tuesday.

It also ruled out any disarmament during the peace negotiations due to begin on Monday, and rejected the principle of consent whereby a majority of Northern Ireland's people would have to approve any constitutional change.

Outraged Unionists demanded Sinn Fein's expulsion from the negotiations and Ulster Unionist Party officials

said they saw no way that their executive would now agree to face-to-face talks with Sinn Fein. Proximity talks remain a possibility.

The British and Irish Government and the nationalist Social Democratic and Labour Party all expressed dismay, while the Democratic Unionists claimed the IRA had "launched an Excel" at the entire peace process.

The IRA's dramatic intervention came in the form of an interview in *An Phoblacht*, the Republican movement's official mouthpiece.

An unnamed spokesman said that the IRA "would have problems with sections of the Mitchell principles" to which Gerry Adams, the Sinn Fein president, pledged his "total and absolute" commitment at Stormont on Tuesday. Those principles include a commitment to democratic and exclusively peaceful means of resolving political issues, the renunciation of violence, and the total disarmament of all paramilitary organisations.

Unionists have long demanded some IRA disarma-

ment as proof of Sinn Fein's commitment to peace, but the IRA spokesman insisted that no-one had "ever realistically expected us to agree to decommissioning this side of a political settlement... decommissioning would be tantamount to surrender."

The IRA spokesman also rejected the principle of consent, saying the only valid consent was that of all Ireland. "The idea that a minority grouping in Ireland, situated within the Six Counties, should have a veto over political progress in the island as a

whole is anathema to republicans."

Mitch McLaughlin, the Sinn Fein chairman, struggled to explain the interview yesterday. He insisted that it changed nothing and would help to clarify the situation before the negotiations. "Sinn Fein is a political party with a democratic mandate. We are not spokespersons for the IRA. We are not representing the IRA and we didn't sign up on behalf of the IRA."

But no one in Belfast, Dublin or London accepted that. Ken Maginnis of the UUP and

Peter Robinson of the DUP both denounced Tuesday's ceremony as a sham and a charade and called on the Government to withdraw Sinn Fein's invitation to the talks on Monday.

The Northern Ireland Office, which said there was no doubt that Sinn Fein and the IRA were "inextricably linked", acknowledged that the interview was "worrying". And Bertie Ahern, the Taoiseach, said the interview was "a matter of major concern". He insisted that the entire republican movement had to honour the Mitchell principles.

Why the IRA spoke, page 2

Early payers to see gas bills fall by up to £50

By ALASDAIR MURRAY AND CHRISTINE BUCKLEY

BRITISH GAS is to cut bills for prompt payers by up to £50 a year from January as competition within the industry intensifies. But customers who pay for their gas in advance through meters — usually the poorest people — will receive no benefit.

Centrica, the British Gas parent company, said yesterday that it had been able to cut prices because of lower transport costs and the removal of the gas levy next year.

The average bill is expected to fall by £28 a year. Six million customers who pay by direct debit — and already enjoy a 6 per cent discount for doing so — will see their bills fall by about £50, while up to ten million people who settle within ten days will benefit to the tune of £3 a year.

The move is certain to heighten the price war between Centrica and its main rivals as the industry moves towards nationwide competition in June. Rivals in the South have been undercutting Centrica by up to 20 per cent.

Mike Alexander, managing director of British Gas Trading, said the cuts were designed to benefit as many customers as possible. But the Gas Consumers Council gave the move only a cautious welcome, saying it would disadvantage poorer people who prepay their bills. Prices for those customers have been frozen pending an review by the industry regulator Ofgas.

Sue Slipman, the consumers' council director, said: "There are going to be millions of consumers who will be better off because of this.

Particularly for the elderly, for those who pay promptly and use low volumes of gas, this is good news.

"It is not good news, however, for the one million people who have pre-payment meters. What we cannot do is abandon the poor, and that is what we are doing now."

But Mr Alexander said that people on pre-payment schemes were effectively still getting a subsidy from other British Gas customers. "They already get a good deal because they are paying less than the cost of supply."

Ms Slipman also expressed concern yesterday over plans to reduce the smell of gas — which unions interpreted as an attempt to cut jobs.

Natural gas has no odour and a chemical is added to domestic supplies so that leaks can be detected. Transco, the British Gas pipeline network, is now studying whether to reduce the levels of odour to reduce emergency call-outs.

Transco announced its proposals during a cost-cutting presentation to unions at which plans to cut 2,500 jobs were outlined. And yesterday Unison claimed that the move was designed to cut the number of calls from the public about leaks and thereby the number of gas engineers.

Rodney Bickerstaffe, the Unison general secretary, said: "Lives will be put at risk if Transco goes ahead with this ludicrous plan. If gas is made more difficult to smell it will mean more gas leaks will go undetected increasing the risk of explosion, serious injuries or even deaths."

But Transco denied that plans to reduce the smell were a cost-cutting ploy. A spokesman said: "Too much odour will give rise to unnecessary emergency gas callouts, so diverting resources from the sources of real escapes."

Ms Slipman said: "It would be foolish at the opening of the competitive market for Transco to do anything that would jeopardise the public's confidence in gas safety."

Neil McIntosh took the action after it emerged that voters in some areas were not



The 700th anniversary of Wallace's defeat of the English was marked at Stirling yesterday

Confusion over Scots voting

By SHIRLEY ENGLISH

SCOTLAND'S chief returning officer had to contact all 32 voting areas during yesterday's referendum after confusion over the two ballot papers.

Neil McIntosh took the action after it emerged that voters in some areas were not

automatically receiving their second ballot paper.

The referendum questions were on two sheets: the white asked if voters wanted a Scottish parliament and the green asked if they wanted the parliament to have tax varying powers.

But there were complaints that in some areas polling

officials were asking voters if they wanted the second paper or telling them to vote on the first and return for the second.

Mr McIntosh said he did not believe the overall results had been seriously affected as the problem had been rectified quickly and no further difficulties had been reported since the morning.

Mouth-watering sweet reborn as star

By DOMINIC WALSH

OPAL FRUITS, the chewy sweets that are "made to make your mouth water", have fallen victim to globalisation and are to be renamed Starburst, the brand they are sold under in America and elsewhere.

Mars, the confectionery group, was somewhat coy about its plans yesterday but admitted that from November it would be introducing the Starburst name via "an on-pack flash" alongside the existing name. The company

used the same technique with its Marathon bars in 1990. Initially the Snickers name appeared alongside Marathon, but gradually the Marathon brand was consigned to oblivion.

But Mars was quick to point out that it is not all one-way traffic. In 1992, for example,

the company decided the Twix brand should take precedence over the name Raider used on the Continent.

News of the demise of Opal Fruits is revealed in this week's issue of *SuperMarketing* magazine. Linda Petit, the magazine's editor, said: "There's always a risk in changing an established brand name, but then doubts were expressed when Mars decided to change Marathon to Snickers, which people have accepted. It makes sense for a company like Mars to have

brands they can promote throughout the world."

Mars's strategy is supported by industry statistics. In its original guise, the Marathon bar was ninth in the list of best-selling confectionery in the UK. By the time it had become established as Snickers it had moved up to third. (Indeed, Snickers sits just behind M & M's as the biggest selling confectionery brand in the world with sales of more than \$1 billion (£625 million).

Leading article, page 19



"It's nothing to do with Bob's up-set about Opal Fruits"

Zinfandel?

Did we see one on Safari?



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Unionists fear IRA move is aimed at them

AT LEAST four theories surfaced in Belfast yesterday to explain the extraordinary timing of the IRA's apparent rejection of the route to peace in the republican newspaper, *An Phoblacht*.

The Sinn Fein leadership may have been trying to appease rebellious hardliners after Gerry Adams's adoption of the Mitchell principles of democracy and non-violence two days earlier. It may have been seeking to ensure that tomorrow's meeting of the Ulster Unionist Party executive decides not to join full-scale peace negotiations beginning on Monday. The IRA may have ordered its political wing to publish the interview. Or the terrorists may simply have been reminding the world on the eve of the negotiations that they have not gone away.

Many Unionists favour the theory that, despite all Sinn Fein's appeals to the UUP to join the talks, it really does not want them at the table. The other two Unionist parties are boycotting the talks, and without the UUP the republicans may feel that the British and Irish Governments might impose a settlement more likely to lead to their goal of a united Ireland.

"The republicans' strategy is ultimately for some kind of imposed settlement," said Henry Patterson, Professor of Politics at the University of Ulster, who is about to publish a history of the IRA called *The Politics of Illusion*. "They tend to believe that, in the broader Protestant community, there's a constituency that will tolerate a move towards joint sovereignty for the sake of peace."

The Sinn Fein leadership could have been reassuring hardliners in a divided republican movement that its espousal of the Mitchell principles was meaningless. *An Phoblacht* has been controlled by Mr Adams's allies since 1978 and has long been used to signal shifts in strategy. It is inconceivable that he was unaware of the interview, which was trumpeted across the front page and faxed to news organisations, or that a man so shrewd could not have realised its impact.

Supporting the idea that the IRA effectively ordered its political wing to publish the interview was the evident discomfort of the Sinn Fein spokesman called on to defend it. The interview undermined the newspaper's own editorial, which said that by avoiding talks, Unionists would jeo-

pardise "the best chance of peace this country has seen in many generations". A source close to Sinn Fein suggested the party leadership was unhappy about the timing because it had switched media attention away from the UUP's big decision and onto Sinn Fein at a crucial moment.

Dr Patterson said it would have been "politically impossible" for Sinn Fein to have refused the article if the IRA insisted because "you would be talking about an effective split".

Paul Bew, Professor of Politics at Queen's University, saw the interview as a direct rebuff to Tony Blair's declaration on Monday that the Government would hold Sinn Fein rigidly to the Mitchell principles: "If they are locked into the process as defined by Mitchell they are trapped. They have therefore to indicate that they are not playing by the rules of the game."

Micheal Mac Donncha, *An Phoblacht*'s editor, would cast no light on the mystery. He declined to comment, referring all questions to the Sinn Fein press office.



Martin Fletcher looks at the possible reasons behind the terrorists' decision to throw the peace process into chaos

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Mary Robinson at her presidential home in Dublin

Robinson bows out as she began

By AUDREY MAGEE

MARY ROBINSON ends her seven-year term as President of the Irish Republic today as she began — looking after the less fortunate.

The President will open a housing project for the homeless in Dublin before returning to Aras an Uachtarain, the presidential home in Phoenix Park, to sign her letters of resignation. She will then fly to Geneva to take up her new position as United Nations Human Rights Commissioner.

Mrs Robinson's seven-year term was not without its critics, but to community, women's and human rights groups she is irreplaceable.

They believe she fulfilled the promise she made in her 1990 inaugural speech when she said she would open the doors of the presidential home to the marginalised and deprived in society.

Lorna Siggins, author of an unofficial biography launched in Dublin last night, said she kept her promises at a time of great social change in Ireland and rapid economic growth.

Mrs Robinson, 52, moved easily between local, national and international issues, highlighting the plight of famine-stricken Somalia and the chaos of Rwanda. She was as comfortable among the Protestant women of Belfast's Loyalist Shankill Road as she was with the Queen during her visit to London.



Clark: Tory history

'Predicting death of Princess was creepy'

By DAMIAN WHITWORTH

ALAN CLARK spoke yesterday of his horror at hearing of the death of Diana, Princess of Wales, three weeks after he had predicted it.

Mr Clark, MP for Kensington and Chelsea, wrote an article in *The Spectator* last month in which he said the death of Labour MP Gordon McMaster and the suicide of Lady Green and Lady Caithness were directly related to press harassment and the Princess was the "ultimate trophy".

He heard the news of her death when he arrived back from a fishing trip in Scotland. "I was horrified when I heard the news. It was very, very creepy. To come within three weeks of predicting it was very creepy," he said, but added: "I don't see why I should feel terrible about it. It's a fairly medieval precept to believe that people who predict things actually cause them to happen."

At the time he had been furious that Frank Johnson, Editor of *The Spectator*, had written the Princess into the copy by name. "It was obvious who I meant but it was monstrous to do that."

Mr Clark was speaking at the launch of his television series on the history of the Conservative Party. "Ard the grandeur of the Carlton Club ("a sort of Tory Party works canteen" as he put it) Mr Clark was determined to keep on his academic hat at a screening of the first episode of his four-part series, *Alan Clark's History of the Tory Party*.

He pointed out that the final episode, covering the leadership of Margaret Thatcher and John Major, would be shown on the Sunday of the Tory party conference. The programme would clearly come as a shock to many. While he refused to reveal details he made it clear that there was no more of the adoration of Baroness Thatcher and the analysis of her sex appeal that had filled his diaries.

Instead, there would be a scholar's clinical appraisal of her place in a long history. "If you want sleaze or scandal or accusations, forget it. Don't switch on the TV or buy the book," he said.

Buying the book will be tricky. Mr Clark started work three years ago but while it had been planned to coincide with the television series he admitted yesterday that it is far from finished.

"In a sense it will never be finished," he sighed. "But it has to be. It's just that there's such a wealth of material and I want this to be a book that will be on the shelves of every university and school library."

Richard Morrison, page 31

NEWS IN BRIEF

Register will warn of failed research

A worldwide register for failed medical research will be launched in Britain today to save time, money and patients being subjected to clinical trials of treatment already known to be useless. The idea, backed by 106 medical journals around the world, came from Ian Roberts, of the Institute of Child Health in London.

The *British Medical Journal* and *The Lancet* today urge clinical investigators to publish their failures as well as their successes. Their latest editions carry forms to enable anyone who knows of an unpublished trial to send in information for an Internet site. "Researchers are three times more likely to publish their good news than their bad," Dr Roberts said.

Stalker gets life

A sex stalker who subjected women students in Glasgow's West End to a four-year reign of terror was given life yesterday.

Grant McCaskill, of Parkhead, Glasgow, pleaded guilty to six charges of indecent assault and a further two charges of "Peering Tom" breach of the peace charges. Nine other sex charges were dropped.

Dentist cleared

Mark Draper, 37, a dentist of Camden Town, north-west London, was acquitted of 12 charges of indecently assaulting patients by tweaking their nipples. At his trial at Kingston Crown Court, the jury found him not guilty on seven charges but could not agree on five others on which the prosecution offered no further evidence.

Orimulsion off

National Power abandoned plans to use orimulsion — dubbed the world's filthiest fuel. The company planned to import and burn up to 6 million tonnes of the Venezuelan fuel in Milford Haven, Pembrokeshire, creating 1,600 jobs. Environmentalists said an orimulsion spillage would do more damage to the environment than crude oil.

Faithful unite

The first purpose-built school for Anglicans and Roman Catholics in England opened yesterday. Emmaus School is a tangible sign of the unity fostered on Merseyside by Bishop David Sheppard and the late Archbishop Derek Worlock. The school's emblem is a silver scallop shell with a cross, symbols of Christianity and pilgrimage.

Arsonist detained

A teenager who started 140 fires over six months was sentenced to indefinite detention yesterday. Darren Markle, 16, of Kirby in Ashfield, got a thrill watching firefighters tackle the fires he had started. Nottingham Crown Court was told. He had pleaded guilty at an earlier hearing to arson with recklessness disregard for life.

Biting the bullet

A batch of 34,000 plastic rounds used by security forces in Ulster has been withdrawn as too heavy, three months after an earlier batch was withdrawn. Inspection procedures have been introduced to ensure that plastic rounds made in current and future contracts conform exactly to specification, said the Ministry of Defence.

No change, in the terrorists' own words

THE interview in *An Phoblacht* (Republican News) is described as an assessment of the political climate by a spokesperson for the IRA leadership. Below are excerpts.

An Phoblacht: What were the key factors or changes which influenced the decision to restore the ceasefire?

IRA: Our announcement of a restoration of the ceasefire did appear to catch most political commentators on the hop. But then many of these commentators regularly call it wrong, particularly with regard to our position. The key elements were

that the new British Government moved with some speed to deal with the need for all-inclusive negotiations and the new Fianna Fail-led Government in the South moved to help to put a peace process back on the rails from an Irish point of view.

The new British Government removed the precondition of decommissioning, they set a timeframe for substantive talks, they made it clear that such talks would be substantive and inclusive and that bilateral meetings would start almost immediately after any announcement of an

IRA cessation. They also gave public commitments to move on a series of confidence-building measures, including POWs, the Irish language and issues of equality of treatment.

An Phoblacht: Sinn Fein have affirmed the Mitchell principles. Do you have a view on that?

IRA: Sinn Fein's stated commitment is to secure a peace settlement that both removes the causes of conflict and takes all the guns. British, republican, Unionist, nationalist and loyalist, out of Irish politics. The Sinn Fein position actually goes beyond

the Mitchell principles. Their affirmation of these principles is therefore quite compatible with their position.

As to the IRA's attitude to the Mitchell principles per se, well, the IRA would have problems with sections of the Mitchell principles.

An Phoblacht: In the past the IRA have said there will be no decommissioning. Has your position changed in any way with regard to this?

IRA: No, our position on decommissioning has not changed in any way. I don't think anyone has ever realistically expected us to agree to decommissioning this side of a political settlement.

Academy to keep Hindley portrait

By DALYA ALBERGE, ARTS CORRESPONDENT

THE controversial portrait of the Moors murderer Myra Hindley made from children's handprints will not be withdrawn from an exhibition at the Royal Academy of Arts. It emerged yesterday.

After one of the most passionate debates in memory, academics voted against excluding it from the show.

"It was very close," said one academic, expressing despair over the outcome after the mother of one of Hindley's victims had begged the Academy to withdraw it.

The issue of whether a bastion of tradition should have staged an exhibition featuring blood, dismembered limbs and the Hindley portrait ensured that the debate lasted almost three hours. An official announcement will be made on Tuesday.

About 40 of the 90 RAs

attended the general assembly meeting behind closed doors in Burlington House.

One of them later expressed surprise that they had seemed so equally divided.

Most of the discussion centred on the Hindley portrait by Marcus Harvey.

Works loaned to the exhibition, called *Sensation*, which opens on September 18, have been loaned by Charles Saatchi, the country's most prominent collector of contemporary art.

Old school academics

have been outraged by the inclusion of sculptures such as the Chapman brothers' dismembered, bloody limbs, torso and head of a mutilated corpse.

Among the most fervent critics is Peter Coker, who earlier called for the resignation of Philip Dawson, the academy's president.

David Gordon, the secretary,

and Norman Rosenthal, the exhibitions secretary.

Richard Morrison, page 31

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The blazing toast of New York

Angry wife demands chef and butler in divorce deal, as wealthy life has 'left her unable to cook'. Tunku Varadarajan reports

A GLAMOROUS wife who has been the toast of New York is demanding that New York's divorce court makes sure she has the money to make toast. Jocelyn Wildenstein wants the services of a chef and a butler as part of her settlement from a billion-dollar art dealer, saying that her life in a gilded cage has left her unprepared for domestic chores such as lighting a stove and, especially, making toast. "She would burn the toast every morning if she were on her own," said her lawyer. The voluptuous Mrs Wildenstein, 52, who found her 57-year-old husband Alec in bed with a winsome 19-year-old, is suing for living expenses of about £130,000 a month. In addition to their townhouse on the Upper East Side, not to mention their 150-year-old castle outside Paris, their 66,000-acre ranch in Kenya, their stables in France, their Gulfstream jet and, particularly, the staggering ensemble of masterpieces the Wildenstein family has acquired since they began dealing in art at the turn of the century.

In Manhattan's nastiest divorce case, Wildenstein versus Wildenstein has put Broadway in the shade this week. Acerbic, vitriolic, high-powered and reeking of money, the case pits the aggressive Mr Wildenstein, arguably New York's best-



Alec Wildenstein: he is now banned from his own apartment, and from talking to his estranged wife

known art dealer, against the wife described recently by one gossip columnist as having "finest pins in Manhattan".

Although their marriage has been described as "consistently loveless", the rupture was relatively recent. On September 3, Mrs Wildenstein, "jet-lagged and dying for a hot bath", returned from Kenya to find her husband in bed with the 19-year-old.

It appears that she might have had an inkling of her husband's infidelity, for she entered their apartment in

the company of two burly bodyguards.

Mr Wildenstein pulled a gun on the trio, shouting loudly that they "did not belong" in his bedroom. The bodyguards, acting with commendable alacrity, dialled the police, who arrived within minutes.

Mr Wildenstein was arrested for threatening behaviour, hauled before a magistrate, and bound over to keep the peace. He cannot now enter his apartment, nor talk to his wife.

The latter, said to be "heart-

broken", promptly sued for divorce on the grounds of adultery. Responding through his lawyer, Raoul Felder, Mr Wildenstein raged that he had been "set up", calling his wife "an hysterical individual standing there with a pair of scissors, ready to destroy me and my art collection".

Addressing the court, Mrs Wildenstein's lawyer told of a "conspiracy to bludgeon" his client, detailing how her money had been cut off, her chauffeur-driven limousine grounded, her credit cards blocked, her bank accounts sequestered, and her butler and chef withdrawn. He said: "She may live in a luxurious townhouse, but to her it's a prison.

"She doesn't even have keys to the cupboards. She no longer has her staff. She doesn't even have access to the kitchen."

At this point the judge, Marilyn Diamond, interjected gently: "She could, perhaps, get a microwave." But showing, as the *Daily News* put it, that "Judge Diamond is a girl's best friend", the judge has ordered Mr Wildenstein to restore his wife's "allowances and basic amenities" as an interim measure.

Mrs Wildenstein appeared in a tight black suit, cut above the knee, with a vivid gold neck-choker. Mr Wildenstein was in a dark suit.



Jocelyn Wildenstein: she found her husband in bed with a 19-year-old

The heated dinners of Britain

By DAMIAN WHITWORTH

WHILE Jocelyn Wildenstein denied all knowledge of cooking yesterday, a survey gave a portrait of life at British dinner parties where the hostesses have not been so fortunate as to marry a billionaire. A quarter were said to have become so traumatised by entertaining that they resorted to hurling objects around the kitchen and arguing with their partners in front of guests.

Tension over who should do the cooking accounts for 29 per cent of all rows, with 74 per cent of women feeling aggrieved for bearing the brunt of the work. Criticism of the cooking was a major cause of contention for 34 per

cent, and flirting with female guests led to arguments for 35 per cent.

Arguments had resulted in physical blows for 13 per cent of couples. A quarter of women claimed to have thrown kitchen objects, 29 per cent had stormed out and 24 per cent had gone to bed leaving partners at the stove.

One in five hosts admitted to passing off ready-prepared meals as their own. Southerners, especially in London, were the most likely to lie, while those in the North East spent the most time concocting special meals. The average cost of a dinner party for six ranged from £51 to £75, although 15 per cent of Londoners claimed to spend more than £100 on food and drink. In the North

East, the cost was £76-£100. In Scotland, it was said to be £21-£30.

A third of men said that they did the cooking, and were the more adventurous: a quarter claimed that they would prefer to serve ostrich or bison rather than chicken, pork, beef and rabbit. Two thirds of women said they preferred to stick to favourite recipes.

The NOP findings were based on interviews with more 800 adults. Jill Rawlinson, a spokeswoman for the supermarket chain Somerfield, which commissioned the survey, said: "Most people enjoy being invited into other people's homes, but when it comes to repaying the favour, catering for friends is actually very stressful."

Penguins seek a new pool and lots of sprats

By SIMON DE BRUXELLES

BIRD-LOVERS are being given the rare chance to pick up a penguin — or even a whole colony. They are among the attractions of a Dorset bird garden that is closing next month.

Kevin Martin, the garden's owner, is selling all 2,000 birds, from flamingos and snowy owls to budgerigars and doves. The once-thriving Merley Bird Garden near Wimborne has lost out to competition from theme parks.

Would-be bidders turning up with a bird cage should be warned: not all the lots will thrive in a living room or garden pond and some may eat potential purchasers out of house and home.

Penguins can gobble down dozens of fish a day and Chilean flamingos need a bit more leg-room than the average pet. The flamingos and blue and gold macaws are worth up to £1,000 each. But the 50 Humboldt penguins could sell for much less than the normal £900 a head if they are bought as a job lot.

For those wanting something cheaper, there are hand-tamed African grey parrots for about £500, a snowy and an eagle owl at about £250 each.



One of the Dorset penguins to be sold

and 500 budgies at pocket money prices. Mr Martin, 37, expects the budgies to end up in private homes while the more exotic birds will go to private collectors.

"In the 1960s this was somewhere for people to bring their children to play in the park grounds, look at the birds and have lunch," Mr Martin said.

"Now most country pubs have playgrounds and some even have bird collections. We used to be one of the few tourist attractions in the area with 150,000 visitors a year. We're

down to about 50,000 now. The last straw was a burglary in March. They got away with £20,000 worth of parrots."

"All the birds have to go, so

there are no reserve prices.

The collection is valued at £50,000 but if it goes for £15,000 I'll be pleased. There will certainly be a few bargains. But if strangers turn up wanting a penguin well be asking a few questions. We don't want people trying to keep them in the bath."

The garden will open its gates for the last time on October 19 and the auction will take place three days later, with RSPCA inspectors on hand to advise potential buyers. None of the birds at Merley requires a special licence to own although some are more demanding than others. Mr Martin is hoping his penguins will be bought by another wildlife park rather than someone wanting an exotic pet. They require a pool, a lot of company and an endless supply of sprats.

Julie Briggs, for the RSPCA, said: "Birds like flamingos and penguins need a very special environment and if a would-be owner can't provide it they should not get involved in trying to care for them."

Pigeon returns home in display of Yorkshire grit

Paul Wilkinson on a prized bird's epic journey

A HOMING PIGEON has proved that stamina runs in the family by flying more than 1,500 miles from the southern tip of Spain. The bird's father, Bluey, achieved celebrity two years ago when it walked 60 miles home after being kidnapped and having its wings clipped.

The two-year-old马拉松 bird, who had been taken to Algeciras by a Spanish pigeon-fancier, fluttered wearily into the loft of Dine Reardon, 66, in Skipton, North Yorkshire, on Saturday. The Spaniard had contacted Mr Reardon in April while on holiday after reading about

Bluey and had taken the bird home with him.

Mr Reardon identified the bird by its leg ring. He said: "She was thin, bedraggled, and completely worn out. I couldn't believe it was her at first. I have kept pigeons for many years and in my experience this is one of the longest trips that a pigeon has ever taken. But I might have expected it — after all she is the daughter of Bluey and he is pretty incredible."

"She must have escaped and flown all the way back. I don't know how long the journey took because I don't

knew how to contact the Spaniard."

Mr Reardon said that as the bird had arrived home on the day of the funeral of Diana, Princess of Wales, he had named it Diana in tribute to her. "Diana was a gutsy woman who showed enormous determination and this pigeon has the same qualities to travel such a distance."

Major Edward Camilleri, of the Royal Pigeon Racing Association, thought it could have taken five days. He said: "Racing pigeons make long journeys, but this is unusual. It's quite a feat and it must be a bloody good pigeon."

Removal firm sold couple's furniture in error

By MICHAEL HORSNELL

GEORGE BULLOCK always dreams of retiring to the lush pastures of the Loire Valley with his wife, Sylvia, after hanging up his brushes as a painter and decorator. A £30,000 converted barn in the village of St Clement de la Place, near Angers, provided the perfect haven.

The only thing that Mr Bullock, 83, and his wife, 65, have missed about their home in Harvington, Hereford and Worcester, for the past three months, has been the furniture and a large quantity of their possessions.

The removal firm that was paid £2,000 to ship out their belongings mistakenly sent one of the four containers for auction. The couple have been left without dining table and chairs, three-piece suite, crockery, cutlery, table linen, clothing, music centre, coffee tables, farewell presents and an antique glass cabinet.

Mr Bullock said yesterday: "We have to sit at a garden table and chairs, and eat from a picnic set. The neighbours have been very good to us but we can't even ask them in for coffee because we've only got plastic cups."

Mrs Bullock, who puts the couple's losses at £5,000, has so far received a cheque for £1,500. She was told that the contents of the container were mistakenly attributed to another client of the removal firm, and sold to cover a bad debt. The removal firm, Burke Brothers of Wolverhampton, has admitted the blunder. Chris Burke, of the firm, said: "We have apologised to the family many times. A loss adjuster is flying out to France to agree a settlement with them on our behalf and we are trying to track down who bought the goods."

John Ridgeway, of Perry and Phillips, auctioneers in Bridgnorth, said: "We have done our best to find the buyers and have retrieved a statue of an eagle and slides which I took out because they looked to be personal to the family. Unfortunately the furniture and larger items were sold to trade and we have not been able to trace them."

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Shelley
weekend
aims to
reclaim
monster

ADAM HENDERSON
ADEMICS and fans
hope Shelley will meet
the monster
Frankenstein

Delegates at a conference
in Cambridge to
commemorate the bicentenary
of Shelley's birth
will change the popular
image of the character
which they say has
been distorted by film

Dr Shelley's *Frankenstein*
published in
selected Dr Vito
and the creature
that turns
a man into a monster
as a response
to the film
that depicts
the monster as
a good character. He
writes that the film
is a "misrepresentation".

Reader in
of India Poli-
lary, Cambridge,
confirms that
the creature
is a "good character".

new
life
room.

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room.

Ch. 1997



Photographers' lawyers want charges dropped

FROM BEN MACINTYRE
IN PARIS

LAWYERS for the photographers who were pursuing Diana, Princess of Wales when her car crashed called yesterday for the manslaughter charges against them to be dropped after the confirmation that the chauffeur was unfit to drive.

In the past 48 hours the focus of the French judicial investigation has shifted from the paparazzi to Henri Paul, the deputy security director of the Paris Ritz, who was allowed to drive the car despite having drunk a large quantity of alcohol and taken powerful drugs. It was disclosed on Tuesday that

tests on M Paul's body had found traces of the anti-depressant Prozac and the sedative triptiline, a drug most often used to treat chronic alcoholics. Yesterday *Le Parisien* newspaper reported that some members of the Ritz staff "knew about this treatment" and "had just warned the management about it".

Since the latest findings, investigators have interviewed more than 30 employees at the Ritz, owned by Mohamed Al Fayed. If it can be proved that the management of the hotel was aware of M Paul's intoxicated state, or knew that he may have had a drink problem, they could face prosecution for negligence or endangering life.

Lawyers representing the nine

photographers and one motorcycle rider placed under investigation last week said they believed that the men would not face prosecution after the latest tests, although they added that they did not expect that the charges would be dropped immediately.

Jean-Louis Pelletier, lawyer for one of the photographers, said: "Alcohol, antidepressants, excessive speed — in any other case than this, the driver, if he had survived, would have been prosecuted, punished, and punished severely."

The photographers say that they were some distance behind the car when it crashed. While the most serious charge of manslaughter appears likely to be dropped, they

may still face the lesser charge of "failing to help persons in danger".

One unnamed Ritz employee, who has been interviewed by police, told *Libération* newspaper that he had seen M Paul drink two glasses of pastis in one of the hotel bars before he got behind the wheel of the Mercedes limousine.

Even if M Paul successfully masked his intoxication on the night of the crash, there are still unanswered questions over whether Ritz security staff, responsible for protecting and driving the Princess and her boyfriend, Dodi Fayed, were given regular health checks.

Michael Cole, Mr Al Fayed's spokesman, insisted that had

M Paul given "any hint of being an alcoholic, he would have been summarily dismissed". The family of M Paul and the Al Fayed's have called for another post-mortem examination. Giselle Paul, the driver's mother, denied that he was an alcoholic or suffered from depression. "Can one imagine that the Princess of Wales and Dodi Fayed would have agreed to get into a car driven by someone who was drunk?" she said.

Police have carried out a search of M Paul's home in Paris in an effort to find out how long he had been taking Prozac and triptiline. His doctor in Paris was being interviewed by police yesterday.

The initial post-mortem examination showed that M Paul had eaten no food on the night of the accident. Three blood tests indicated that he had drunk the equivalent of at least nine measures of liquor.

Jacques Langevin, a prize-winning war photographer and one of those under investigation, said that M Paul had been showing off to photographers and behaving out of character before he drove off with the couple from the back door of the Ritz. "He came several times during the evening to strut about in front of them. He was playing the show-off. It seems that usually he had a serious air."

One of Mr Al Fayed's lawyers has agreed that M Paul was in no

state to drive, but yesterday he insisted that the pack of photographers was still primarily at fault. Bernard Derteville said that the Ritz bore no responsibility. "Paul took the initiative to take the wheel," he said. "Nothing in his behaviour would have led one to believe he was so saturated with drink."

Georges Kiejman, another of Mr Al Fayed's lawyers, said: "The blood test does not interest me — the case does."

One of the magistrates in charge of the case predicted yesterday that it would take months to resolve, saying that to complete it by June of next year would be an "excellent result".

GREG BOS

Scouts and Guides lead flower clean-up

By DANIEL McGROarty

SCOUTS and Guides led volunteer helpers in Britain's most melancholy clean-up operation yesterday as they began removing the millions of blooms left in memory of the Princess.

The 11 teenagers joined by 40 members of the Women's Royal Voluntary Service and staff from the Royal Parks began their sombre task at St James's Palace. They carefully untied and dusted down the soft toys that had been tied to trees, railings and the palace gates and stored them in cardboard boxes.

The youngsters were often close to tears as they scoured up the many thousands of poems, letters and notes of condolence. At a line of tables the flowers were sorted to see which were fresh enough to go to hospitals and old people's homes. Boxes of bouquets are to be sent to half a dozen hospitals today, including Great Ormond Street for Children, which was one of the Princess's favourite causes.

David Welch, chief executive of the Royal Parks, said: "We want everyone to know it will not be rushed and we will treat each tribute in the same spirit as it was left. We reckon there are 1.5 million bouquets and as many tributes, poems and gifts so it will be six weeks at least, depending on how many more people want to leave flowers."

Those blooms that were too decayed were tipped onto Royal Parks vehicles and taken away to be made into compost for Kensington Gardens, which the Government is considering renaming after the Princess.

The operation at Kensington Palace, the Princess's former home, will not begin until next week as many more families are expected to visit the carpet of flowers outside this weekend and leave their tributes, causing yet more travel chaos.



Adam Hardham, a London Scout, carries away faded blooms from St James's Palace

Charities lose cash to memorial fund

By ALEXANDRA FREAN
SOCIAL AFFAIRS
CORRESPONDENT

A LEADING charity whose patron is the Duke of Edinburgh said yesterday that the flood of public donations to the Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial Fund would do "deep and lasting" damage to other charities by diverting money away from them.

Action Research, a medical research charity for serious disabling diseases, said that the spontaneous and "euphoric" reaction of the public to the memorial fund had already led to a fall in its own income. The memorial fund has been receiving hundreds of thousands of pounds a day.

Anne Luther, Action Research's director general, said: "This could be a case of robbing Peter to pay Paul. This desire to give, to be associated with a 'suitable memorial' to Diana and the work she accomplished is understandable — we will all miss her deeply. But how many people will redirect their charity giving away from their usual and perhaps smaller chosen charities?"

In respect for the Princess, Action Research postponed a fundraising sports event planned for last Saturday in Northern Ireland. A volunteer planning to raise money in the London marathon is now giving the cash to the memorial



Earl Spencer, left, met Gordon Brown yesterday, and agreed that there should be no rush into decisions on a permanent memorial to the Princess's life and work. The Chancellor, who is chairing a group that will consider ideas, said that the meeting at Downing Street had gone "very well". Lord Spencer, the Princess's brother, urged Mr Brown to hold the "utmost public consultation" before any final decisions were made. Mr Brown had earlier said it was important to "consider what is a fitting national memorial and to listen to what the country is saying on this".

□ St James's Palace confirmed yesterday that the Prince of Wales had taken his sons back to school. Prince William, 15, is at Eton and Prince Harry, 12, is at Ludgrove.

fund instead, and a local fundraising event organised for its benefit is to give half the proceeds to the fund. Ms Luther said: "Several other organisations are worried about this."

Barry Brook, chief executive

of the Parkinson's Disease Society, where the Princess was patron until her divorce, said he believed that there was a finite amount of money available for charities; if people gave to the memorial fund, other charities might

suffer: "We received several donations immediately after the Princess's death from people wanting to make gifts in her memory, but they dried up as soon as the memorial fund was announced."

However, other charities believe that the growing public awareness about the extent of the Princess's commitment to charitable work may create a new climate of giving and selflessness in the long term, which could increase overall donations to charity.

A spokeswoman for Save the Children said: "We feel that, in the longer term, the spontaneous and generous response of the public could lead to a greater wish to give."

The charity, which had no formal links with the Princess, had received a number of donations in her memory. The British Red Cross, which received £250,000, said: "It may encourage people to take more interest in charities."

□ Elton John has refused to allow the BBC and ITN to use his rendition of *Candle in the Wind* in funeral videos, saying all the money should be given to the memorial fund. The television networks say they will make no profit, but cannot speak for retailers.

Lady Mountbatten, page 17
Philip Howard, page 18
Leading article
and Letters, page 19
Caitlin Moran, page 33

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Tourists jailed for theft of 'souvenirs'

By KATHRYN KNIGHT

TWO Slovakian holidaymakers who stole teddy bears and flowers from outside Westminster Abbey were each jailed for 28 days yesterday.

Roger Davies, the magistrate, told Maria Rigociova, 54, and Agnesa Sihelska, 50, that the offences would not normally result in custody but he had a duty to reflect the outrage felt by the public.

The two women, who were due to return home today, had gathered 11 teddy bears, baskets of imitation flowers and candle pots as "souvenirs" for their families. They were arrested early yesterday after police officers were alerted by a passer-by.

Rigociova and Sihelska, who are both married, said they had taken the souvenirs as mementoes. They had thought the teddy bears would be thrown away.

Nazir Afzal, for the prosecution, said: "This is not far off the 18th-century offence of grave-robbing. The court is aware of the sense of revulsion felt by the public."

Philip Hill, for the defence, said that in Slovakia it was a custom for people to take mementoes from on top of graves after funerals as keepsakes and for other funerals.

The two women looked dazed as they left the court accompanied by their interpreter. They are to appeal today. On Wednesday Fabio Piras, a Sardinian, was sentenced to seven days' imprisonment for stealing a teddy bear from St James's Palace. The sentence was later reduced to a £100 fine.

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THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION

Soccer clubs told how to spot a winner

REPORTS BY NIGEL HAWKES AND NICK NUTTALL



Mr Penalty: England's Gareth Southgate

FOOTBALL clubs with huge sums to spend in the transfer market should follow the lead of big business and use psychological profiling to ensure they get the right man for the job, researchers said yesterday.

The practice could help them to avoid paying millions of pounds for players who turned out to be lazy, disruptive or simply unable to fit in with their team-mates, according to George Sik, a psychologist at one of Britain's leading psychometric testing firms.

Dr Sik said that most managers were still relying on primitive methods to select players, such as reports from scouts. But the need for profiling was becoming more important with the influx of overseas players, whose personalities were largely unknown. "Obviously footballing talent is important," he said. "But as many managers say, there is not much to divide players at the top level. So temperament is very important."

Dr Sik's psychological study of 60 professional footballers has identified very different

missed penalty put England out of Euro 96 in the semi-final. Dr Sik said: "You would not be far off the mark."

He also cited Chris Waddle, now manager of Burnley, who declined to take penalties after missing one in the 1990 World Cup finals. This contrasts with Stuart Pearce, who missed a penalty in the same tournament but remained optimistic and confidently scored one in a Euro 96 penalty shootout.

Dr Sik described another temperament, "Bad Boy", who could become a disruptive element on a team and a source of anger and anxiety for managers. Such a player tended to be highly talented, but lazy, and could move from club to club for millions of pounds without managers understanding why he never fitted in.

"He is also tense, pessimistic and sensitive to criticism. But crucially, hates demanding and punishing exercise. Managers tend not to like people who profess openly that they do not like training. The player does not fit in."

He would not be drawn on which players fitted the "Bad Boy" profile. But pundits might point to Stan Collymore, a highly talented player who became unsettled at Nottingham Forest and spent two troubled seasons at Liverpool before moving on to Aston Villa. In just two seasons he commanded more than £15 million in transfer fees.

Dr Sik, of Saville and Holdsworth, carried out his research at clubs including Glasgow Celtic, Sheffield United and Crystal Palace. The psychologist said: "It is very apparent that the old 'Get your heads stuck in' school of management is unlikely to get good results." Big business recognised this and had for many years carried out psychological profiling of prospective employees.

50 YEARS BEHIND THE TIMES

DESPITE the rhetoric about needing to innovate or die, most companies are still 50 years behind the times, the meeting was told.

A team from Sheffield University's Institute of Work Psychology investigated 120 firms and found many had no specialist personnel staff, no proper training or human resource management, no written training strategy and a low skill level. Professor Michael West said: "Everybody

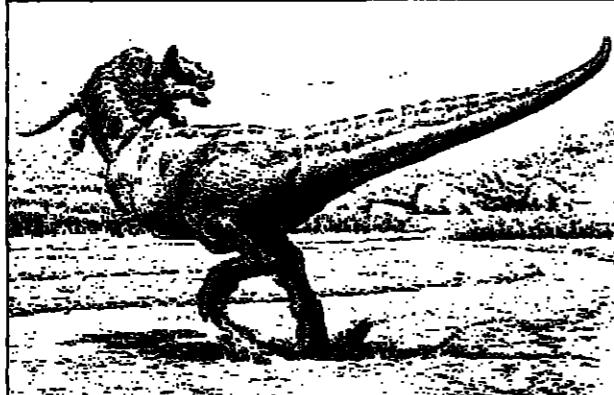
has the capacity to be creative at work but surprisingly little is done in practical terms to encourage this facility."

Within the NHS things were equally bad. "Many organisations are 50 years behind what organisational scientists are discussing," he said. "It is not enough to pay lip service to the idea of innovation without being prepared to do a fundamental review of how jobs are done."

Dr Sik of Saville and Holdsworth, carried out his research at clubs including Glasgow Celtic, Sheffield United and Crystal Palace. The psychologist said: "It is very apparent that the old 'Get your heads stuck in' school of management is unlikely to get good results." Big business recognised this and had for many years carried out psychological profiling of prospective employees.

George Sik after his lecture on how football can benefit from psychological profiling

T-rex became a monster hit with shake, rattle and roll

Shake and snack: *Tyrannosaurus rex* on the prowl

THE dinosaur *Tyrannosaurus rex* shook its prey into bite-size pieces between its teeth, because its diminutive arms were too small to get a grip, said a leading Russian expert. The arms were just big enough to enable it to roll itself upright after losing balance, otherwise it would have fallen flat on its face.

The theory that the giant dinosaur was a "shake-feeder" — biting on the prey and rattling it apart — means it had the same technique as modern creatures which have gained similar favour as movie monsters: sharks, crocodiles, and killer whales.

The scientist, Lingham-Soliar, of the Russian Academy of Sciences, said that shake-feeding provided the best explanation of how T-rex was a success in dismembering other animals: "It had serrated teeth, a powerful skull and neck, but the most ridiculous anterior limbs.

"It had two choices. It couldn't hold the prey in place but, if the prey were big enough, it could grab a piece of flesh and pull. The inertia of a large prey would keep it still

while the flesh came away. In smaller prey, the force required to tear the flesh may be greater than the prey's inertia, so the alternative is to shake it to and fro, literally shake it apart. This places great stress on the predator's own head and neck, and requires the type of highly reinforced skull and powerful neck and body seen in *Tyrannosaurus*."

The British dinosaur expert David Norman has suggested that the heavily reinforced skull was used to ram prey

while some had claimed it was a slow, lumbering beast which scavenged for food, comparison with modern-day ostriches shows many features in common, and ostriches are fast. Arguments against this include the suggestion that the bones of the creature were not strong enough to sustain a weight of up to seven tons at high speeds, but that was an oversimplification, he said.

"Other components such as cartilage, tendons, ligaments and the way in which these components and the separate bones of the leg are put together are essential to a real understanding." Thick pads of cartilage between the joints acted as shock-absorbers like those of cars.

The larger vegetarian dinosaurs were ten to 20 times heavier than *Tyrannosaurus*, and reliable trackways show long migrations: "If they were able to walk, *tyrannosaurs* were able to run."

The arms might have been useful in mating, but they would also help the dinosaurs get up when they fell: "They were just big enough to stop them falling flat on their faces."

Their British expert David Norman has suggested that the heavily reinforced skull was used to ram prey

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Angela Eagle plans to make public appearances with her partner, although "it won't be in the near future"

Minister 'vindicated' by lesbian admission

Angela Eagle tells Polly Newton she is delighted by the response to her decision to come out

ANGELA EAGLE, the junior minister who has come out as a lesbian, said yesterday that she had been delighted by the "incredibly positive" response.

Miss Eagle, an Environment Minister, said she had suffered some anxiety since speaking about her sexuality for the first time in a newspaper interview at the beginning of the week. "Obviously there is a little bit of stress when you are contemplating something like this, coming out. At least, so far, the optimistic side of my nature has been vindicated, which I am extremely happy about. I hope it continues."

Her office said it had received many supportive messages. Last night she disclosed that she plans to make public appearances with her partner. Speaking outside her home in her Wallasey constituency, she said: "We will step out in public at some stage, but it won't be in the near future. You have to understand that other peoples' feelings come into this."

Miss Eagle, 36, who became MP for Wallasey in 1992

issued a statement thanking her constituents for their expressions of support: "Although a new aspect of my life has been made more widely known, I have not changed. I should like to reassure my constituents that I shall be working as hard on their behalf as I have always done."

Her decision to come out as a lesbian — which makes her the first senior politician in Britain to do so — was praised by her twin sister, Maria, who was elected Labour MP for Liverpool Garston in May. She said: "I think something I have known about for a very long time and I have always been supportive of her. She is very brave," she said. "Angela is a great MP and a great sister. I don't think it is a big deal."

Don Prout, chairman of Wallasey Labour Party, said

nothing would change. "We already knew about this and I think she has shown great courage. I feel her constituents and the public will only respect and admire her openness. After all, this is the 1990s, not the 1890s."

In a statement, Mr Prout acknowledged that the disclosure might cause initial shock, but said he hoped that the MP would be allowed to carry out her duties without prejudice. He said he did not believe there had been any particular reason for Miss Eagle to come out now. "It was always just a matter of time and now felt right."

In her interview with *The Independent*, Miss Eagle said she had decided to speak openly about her sexuality for the first time in order to get to grips fully with her ministerial role. "Now I am at the stage

where I need to get things sorted so I can just concentrate on my work."

There was support for Miss Eagle from OutRage, the homosexual rights group, which described her decision as courageous and positive. Peter Tatchell, from the group, said: "People admire honesty in public life and Angela's openness will win her a lot of respect and support. We hope more gay MPs will follow her splendid example."

He claimed that around 60 MPs were either lesbian, gay or bisexual. "Some hold senior positions in the three main parties. There is no reason why they should remain secretive about their sexuality. That only fuels the idea that there is something shameful about being gay."

The fear of coming out is far worse than the consequences. It certainly has not damaged the career of Chris Smith MP, who came out in 1984 and is now the Secretary for Culture, Media and Sport."

Additional reporting by Russell Jenkins

Survey shows 8m adults are poor readers

BY JOHN O'LEARY, EDUCATION EDITOR

MORE than one adult in five is a poor reader, according to a survey published yesterday which suggests that standards of literacy in Britain are lower than previously believed.

The first national survey to use a random sample of working-age adults suggests nearly eight million people have weak reading skills. An even larger number struggle with basic mathematics.

A sample of 3,800 people aged 16 to 65 was tested by the Office for National Statistics. The results showed that 22 per cent could not make an accurate comparison of two pieces of written information while 23 per cent were unable to do simple sums using numbers found in a text.

Those aged over 45 showed the lowest level of literacy. Women and men were equally good at straightforward understanding of newspaper articles and passages of fiction, but men performed better using information from timetables and graphs and in numerical calculations.

The study is part of a programme comparing basic skills in more than 20 countries. Although the results will not be known until next year, Britain has among the poorest records of those whose scores have already been published. Of the countries surveyed —

Britain, Germany, Poland, The Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States and Canada — only Poland has more people over 56 at the lowest level of literacy.

In the youngest age group Sweden, Holland, Germany, Switzerland and Canada had a better record. The 17 per cent of Britons in the lowest category were exceeded only in Poland and the US. There was no significant difference between literacy standards in England and Scotland but in Wales far fewer adults reached the highest level.

David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, who has given priority to improving literacy and numeracy, said: "Sound literacy and numeracy skills provide the bedrock for all subsequent learning. We have appointed an advisory group on adult learning and we will be publishing a policy paper on lifelong learning before the end of the year."

Alan Wells, director of the Basic Skills Agency, said shortcomings were worse than previously thought. "This also suggests we have a greater number of people with weak reading skills than almost all the other industrialised countries in the survey."

Education, page 35

Ofsted picks first council targets

SIX local authorities with the worst examination results in England will be among the first dozen to be inspected in the latest stage of the Government's drive for higher standards in schools (John O'Leary writes).

Half were chosen because they had the poorest results in GCSE and primary school tests, three were at the top of the league tables and three in the middle. Chris Woodhead, Chief Inspector of Schools, said the compulsory inspections would begin in January.

The poor performers are Southwark and Tower Hamlets, in London, Manchester,

Sandwell, Leicestershire and Nottinghamshire. Kingston upon-Thames, Bury and Surrey are the high-fliers chosen and Kent the middle-ranking authorities.

Announcing the details, Mr Woodhead said: "The Government's White Paper, *Excellence in Schools*, expects local education authorities to play their part in raising national school standards."

David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, said: "If a local education authority does not meet the required standard, I will not hesitate to intervene."

THE TIMES

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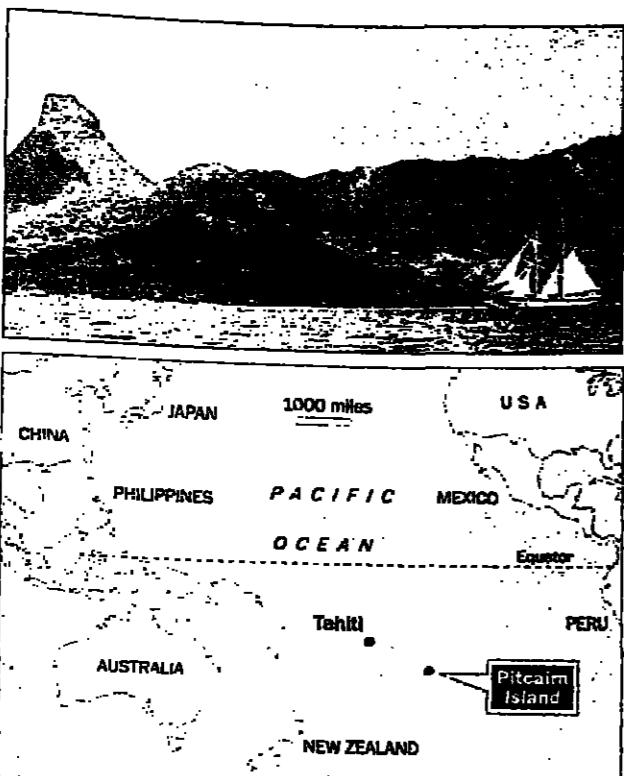
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THE TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 12 1997

HOME NEWS 9

WPC's crime-free paradise



WPC Gail Cox is not worried by the hardships she may face: isolation, mosquitoes, humidity and lack of amenities. "It is the chance of a lifetime and I can't wait," she said



Kent policewoman sets sail on a modernising mission to Pitcairn

By STEWART TENDLER, CRIME CORRESPONDENT, AND PETER BIRKETT

A POLICEWOMAN is swapping her squad car for the traffic-free Pacific island of Pitcairn. Gail Cox is not, however, being sent to combat a crime wave among the descendants of the *Bounty*: they have the world's lowest reported crime rate. Rather she will take modern policing to the ten-square-mile island.

WPC Cox, from Kent police, has been chosen by the Foreign Office to spend six weeks

working with the 54 inhabitants of the island and their part-time constable. The job advertisement warned that the successful applicant would have to endure some hardship and "must be prepared to survive without the amenities taken for granted in less remote locations".

Pitcairn, 3,000 miles from the nearest landmass, has no port or airstrip. WPC Cox will have to wait for good weather

ISLAND HOME FOR 54 PEOPLE

PITCAIRN was discovered in 1767 and named after a Royal Marine major on *HMS Swallow*, which first sighted the island. It is the centre of a small group of islands midway between New Zealand and South America. The three other islands are uninhabited. Pitcairn is volcanic in origin. It can be reached from only one bay because of cliffs which rise to 1,100ft. The mean average tempera-

ture varies from 66F (19C) in August to 75F (24C) in February. Rainfall is about 80in a year. The climate and fertile soil provide lush tropical and semi-tropical vegetation.

The *Bounty* crew who populated the island cast Bligh adrift with 18 of his men. Despite no map and few provisions, they survived after drifting more than 3,600 miles. Bligh later became an admiral.

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ture varies from 66F (19C) in August to 75F (24C) in February. Rainfall is about 80in a year. The climate and fertile soil provide lush tropical and semi-tropical vegetation.

The islanders are descended from the crew of *HMS Bounty*, who mutinied under Fletcher Christian against Captain William Bligh in 1789, and their Tahitian wives. They make a living from fishing and selling fruit or wooden curios to passing ships. Other

income comes from postage stamp sales to philatelists.

The chances of serious problems are slight. WPC Cox's brief is to promote community policing and provide some training to the British dependency's resident part-time constable. She will wear her Kent uniform with specially made Pitcairn badges.

She said: "I don't know what to expect when I get out there. I don't know what the conditions are, although I have seen a video about the island. I was expecting mud huts but they are actually huts with a roof and there are shower facilities. I've done lots of outward bound courses and

have spent the night under the stars, so basic living conditions don't bother me."

She will be equipped with 40 rolls of film and 15 hours of videotape to record her stay. Her only luxury item will be a compact disc player.

WPC Cox, who is single and has never travelled outside Europe, will leave Britain on October 2 for Auckland, New Zealand, to be briefed on her new duties by the Pitcairn Island Commissioner, Leon Salt. She will fly to Tahiti and then take a light aircraft to the island of Mangerava, where she will pick up the yacht for the final 300 miles. Once on the island, she will

be sworn in as a Pitcairn officer before beginning daily patrols of the cluster of small houses which make up the "capital", Adamstown. As well as her uniform, she will carry truncheon, handcuffs, torch and first-aid kit.

"I'm taking along all the kit I normally carry, with the exception of CS gas," she said. "They have asked me to take my normal uniform, but I'm also taking shorts and Kent police have issued me with some special hot-weather polo shirts."

The law on Pitcairn is basically the same as in Britain and is enshrined in a law book prepared by a New Zealand solicitor.

"I have a copy and I have been reading up on it, but I've not yet

encountered any real oddities.

One of my tasks is to look at the laws of Pitcairn and see if any require amendment."

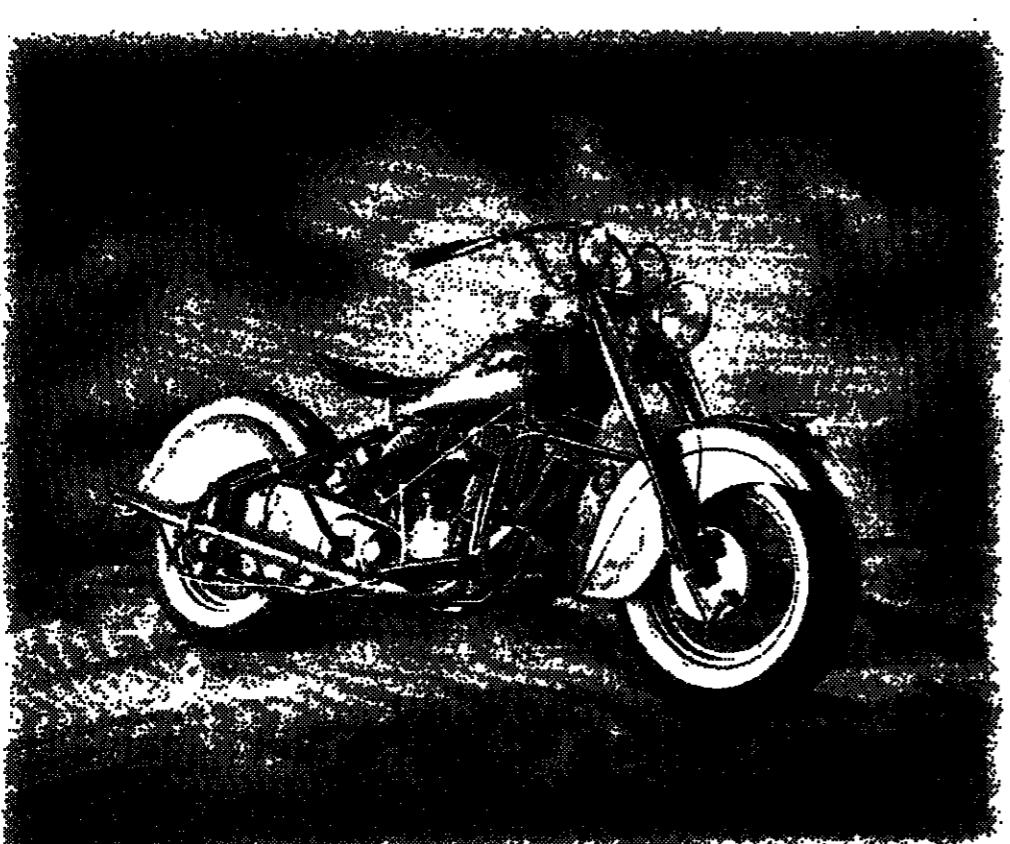
WPC Cox, a fully trained advanced police driver who normally crews Kent's Maidstone and Malling division emergency car, and who has made between 300 and 400 arrests in her career, applied for the Pitcairn posting after seeing it advertised on the notice board at Maidstone police station.



Captain Bligh of the *Bounty* is put into an open boat

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Conscience preyed on road killer for 20 years

By SIMON DE BRUXELLES

A MAN whose conscience troubled him for 20 years walked into a police station to confess to killing a pedestrian in a hit-and-run accident, a court was told yesterday.

Alan Ralph, 46, a businessman, told police that the brakes on his car were faulty at the time. Carmarthen Crown Court was told that Helmut Henkel, 51, was killed when Ralph's car hit him near the village of Rosemark, Dyfed, in 1978. A police hunt failed to find the driver.

Geraint Walters, for the defence, said: "The secret had a terrible effect on his life. He has suffered from psychiatric disorders and alcoholic syndrome because it was clear he could not live with his conscience."

Ralph, from Eastleigh, Hampshire, admitted causing Mr Henkel's death by reckless driving. He was put on probation for two years and disqualified from driving for 12 months.

Return the Lindisfarne gospels, says bishop

By RUTH GLEDHILL

THE Bishop of Durham has said he would like to see the 7th-century Lindisfarne Gospels returned from London to the North East.

The Right Rev Michael Turnbull wants the gospels, taken from Durham Cathedral by Henry VIII during the Reformation, returned there. They are currently held at the British Museum.

Bishop Turnbull said: "I believe that works of art and of historical interest are best in their places of origin. Durham Cathedral is where St Cuthbert is buried and there are many other sites in the North East to which the gospels are linked."

Earlier this year Fraser Kemp, Labour MP for Houghton and Washington East, wrote to Chris Smith, the Culture Secretary, calling on him to back the campaign to return the manuscripts to the North. But Mark Fisher, the Arts Minister, has dismissed the pleas.

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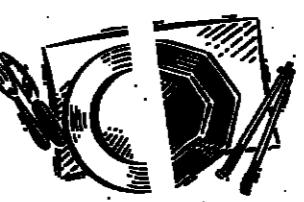
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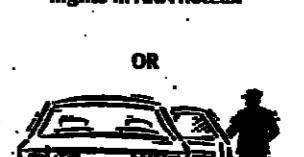
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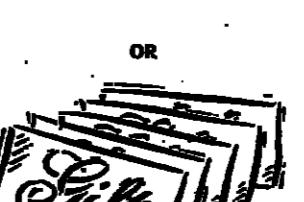
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THE TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 12 1997

OVERSEAS NEWS 11

Jews used terrorism too, says Mrs Rabin

FROM ROSS DUNN IN JERUSALEM

YITZHAK RABIN'S widow has challenged Israel's policy of blaming Yasir Arafat for Islamic terrorism, saying yesterday that Jews were once terrorists and the British could not stop them.

Leah Rabin made the admission, a difficult one for most Israelis, and accused Binyamin Netanyahu, the Prime Minister, of doing "everything against" peace. She said Mr Netanyahu was trying to humiliate the President of the Palestinian Authority. "He [Arafat] feels very much under pressure, and justifiably. Our Government has tried to bring him to his knees," she said.

Her stand is in line with the thinking of Palestinian analysts and some left-wing Israelis, who argue that Mr Arafat can do little in the war against terror while Mr Netanyahu's policies continue to cause such ill feeling in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Mrs Rabin said, shortly before meeting Madeleine Albright, the US Secretary of State: "I have doubt about how much [Palestinian] terrorism can be uprooted. We were also terrorists once and they didn't uproot us and we went on dealing in terrorist activities. Despite all the efforts of the

British Army, we went on with terrorism." Mrs Rabin was referring to the period after 1917 when Britain conquered what was then known as Palestine and ruled the area until the establishment of the Jewish state in 1948. During this turbulent era, and especially after the Second World War, the British fought Arab and Jewish militants alike.

A leading figure in the Jewish underground movement was Menachem Begin, later Prime Minister. In 1946, he got approval from his colleagues to blow up the King David Hotel in Jerusalem, which then housed part of the British administration. The blast killed 28 Britons, 41 Arabs, 17 Jews and five others. Mr Begin outraged families of other victims when he said he mourned only the Jews.

The episode proved decisive in convincing the British authorities to leave the area. Before pulling its troops out, Britain had tried to crack down on Jewish extremism through floggings and executions. The Jewish underground retaliated by kidnapping British soldiers and delivering the same punishments. Two British sergeants were hanged on July 29, 1947, by Jewish extre-

lists and British floggings and executions stopped.

Mrs Rabin clearly believes that Israelis today need to learn from this period of history and adopt a different approach. She quoted a favourite phrase of her husband: "Yitzhak would say, 'We will make peace as if there is no terrorism. We will fight terrorism as if we are not taking steps towards peace.' That must be the approach."

In November 1995, her husband was shot dead by a Jewish extremist opposed to the Government's decision to hand land to the Palestinians in exchange for peace. Yesterday, she accompanied Ms Albright on a visit to his grave in Jerusalem.

Friend's plea: Margalit Har Shefi, 21, a friend of Rabin's assassin, said yesterday that her statements to the police should be rejected, because she had been deprived of sleep and barred from consulting a lawyer. She has pleaded not guilty to charges that she failed to report Yigal Amir's plan to kill the Prime Minister. Her trial, which began in March, resumed yesterday in Tel Aviv. (AP)

Letters, page 19



Leah Rabin, left, and Madeleine Albright after the US Secretary of State laid a wreath yesterday at the grave of Yitzhak Rabin

Chinese 'capitalism' will embrace share deals in state firms

FROM JAMES PRINGLE IN BEIJING

THE fifteenth congress of the Chinese Communist Party, which opens in Beijing today, will be largely unscripted, given that party chiefs have apparently failed to reach a consensus on crucial leadership changes, diplomats say.

"China has no gods now," Wang Shan, author of a book on China's political future, told foreign correspondents this week. "Mao was a god, Deng Xiaoping was a god, but now there are none." This means, in essence, that President Jiang Zemin, 71, does not exercise the kind of authority his predecessors did as he enters a crucial week during which he will outline to 2,038 party delegates the nation's course for the next five years.

Envoy say the biggest issue, and one requiring some fancy ideological and economic footwork, will be an innovative privatisation scheme for the reforming of failing state-owned enterprises without causing vast unemployment — one of the concerns most troubling to China's 1.2 billion people.

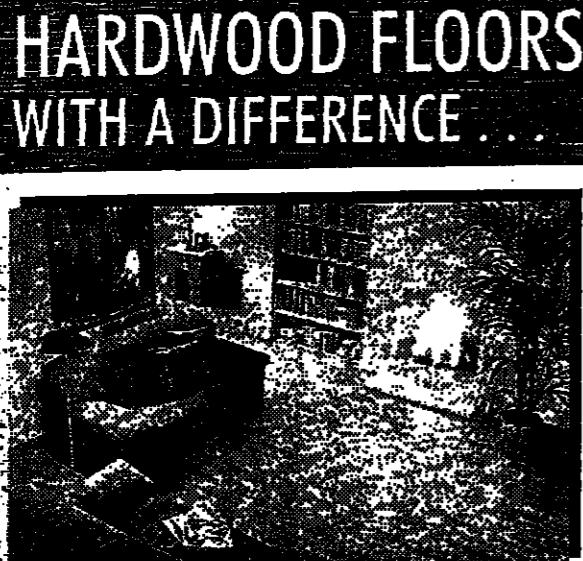
The party conclave, which is held every five years, will aim to continue China's free-market economic reforms, what Deng called "socialism with Chinese characteristics".

with what amounts to drastic economic restructuring — in effect, another step towards capitalism. Selling shares in reformed enterprises to the public is apparently the principal means of achieving this, though care will be taken not to call it privatisation. Xu Guangchun, the congress spokesman, said last night that the key was who controls the majority of shares, indicating the State will continue to have that power.

A recent flurry of outspoken calls for political reform — not from dissidents but economists and political scientists inside the party — will not result in anything like the democratic system of Western countries, Mr Xu indicated. "I would like to make this point here, that we do not copy Western democracy."

Another key issue will be corruption. It was announced this week that Chen Xiong, a former high-ranking Communist leader and a former Mayor of Beijing, had been expelled from the party and may face trial over corruption. Some doubt whether he will ever appear in court, however, because — as one Western envoy said — "he knows too much about the rest of the leadership".

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Albright lectures Palestinians and Israel on peace

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN RAMALLAH

MADELEINE ALBRIGHT

set foot for the first time in the Israeli-blocked West Bank yesterday and admonished a sullen-looking Yasir Arafat for his failure to root out the terrorists who have killed 20 Israelis in five weeks.

Attempting later to balance her criticism, the US Secretary of State urged Israel to take a "time-out" from settlement activity and other unilateral actions that have angered Palestinians. "Israel should refrain from unilateral acts, including what Palestinians perceive as the provocative expansion of settlements, land confiscation, home demolitions, and confiscation of IDs," she said in a speech to Israeli high-school students.

Ms Albright told the Palesti-

nian leader that his latest

pledge to fight terrorism 100

per cent" would be monitored

by the United States to see if it was carried out "over a sustained period".

Mr Arafat, dressed in his trademark military fatigues and facing 250 journalists, had his carpeting whispered

into his ear by a translator. "The truth is terror threatens the pursuit of peace, terror threatens the Palestinian Authority, and terror threatens the hopes of the Palestinian people," Ms Albright said.

To be effective, the Palestinian Authority fight must be comprehensive and relentless and sustained. It cannot be pursued only when it is convenient to do so. As Chairman Arafat knows, fighting terror is a 24-hour-a-day job."

Since the triple suicide attack in a Jerusalem street last week, Palestinian police have rounded up more than 100 suspected Islamic militants. But Israeli officials have dismissed the effort as window-dressing designed to appease Ms Albright.

Paris: Hubert Vedrine, the French Foreign Minister, launched a blistering attack on what he called Israel's "catastrophic" policies (Ben Macintyre writes). The peace process was broken, and the Israeli Government's attitude was undermining the credibility of Mr Arafat, he said.

Officers rebuked for sex scandals at US Army base

FROM IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON

THE American Army, beset with sex scandals, responded yesterday by extending basic training to teach recruits ethics and values.

It also sent letters of reprimand, in effect ending their careers, to major-general and half a dozen senior officers at the training base at Aberdeen, north of Washington, where 12 drill sergeants were charged with sex crimes against young women soldiers. The Aberdeen scandal led to the Army setting up a sexual harassment hotline that logged more than 8,000 calls from around the world and led to 341 criminal investigations, of which 47 are still pending.

The episodes showed that integration of men and women, particularly at the training level, was not working. At the same time, the air force had its problems with adultery, as highlighted by the case of Kelly Flinn, the first female B52 pilot, who was forced to resign. The Navy, too, has struggled with sexual problems, beginning with the Tailhook affair which arose from a convention of fighter pilots where women were assaulted.

An army panel reported yesterday on its ten-month study. It found that the service had failed to screen male drill sergeants adequately and that not enough research had been done on their backgrounds to

determine whether they had criminal records or other problems that might have signalled trouble.

President Clinton's Army Secretary, Togo West, decided not to segregate men from women, who make up a fifth of recruits, during training, but will add a ninth week for the annual intake of 70,000 recruits who undergo "boot camp", the first big change since the Vietnam War. Throughout the training, extra classes will be given on army values and on mutual respect.

The army will ask Congress to create a position for a senior general to oversee training camps and will add 100 lieutenants to remove the burden of administration from drill sergeants. Additional chap-

lain will be sent to the training camps so that recruits can turn to someone outside the chain of command for help and guidance.

Major-General Robert Shadley, the most senior officer reprimanded, plans to contest his punishment as unfair, a Pentagon official said. He had been praised earlier for his quick response to complaints of rape. Now he was being "hung out to dry" by the army for its widespread neglect. Susan Barnes, an advocate for women's rights in the military, said.

Some army officials had argued that he should be exonerated on the ground that he was too senior to have known about sexual goings-on under his command. Members of Congress said that the top brass had to be made more accountable.

Of the 12 drill sergeants at Aberdeen, one was convicted of rape and sentenced to 25 years in prison, four were found guilty of other sexual misconduct, four agreed to be discharged, one was cleared and two cases are pending. Courts-martial were told that the sergeants shared lists of their sexual conquests.

A captain who represented two of the drill sergeants said that proof of a corrupted command structure would have helped all the defendants and could be a ground for appeal for those found guilty.

Flinn, forced to resign from US Air Force

Updike weighs whether to pull plug on Web heroine

FROM TUNKU VARADARAJAN
IN NEW YORK

THE novelist John Updike, the face of American middle-class angst, will write the last instalment today for his "cybertale", a relay short story which began with a paragraph by him in July, and whose stylish baton has been taken forward each day by a host of eager literary runners.

The story, *Murder Makes the Magazine*, began on July 29, with a paragraph as polished as a guardsman's boots and about as rich as

Christmas pudding. It was vignette of vintage Updike, raising hopes of a riveting tale that would grace the Internet for weeks to come. The first sentences carried a savor of foreboding:

"Miss Tasso Polk at ten-ten alighted from the elevator on to the olive tiles of the nineteenth floor only lightly naged by a sense of something wrong. There had been someone strange in the elevator. She had felt it all the way up."

The story since then, alas, has not always gone up. It has often gone

down, as writers of uneven gift turned their hand to Updike's tale. Of course the offerings have not always been bad: some have had panache; others have been clever.

Too often, they have been clever, as writers strove to match the master at his game. The author, though, expresses no complaints. "It's a lark to do," he said. He is intrigued, too, that after 45 days in the hands of total strangers, Miss Tasso Polk is still alive.

The promoters of the tale, amazon.com, the world's largest

online booksellers, have been inundated with offerings, sometimes receiving more than £100 in the space of 24 hours. The chosen author of the day has received \$1,000 (£630), a princely sum for no more than 200 words, and a rate that should make most journalists green with envy.

Updike himself received \$5,000 for his efforts, which included submitting three different "first paragraphs": amazon.com, he says, chose the most "melodramatic" one, "dredged from my files". It was the opening to a mystery novel begun 30

years ago and abandoned as being "too slight". *The New York Times*, cementing its reputation as a snuffy killjoy, has questioned why "Mr Updike is involved in such an overtly commercial enterprise".

Kay Danggaard, a spokeswoman for amazon.com, said yesterday that she had pleaded with Updike "not to kill off Miss Tasso Polk". Ms Danggaard said: "We now get letters addressed to her and callers think that I am Miss Polk." Updike has made her no promises: Miss Tasso Polk may be dead by tomorrow.



Doctor shows heart of stone

ancient predecessors of the Mayans and Aztecs. The vessel includes a pulmonary artery, an aorta and a superior vena cava. It was carved 2,500 years before Andreas Vesalius, the so-called father of anatomy, published the earliest accurate images of the heart. (AP)

WORLD IN BRIEF

Tajik bases used to bomb Taliban

Karachi: The Taliban Islamic militia yesterday accused neighbouring Tajikistan of helping rival forces at the battle for control of the northern Afghan city of Mazar-i-Sharif intensified (Zahid Hussain writes). The opposition jets which allegedly flew from Kulab airbase in Tajikistan bombed the Taliban forces 12 miles away from the battered city.

Taliban fighters who launched an offensive on Tuesday in an attempt to capture the northern opposition capital were locked in a fierce battle on the city outskirts. It is the closest the militia has moved towards the city since May when it was driven away. One report said the battle was raging around the airport, which was briefly captured by the Taliban forces on Tuesday. The fall of Mazar-i-Sharif would deal a devastating blow to the opposition alliance.

Kenyans approve reforms

Nairobi: Kenya's parliament yesterday formally adopted constitutional reforms intended to avoid bloodshed before elections expected to take place later this year. The changes provide for the repeal of laws that allow detention without trial, and approve the expansion of the electoral commission to bring in members nominated by the opposition. They also provide for equal access to state media by the opposition and President Moi's ruling Kenya African National Union.

"We saw that our country was headed for chaos and we decided to take this bold step, talk to each other, agree on changes before elections," said Jillo Falana, one of four convenors of the group which drafted the reforms. (Reuters)

Storm saves Machu Picchu

Peruvian archeologists yesterday began investigating the damage caused to the Inca ruins of Machu Picchu after a fire which has destroyed 600 hectares of forest on the mountains around the ancient citadel (Gabriella Gamini writes). They were able to start assessing the extent of damage after an unexpected rainstorm helped firefighters put out the flames which had spread from mountain to mountain around the ruins over four days. The storm, the first rain in six months, drenched the site. Local people believe the spirits of their Inca ancestors extinguished the fire.

US aircraft to 'jam' Serbs

Washington: The Pentagon is sending three EC130 aircraft to Bosnia to jam hardline Serb radio and television broadcasts at the start of the republic's municipal elections this weekend (Tom Rhodes writes). The planes can override ground broadcasts while channelling separate transmissions in their place. For a month, Serbian supporters of Radovan Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader and indicted war criminal, have used the airwaves to challenge the Dayton peace accord.

Krenz set free for appeal

Berlin: Egon Krenz, 60, East Germany's last hardline communist leader, walked free from Moabit prison here pending an appeal against his conviction last month on four manslaughter charges. He was jailed for 6½ years after his 18-month trial. His victims were refugees killed as they tried to flee to the West over the Berlin Wall. Krenz was greeted at the jail gate with a kiss from his son Karsten. (Reuters)

Yacht cup attacker jailed

Auckland: Benjamin Peri Nathan, 28, a New Zealand Maori student who almost destroyed the 150-year-old America's Cup yachting trophy in Auckland with a sledgehammer, was jailed for 34 months in addition to an 18-month term he is already serving for aggravated robbery. The cup has since been repaired by London silversmiths. (Reuters)

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SEPTEMBER 12
IN BRIEF
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ove reforms
lachu Picchi



Sisters and novices from the Missionaries of Charity rehearse hymns yesterday in Calcutta's Netaji Indoor Stadium for Mother Teresa's funeral tomorrow

Nun's lavish funeral stirs Calcutta debate

FROM CHRISTOPHER THOMAS IN DELHI

MOTHER TERESA's body will be taken for burial tomorrow on the same gun carriage that carried the remains of Mahatma Gandhi, father of independent India, and Jawaharlal Nehru, its first Prime Minister. More than 500 soldiers will escort the vehicle, to be pulled by a field military tractor, and there will be volleys of rifle fire over the coffin.

Questions are being asked about whether Mother Teresa, 87, would be appalled by such military pomp. Her death has raised other sensitive questions: will donations to the Missionaries of Charity plummet without her money-raising international prestige?

Is it right to bury the Roman Catholic nun at Mother House, her home, where the public will have almost no access to the grave? Should the Government spend so lavishly on the funeral of a woman who lived by a vow of poverty?

Queues outside St Thomas's Church, Calcutta, where she is lying in state in a glass casket, grew to more than a mile yesterday as the clamour to get a last glimpse increased. The army,

which formally assumed responsibility for the body yesterday — customary practice before a state funeral — initially opposed postponing the burial, which had been planned for Wednesday, five days after her death. The Sisters, however, demanded a delay on the ground that more time was needed for national and international dignitaries to reach Calcutta.

Most Indians are surprised by the length of time between Mother Teresa's death and her interment. It is customary for Hindus to be cremated quickly, and Muslims are generally buried within 24 hours. Christians in India do not normally display their dead.

Her grave will be in a room previously used for common prayers. She had wanted, and expected, to be interred at another St Thomas's — in north Calcutta — because of its custom of holding prayers round-the-clock every day of the year. Many church officials are upset at the change of plans.

Some of the nuns have complained privately, too, that the money being spent on the funeral could build several orphanages.

Manila 'faces civil war under Ramos'

ONCE the model of a modern Asian leader, President Ramos of the Philippines is now being vilified across the political and religious spectrum.

He is accused of seeking to extend his term of office beyond next June in an eerie rerun of the corrupt era of Ferdinand Marcos, whom he helped overthrow. The situation has led the country's Roman Catholic leader, Cardinal Jaime Sin, to give a warning that "there will be another Cambodia" with civil war, murders and executions.

The cardinal's bloody forecast followed a statement by President Ramos that he would submit to the will of the people if they decided to change the constitution because the country was in danger. His implication was plain: he was prepared to serve a second term.

The Philippines now faces its greatest crisis since the overthrow of Marcos by "people power" in 1986 after years of violence, corruption and circumvention of previous



Fidel Ramos, left, is
enraging opponents

with hints that he
will find a way to
stay as President,

Jonathan Mirsky
reports from Manila

constitutions. The candidates for the 1998 election must be registered by November. Mr Ramos says he is not behind the movement to alter the constitution to permit term extensions, but he is being so elusive about his intentions that the uncertainty caused another fall on the Philippine stock exchange yesterday.

"Why am I being demonised? Why am I a hate figure, sometimes even among small children?", he mused in

whom the greatest is Cardinal Sin. Seated in his palace yesterday, the Cardinal said: "My opposition to President Ramos is not political. It is my duty as Archbishop of Manila to guide the people so they will do their duties as citizens."

He said he had always opposed the selection of Mr Ramos for the presidency by his predecessor, Corazon Aquino. "I think she repents this now ... I believe he [Ramos] knew the identity of the assassin of her husband."

Benigno Aquino was Marcos's most dangerous opponent, whose still unsolved murder in 1983 led to the overthrow of the former President and the election of Mrs Aquino. "That murder was never properly investigated," added the Cardinal.

The man whom Mr Ramos fears is his Vice-President, Joseph "Erap" Estrada, the John Wayne of the Philippines, who for 40 years has starred in moralistic shootouts with dozens of gangsters and rapists. In a badly educated

population which reads and views little news but loves good-guy action films, Mr Estrada is a wildly popular man, who is favoured by most observers here to sweep to office if Mr Ramos stands down. In the 1992 election which brought him and Mr Ramos to power, Mr Estrada received two million votes

more than the President.

Speaking to *The Times*, Mr Ramos said: "I'm not in favour of term extensions" — and within seconds was spelling out a new kind of people power, strictly constitutional, which permits referendums, plebiscites, petitions and constituent assemblies which could "petition for changes in

the constitution". He added: "It's not my personal future which is of moment but the national interest and the future of the Philippine people."

This modesty was overshadowed by a vision of political disorder. "We have to pick a leader who will bring the Philippines into the 21st century,"

REUTERS



Cardinal Jaime Sin: fears bloodshed and "another Cambodia" in the Philippines

ry as an efficient country. There's a lot of fierce competition out there which could unbalance us."

The protest movement against Mr Ramos is gathering pace every day in Manila at 6pm: church bells ring and car horns blare in what is called the anti-Ramos "cha-cha-cha". On September 21, the Cardinal and Mrs Aquino

— who says that some of her supporters told her when she was President to seek a second term because she was "indispensable" — will address a crowd they hope will number hundreds of thousands. They are attempting to create an atmosphere reminiscent of the one that brought down Marcos but without the confrontation between the people and the army.

In the artful way which maddens his critics, Mr Ramos says that he extends "mega-tolerance" to this demonstration, that he wanted it to happen, and that "I have instructed the police to support it".

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Russia swears to clean up language

FROM RICHARD BEESTON IN MOSCOW

RUSSIA'S parliament is planning to reintroduce Soviet-era legislation to ban swearwords from being spoken or published, in an effort to clean up the Russian language.

In a move encouraged by President Yeltsin, and welcomed by many Russians who have seen their cherished tongue battered by obscenities and invaded by foreign words, the parliamentary culture committee has decided to fight back with what amounts to censorship.

"We have a situation in Russia today where there is a completely uncontrolled use of language in the streets, in the media and in books, and it is time we did something about it," said Vladimir Sementsov, who is helping to draft the new law.

Under Communist rule, swearwords and pornography were outlawed by the infamous Article 209 of the Soviet Criminal Code, which regarded any profanity as "hooliganism", an offence punishable by a sentence in a labour camp. However, since the era of glasnost and the collapse of communism, many Russians are turning to the nation's rich vocabulary of expletives.

Foreign words have become commonplace in newspapers, on television and in the street.

Although it is unlikely that

Soviet-era punishments will be reintroduced, it is expected that swearing in public or writing obscene words could lead to criminal prosecutions and fines.

Anatoli Baranov, an expert on expletives at the Institute of the Russian Language, said that while the reaction against swearing was understandable, the censors would have a difficult time controlling what people wrote, read and said.

Some of Russia's greatest writers, such as Aleksandr Pushkin, used swearwords in their texts and today writers such as Eduard Limonov have made obscene language the hallmark of their writing style.

Mr Yeltsin has taken a personal interest in the protection of the Russian language, and last year assembled a council of experts to investigate ways of protecting the mother tongue from profanity and from the invasion of foreign words, particularly English. Earlier this year, he announced that he was considering banning the use of

foreign words in advertisements and declared that he was prepared to "fight to save our mother tongue".

Aleksandr Korzhakov, the disgraced former presidential bodyguard, revealed in a book published last month that the issue is close to the President's heart. In his account of life in the Kremlin, Mr Korzhakov said that Gennadi Bubulis, once one of Mr Yeltsin's closest aides, was sacked after drinking too much and making a rude toast at a dinner in the presence of Mr Yeltsin's wife and daughter. He claimed that Mikhail Gorbachev, the former Soviet leader, could not compose a sentence without using obscene words.

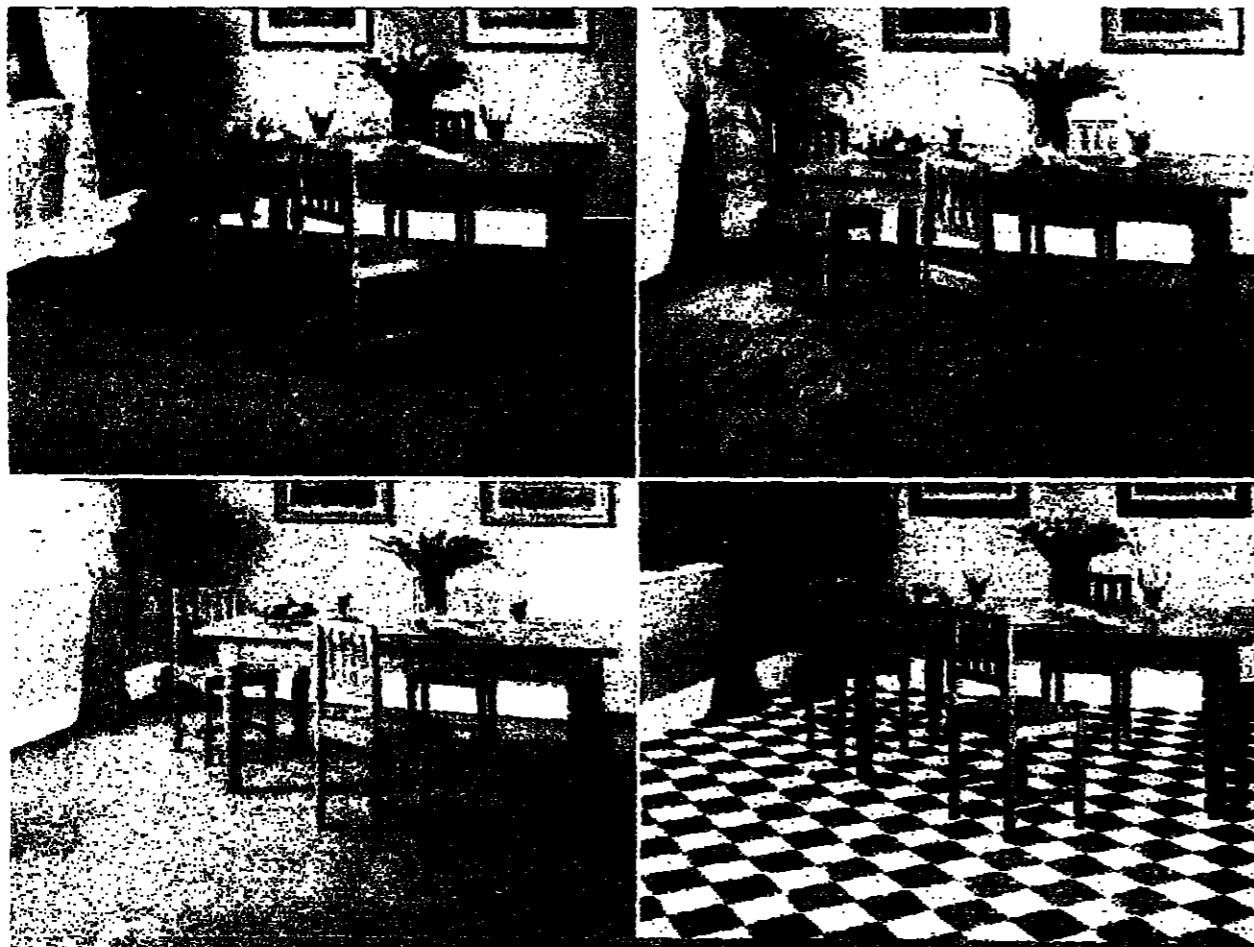
Eradicating obscenities from the Russian language could be a difficult task, since many Russians are proud of their colourful and imaginative curses, such as: *Ya zdes bol'tayus, kak govo v propyubi* (I have been hanging around here like a turd in a fishing hole); or *Ego ebut kol'khozom* (She has had the whole collective farm).

Avoiding them is difficult unless you avoid military service, public transport and drinking vodka.



President Chirac hailed Stephane Grappelli, 89, as "the greatest jazz violinist in the world" yesterday as he made him a Commander of the Legion of Honour. Charles Aznavour, the French crooner, and Nana Mouskouri, the Greek singer, were also honoured

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Moscow's Sinatra tunes in to politics

By RICHARD BEESTON

IOSIF KOBZON, the Russian Frank Sinatra, famed for his singing voice and notorious for his alleged links to the mafia, retired from the stage last night when he gave his final performance in Moscow on his 60th birthday.

After a career spanning 40 years and 3,000 songs, the Communist-era crooner, still beloved across the former Soviet Union, said farewell to adoring fans at the Rossiya Hotel after deciding to embark on a new life in politics.

"It was a difficult decision, but I wanted to stop singing while there was still life in me," he said. "I can do more for this country when I am in a position of power."

He has set his sights on the Duma, the lower house of parliament, and his first attempt at gaining office will come this weekend, at a by-election in the Siberian constituency of Aginsky-Buryat. Kobzon says he wants to run for parliament to defend citizens and to raise the level of the nation's spiritual life. Critics, however, suspect the move may have more to do with the benefits that come with a parliamentary seat, not least immunity from prosecution.

Sicily to have bridge link with mainland

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN ROME AND FRANCESCO BONGARRA IN PALERMO

THE Italian Government is to approve the building of a gigantic £3 billion single-span suspension bridge linking Sicily to the Italian mainland, officials said yesterday.

"The Government of Romano Prodi is really behind this project, and it seems it has approved it," said Nino Catarci, head of the state-run Stretto di Messina authority.

Aurelio Misiti, a senior official at the Ministry of Public Works in Rome, said the bridge would be operational by the autumn of 2006.

La Repubblica reported that the bridge design had passed all technical tests, and work was expected to begin in 18 months. The bridge will be more than two miles long and 195ft wide, supported by 1,200ft-high towers at either end. It will carry road and rail traffic, with planners anticipating 200 trains a day and a two-way flow of 9,000 vehicles an hour on a 12-lane carriageway.

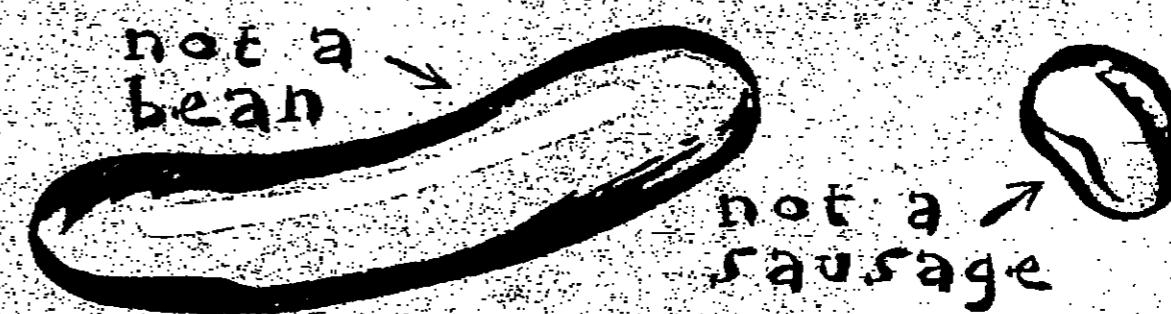
The Romans first conceived the idea of linking the mainland and Sicily to safeguard the island in their struggle with Carthage. In the 19th century, the idea was revived by Garibaldi, the Italian patriot and military leader, as part of his campaign for the unification of Italy. But modern

parts from Europe, Japan and America, had taken local conditions into account and the bridge would be built to withstand winds of more than 125mph, earthquakes of up to 7.1 on the Richter scale and even nuclear explosions.

A final decision will be taken by the Italian Cabinet on October 10. The Government is cutting public spending to trim the budget deficit and to meet the criteria for the European single currency. But Signor Catarci said road tolls would recoup much of the cost, and the Italian authorities hoped to obtain European funding for the project, as linking Sicily to the mainland was "of European significance".

Next month, Signor Misiti will outline the project to the USA-Italy Foundation in Washington in a bid to obtain backing from Italian-American "banks, insurance companies and pension funds", a move which has led some Sicilians to joke that the bridge will be "paid for by the Mafia". At present, goods and passengers have to cross the straits by ferries run by Italian state railways. But the ferries operate at a loss, and there are reports that private companies may take over the route as early as next year.

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OVERSEAS NEWS 15

Yeltsin orders inquiry into Mir failures

FROM ROBIN LODGE IN MOSCOW

PRESIDENT YELTSIN yesterday demanded a full inquiry into the series of accidents and malfunctions aboard the Mir space station over the past three months, which began in June when an unmanned cargo craft punched a hole in one of the complex's modules.

The inquiry, due to be completed by the end of the month, is aimed at clearing the air after accusations and recriminations among Russian space agency officials.

The crew on Mir at the time of the collision, Flight Commander Vasili Tsibliev and Flight Engineer Aleksandr Lazutkin, face fines for culpability amounting to a third of their pay during the mission.

The crash happened as Commander Tsibliev was attempting to dock the cargo craft manually with the station during a practice manoeuvre. Mr Lazutkin is additionally being held responsible for unplugging the station's main computer in July, leaving the complex virtually without power and spinning out of control through space for about 24 hours.

Other officials, including Boris Ostromov, deputy director of the Russian space agency, said the two men should be treated as heroes and receive awards for their achievement in overcoming the disasters.

Russian newspaper reports said that about \$10,000

Second Nasa probe homes in on Mars

Washington: A Nasa spacecraft was closing in on Mars early today to map the planet's surface and find landing sites for future missions, including a manned expedition (Ian Brodie writes).

The Mars Global Surveyor was due to enter an elliptical orbit at 2.31am after a journey of ten months and 435 million miles. A roving vehicle was landed on Mars in July.

The Surveyor will not begin mapping the Martian surface until March after descending

to an ideal viewing orbit 235 miles above the planet. It is expected to provide the most detailed topographic maps of the Red Planet ever seen.

The launch of Nasa's first Moon mission in 25 years has been pushed back from September 24 to November 23 because officials need more time to prepare the rocket that will carry the lunar probe.

Nasa said. The Lunar Prospector mission will mark Nasa's first foray to the Moon since 1972.

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MIKE HUTCHINGS / REUTERS

Winnie witness can give evidence

FROM ASSOCIATED PRESS
IN CAPE TOWN

AN ARREST warrant for a man who claims to link President Mandela's former wife Winnie Madikizela-Mandela to at least two murders is being lifted so that he can return to South Africa for a public hearing, officials said yesterday.

The decision appears to remove the last bar to the return of Kaizla Cebekhulu, who disappeared on the eve of a 1991 trial at which he was to have been a co-defendant with Mrs Mandela. He turned up in London and claims he was abducted to keep him from giving evidence.

Kaizla's Journey, published this week by Fred Bridgland, says Mrs Mandela ordered the killing of Dr Abu Asvat in 1989 — she denies the accusation — to cover up her role in the beating of four young men in 1988. One of them, Stompie Moeketsi Seipei, was found dead later and Mrs Mandela was convicted in 1991 of kidnapping and being an accessory to assault.

Policeman's testimony ridiculed

George Bizos, the lawyer representing Steve Biko's family at the Truth and Reconciliation Commission hearing in Port Elizabeth yesterday, cross-examines the leader of the police unit that tortured the black activist to death (Nigro Gilmore writes).

Colonel Harold Snyman, 69, was ridiculed by a mocking public

black audience at the hearing — which will decide if Colonel Snyman and four former colleagues are granted amnesty — at times could not restrain its laughter. The colonel repeatedly said that Biko had attacked five policemen in a small room and accidentally hit the wall with his head, which led to his death.

NEWS REVIEW



SMALL FRY

A thief's progress: part one of Stephen Fry's autobiography

CULTURE



DALI THE DISASTER

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FOCUS



DIANA

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STYLE



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THE SUNDAY TIMES IS THE SUNDAY PAPERS

Philip Howard



■ We Britons may keep a stiff upper lip, but the Americans invented it

A stiff upper lip has become an unfashionable feature, even when it does not just sit above a loose lower jaw. Since it is the lower lip that quivers when Tony Blair is reading the lesson, and when one is on the verge of crying, a stiff upper lip seems a useless appendage. I thought that this stolid image must have been invented for Victorian five-year-olds off to prep school and subalterns stranded up the Khyber Pass without a saddle, reciting *If*. And at least one explanation has been attempted along these lines: young officers in Victoria's armies wore moustaches to make themselves look adult, and tried to keep them trim so that the cultivated hair did not make their upper lips twitch, such twitching being a sign of lack of control in front of men and menses.

Like most popular etymologies, this explanation is ingenious but as useless as facial hair. All recorded evidence shows the stiff upper lip to be of American Puritan origin, from 1830 onwards. It is the reverse of the American "down in the mouth". Harriet Beecher Stowe urged Uncle Tom to keep a stiff upper lip. A century later P.G. Wodehouse, expert in American slang, was one of the first British writers to introduce the image. "Carry on Jeeves, stiff upper lip" Graham Greene, another expatriate Briton sound on American usage, distinguished machismo, the Spanish equivalent of the Roman *virtus*, as having little to do with a stiff upper lip. And indeed, antique Roman and Homeric heroes blubbed a great deal at the appropriate occasions, provided they did so in a manly way, not making a rinal display of screeching like a woman.

Shakespeare's heroes from Hamlet downwards were not afraid of tears, yet like the antique Romans, Shakespeare knew that the best epithets are dry, with only a hint of tears in the subtext. *Cymbeline* is a muddle as a play. But it contains two of the most plangent lyrics in English, including "Golden lads and girls all must / As chimney-sweepers come to dust." This does not make the Iron Age stoicism of the epitaph by Simonides for the Spartan dead at Thermopylae. But Housman caught Shakespeare's combination of stiff upper lip with the common touch that comes to lads, girls and chimney-sweepers in his epitaph on the British Expeditionary Force of 1914.

Tastes in epitaphs vary vastly through times and cultures. For those who find *Candle in the Wind* and the vernacular verse in Kensington Gardens touching but mawkish, Peter Veresker, our poetic Ambassador to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, has written a song for Diana:

I will go smiling, sleeping,
To the cool of the hall;
I will go proud and safe
Not sad at all
I will go running, laughing,
To the calm of the green shade;
I will go bright and brave
To rest awhile
I will go seeking, giving,
To the peak of the high bell;
I will go glad and sure
Where lovers dwell

An icon used to be a stiff Byzantine picture of Christ, the Virgin Mary or a saint, venerated in the Orthodox churches. Now it has become a conventional cliché, an icon to click on from the database. A tragedy should be more strictly defined than just as a terrible calamity. Dunblane was not a tragedy by the strict definition of the word, though it was an enormity and a great grief. But a tragedy should concern a celebrated protagonist, with some fatal flaw in his character. It once had to have a turning-point, a recognition scene, a climax and a resolution. A tragedy should teach lessons, and perhaps purge our emotions through a spectacle of pity and terror. Diana's death was part tragedy, part fifth act of a Shakespearean historical drama in fashionable modern dress, and part black farce.

And for those with stiff upper lips, *paparazzi* were named from the Italian for "buzzing insects", which they resemble as they swarm about a celebrity victim. Their activities were first brought to public notice by *Le Dolce Vita*. But Masterlink anticipated Fellini: "Something in the insect seems to be alien to the habits, morals and psychology of this world, as if it had come from some other planet, more monstrous, more energetic, more insensate, more atrocious, more informal than our own."

As journalists defy the powerbrokers who control the Moscow media, a free press is born, says John Lloyd

Russia's fourth estate takes on the tsars

relative freedom in which it became the liberal and generally trusted voice of the intelligentsia, was bought up by a combination of OneXibank and the major energy company Lukoil, and lost its doughty Editor, Igor Golobrovskiy.

The two principal television channels — the partially state-owned ORT and the independent NTV — are either controlled or owned outright by Berezovsky and Vladimir Gusinsky of the Most financial group. Yuri Luzhkov, the Mayor of Moscow, has just created his own television channel to serve his (formally denied) ambition to run for the presidency. He is also said to have put pressure on all channels to keep Diana, Princess of Wales's funeral off Moscow's screens last weekend because it clashed with the anniversary celebrations he had decreed for the capital.

Since powerful, ambitious and ruthless men control the media, the business of journalism must serve their ends. The carving up of the state assets of Russia is a brutally corrupt business in which the big bankers are not merely in the

corridors of power but right inside the highest offices, demanding this and agreeing on that. They are at war among themselves at present because Potanin of OneXibank, the closest to government, outbid Gusinsky of Most and Berezovsky of Avtozavod for control of the company which controls the shares of the largest part of Russia's telecommunications. The latter two felt it was their turn to be favoured and have turned the fire of their television companies and papers on the senior ministers who they feel betrayed them.

This is a grim picture. Journalists can — indeed, are encouraged to — expose this or that minister or financier, but only because their boss wants revenge or to gain an advantage. Corruption on their own side is wholly taboo, no matter how blatant; that is the stuff of the rivals' media.

The benign view is that from this hammer and anvil of competition is beaten out the truth, or something near it. The reality is that few seem to find the

revelations of corruption and influence-peddling shocking, since there is seen to be no effective way of stopping it. Where the judicial and political institutions and civil society are all weak, independent media flap their wings uselessly in the feigned air.

Russia was never a wholly open society, even in its most idealistic days just before and just after the Soviet collapse, yet it has not become a wholly closed one. The oligarchic state is unstable, with Yeltsin now favouring this old hack, now that new broom — such as Boris Nemtsov, the new First Deputy Prime Minister. The financial barons make alliances which fall apart and are reformed with new configurations; the State is too weak to keep them in line and thus create a corporatism along fascist lines.

Russia is no longer a vast island. The Mayor of Moscow may have decreed Diana's funeral off the airwaves, but he invited his friend Luciano Pavarotti to sing in Red Square, together with the American illusionist David Copperfield

to do tricks and the French electronic showman Jean-Michel Jarre to put on a light show. The sale of the communications company to Potanin was only possible because the Hungarian-American financier and moralist George Soros backed him with \$1 billion. Even as the energy sector seeks to keep out foreign capitalists, it realises that it cannot renovate itself without foreign capital.

The journalists probe the limits; the better ones try to push against them. When an ORT correspondent was jailed by the authoritarian Government of Belarus for demonstrating how lax its border controls were, the Russian Ambassador did not complain, but his inactivity sparked angry protests, not just from the television company but more widely. The many casualties and hostage-takings of Russian journalists in Chechnya gave the profession a moral stiffening — the more so since the writers and cameramen brought back pictures and stories which helped to create a public outcry against the war. Oleg Golobrovskiy, in his sixties, is trying to found a new *Izvestia*.

Gorbachev raised the lid, initially to promote his own agenda. Later he, then Yeltsin, decreed press freedom to be a fact. It remains an aspiration — as it does everywhere. Money can still write many of its own rules in Russia, but it has witnesses and it cannot wholly control them.

The author is associate editor of the *New Statesman*.

Hey Mum! I'm on thin ice

It started when I fell into a crevasse. Then came hornets, rockfalls, bats, rapids . . .

Hey mum!" was how Bob Morgan put it. When I began writing for *The Times*, Bob was a senior reporter in our room at the Commons, nearing retirement. "If your column could be introduced by the words 'Hey mum! Guess what happened?' he told me, quoting the old Fleet Street advice, "it's probably worth printing. Or try asking 'so what?' at the end. If the question stings, reconsider submitting the piece."

Too often the question stings. They could put "so what?" on my tombstone. Few columnists fail to persuade themselves that what they have just written matters, but on sober reflection, we all have weeks when good topics come as rarely as Number 11 buses.

Then, like Number 11 buses, they all come at once.

Our story, then, takes shape not so much as a cream puff, as a log: a traveller's log . . .

First I fell down a crevasse. This was a new experience for me. Many ice-climbers never fall down a crevasse in their lives. I was into my first within an hour of being taken on to my first glacier. We were above 16,000ft in the Cordillera Real of the Bolivian Andes, learning the techniques necessary to climb 5,000ft higher, to the summit of Mount Illimani. We had just mastered ice-axe arrests. Now, roped together, three of us — Peter last, me in the middle and our leader, Archie, to the fore — we were making our way down the glacier to base camp.

It was within seconds of Archie shouting "crevasse!" that the new fall of snow under my feet suddenly gave way. My foot went through. As I tried to right myself, the other foot went through. Now I was up to my chest and the snow under my arms was crumbling in, too. Some instinct caused me to spider out my arms and legs and lie still. Archie and Peter dug in and fastened the rope. It held and I lay spread-eagled, hands and feet dug into crumbling banks, looking down.

You may think this odd, but I felt nothing as epic as shock at this unexpected possible end to my life; just a sort of "oh!" such as might follow the coming-off of a doorknob in one's hands. I stared down. It was not cobalt blue, as in the movies. It was brown, dim and murky, deeper than I could see; I heard the echoing drip-drip of water, as into a deep well. I was not afraid, though no more than hopeful of survival. Peter and Archie tugged and I rolled out of it. An hour before I had protested to Archie

that this was a Thatcherite world and climbing ropes risked condemning three instead of one.

Of Illimani, you may hear more next week. Of our rowing against a storm across the waters of Lake Titicaca to the Island of the Sun, there is no space to tell . . .

And so we come to Conzata. We (Penny, Louis, Adrian, Julian and I) had reached this tropical village in the foothills of the Andes by Jeep, and, after pulling ripe oranges from trees, lodged in a tiny but pleasant lodging house. (Should we lock up our valuables? "No," we were told. "There was a thief here once, but we shot him.") The dawn saw a dearth of transport on to Santa Rosa (30 miles), so we started to walk.

It did not matter that nothing came.

Our morning stroll along a jungle track, through hills, alongside rivers, overflowed by chattering green parrots, attended by butterflies the size of blue and yellow handkerchiefs, observed by bird spiders from giant-sized webs and ignored by armies of leafcutter ants on the march, and surrounded by flowering trees and waterfalls . . . was like paradise.

Lunch at Incachaka after 15 miles was hot, but they had rice and fried egg (they never have less in Bolivia, and rarely more) and we marched on into the afternoon sun. Suddenly there was a swimming pool — a big, roadside concrete pool fed by clear, cool water from a nearby stream — so we stripped off and swam. Then onward, the forest trees growing more huge as we descended into the heat. Next a bend in the track, a giant mahogany, and a liana rope hanging from 50ft above. We all swung and shrieked like children.

Then on. All at once a swarm of black hornets attacked from the trees. We fought them off. Our losses amounted to five stings: six hornets bit the dust.

Another corner — and a river to cross. A wide deep and turbulent river. Boots off, we waded over with sticks. The track began to climb. After climbing 1,000ft we were strung out singly over a mile, all tiring. The sun was setting as I rounded a bend to hear a waterfall and see Louis' rucksack but no Louis.

Moments later he stumbled out of the undergrowth, soaked, bleeding from the head, arms and leg. Exhausted and thirsty, he had tried to reach the water, fallen down the bank, dislodged two rocks, hit the water and been hit on the head by much the smaller of the rocks. Luckily it wasn't the big one. The wounds were superficial and Louis was dazed, no more. We limped in the dark into a mining village, serenaded by bullfrogs as fireflies flashed and tree frogs bleeped like electronic synthesizers. A dog-sized coypu scuttled into the bushes.

Lights and a bar! Penny drank two litres of fizzy lemonade and was sick. An ancient Land Rover materialised and taxied us through some guilles to Santa Rosa. Penny collapsed on a bed at the Hotel Ruth — a goldminers' lodging, with a green swimming pool — and we four then hit the town: one cobbled street lined with stalls — lit by Tilley lamps, with chemical balances by the cash desk for those who pay in gold — and bars. At



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At dawn from Mapiri there is a dugout canoe to Guanay. We reached it just in time, our Toyota driver steering straight into the river, then driving upstream, the water flowing under the doorills, to the canoe landing. The three-hour, 80-mile river journey, shooting down rapids, outboard-motor assisted, in the company of miners, their wives, babies and wheelbarrows, as Indians panned the riverbanks for gold, was too amazing for words . . .

So no words, save to mention the rock we nearly hit (big, glistening, black, flashing by) and the wave that hit us, drenching Adrian. On to Guanay, whence a stalling three hours in an overloaded minivan on a dirt road to Caranavi, a truck stop at the foot of the Andes, where we were now headed back. I made tomato-and-onion sandwiches.

By the Caranavi road junction we found a vast Volvo truck laden with some 30 tonnes of hardwood planks, its driver and his family just climbing into the cab. He agreed to turn a blind eye as we clambered up the side. There followed three hours we shall never forget. Atop the mahogany, looking out over the cab, we had a platform in the air as the Volvo roared and ground its way up an earth road winding, it seemed, into the sky. Dusk fell, waterfalls from above the road splashed on to us and dust enveloped us as our vehicle clung to the edge of the near-vertical mountain-side into which the road was carved and dynamited.

And then . . . but I think I'm running out of space. Lorry stops in dark. Rockfall ahead. Pitter-patter, then rush, then roar, then pitter-patter. Driver turns to roadside shack where woman with two Kerosene rings makes two plates of rice plus two tins of pilchards, wolfed. Turn again: landslide still in progress. Huge roar. Driver stops the night. Bed on planks. Millions of bright stars; pitter-patter, roar all night. Dawn. Road kaput. Decide to cross landslide on foot (Indians doing so), then walk. Penny hit on head by rock, but not killed. Penny shocked, dazed. Julian takes her pack, she limps behind. 10km on, reach shack. Negress in Indian costume and bowler hat (descendant of escaped slaves) gives us water, and alcohol for Penny's head wound. Walk on. Sudden roar of scores of trucks — landslide must be cleared, road reopened — first driver misreads detour sign and heads into flat, dry riverbed — all follow — much hooting and dust — all head back the way they came — *Wacky Races* — we flag down minibus, sweaty peasants edge away — bus climbs hill — on top, Coricco, Hotel Esmeralda, phone! Swimming pool, trout, beer. Penny can chew a bit. So brave. Must send *Times* column . . . Hey, mum!

Second love

IAN McEWAN, the novelist, has just wed in secret. His bride is Annalena McAfee, a red-haired arts journalist known to colleagues as "the much-loved", whom he married at a private ceremony in Long Island. Surprised friends thought he was still recovering from the end of his 14-year marriage.

McEwan, 49, whose novels dwell

on teenage incest, serial killing and sadomasochism, was as coy as a teenager who had eloped to Gretna Green. "We're very good friends," he blushed. "She's a lovely girl."

He has dedicated his latest novel,

Enduring Love, about a disturbing psychological condition which renders sufferers in a psychotic state of deluded, unrequited and obsessive love for another — erotomania — to his new wife.

For McEwan it is a radical life-change. During his marriage to Penny Allen, a mediation expert, he often spoke of his happy family life (he and Miss Allen had four children) in rural Oxfordshire.

Now he has left the shires to live in Annalena's McAfee's pad in Primrose Hill, North London. She won respect for battling through a cancer scare ten years ago. The relationship also signifies a radical change for her: before falling for McEwan's literary charm, she dated an actor who plays one of the hard-nosed Mitchell brothers in *EastEnders* — lads more used to hanging out under car bonnets than in the Groucho Club.



Blushing groom: McEwan

Arriving at a restaurant earlier this week, the actor Sylvester Stallone, who has savaged the *Times* for flashbulbs but by snappers bearing notices reading "We are photographers, not assassins!" All efforts to pose were in vain: they simply refused to take his picture.

State's man

SHOULD Wee Willie Hague manage to produce an heir, his son would be a remarkable human being — the first child of a Tory leader in a thousand years to attend a state school.

I went to a state school and I would certainly do the same with my own family," he tells me. "There are very many outstanding state schools."

Tory image works are clearly determined to make Wee Willie appear even more ordinary than he already does (remember the rum punch at the Notting Hill Carnival in that open-necked shirt?)

The patter of tiny Tory feet is usually accompanied by the swish of a housemaster's cane. Margaret Thatcher sent little Mark to Harrow and Carol to St Paul's. Even

to come from the same drawer. But 12 years of living near Miss Black in the village of Denham were enough for Daniels, who has decided to pack up his conjuring-box and move to Berkshire.

"I saw very little of Cilla and never liked her," he says. "She only lived three doors away but she never took part in the local community. She's a strange woman."

Miss Black's remaining neighbours, who include the actor Sir John Mills and the musician Mike Oldfield, might be interested to hear that our Cilla has gone abroad for a while. Ta-ra, chuck.

• *Felsham church, Suffolk*, was this week sued after one of its trees crushed the garden of a neighbour, who alleged negligence. The church's unsuccessful defence? It was an "act of God".

Not a lot

JUST good enemies seems to be the state of neighbourly relations among the sun-lounger set in Buckinghamshire. Cilla Black, the *Blind Date* presenter, has a difficult relationship with her neighbour, the magician Paul Daniels. Odd, really, as both would seem

to the demise of his sister column after the death of Jeffrey Bernard. But Frank Johnson, Editor of *The Spectator*, says it is a false alarm. "He will carry on, he is just a bit down. Contrary to popular belief, he is quite a modest man."

• Ever the opportunist in conference season, Tony Blair will follow his Brighton victory parade with a flight to Moscow, nearly timed to coincide with the Tory gathering in Blackpool. Our leader guesses that pictures of him downing shots



DIANA'S DAY

A permanent memorial is needed for the pilgrims

Ten days ago, we quoted Auden's words: "Let the mourners come." They are still coming. The streets and gardens around Kensington Palace are choked with pilgrims. They come to pray or weep for Diana and her children, to bring thank-offerings for her life and works, or to purge some private grief. Some, too, come just to be part of a great mass happening. Meanwhile, transport and parks authorities struggle to cope with the invasion of the pious and the curious. Even the removal of flowers and messages has had to be essayed with the utmost sensitivity. Old traditions are stirring; perhaps not since the Reformation has Britain witnessed such a pilgrimage, amid scenes that might have been familiar to Chaucer but seem strange to many now.

As the Chancellor of the Exchequer and his committee set about the task of commemorating the Princess one thing is clear. Those who are devoted to Diana need a shrine, one less makeshift than the gates or grounds of Althorp and of the royal palaces. A permanent place of pilgrimage must be established before this unsatisfied hunger turns veneration to acrimony.

London should have a secular monument; it might be sculptural or architectural, or (like the Albert Memorial) both. Kensington Gardens is the obvious site for it, though much depends on the scale and the design. Just as her funeral succeeded in fusing ancient and modern words, classical and popular music, so it should be possible for the nation's talents to create a monument that captures something of the lady's elegance and grace. A public competition should be held, perhaps involving the Prince of Wales. If Gordon Brown were reluctant to allow the Exchequer to pay, the cost could be met jointly from the Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial Fund and from public subscription.

There may also have to be a more discreet memorial at or near Althorp which, unlike Diana's island grave, would be open all year round. Such a memorial would be best placed in Great Brington Church, where the rest of the Spencers lie, or in its churchyard. If that is not possible, Earl Spencer should give some thought to erecting a chapel of remembrance in the vicinity of Althorp. If it were beyond his means, the memorial fund might contribute. The running costs could be paid out of voluntary contributions, perhaps subsidised by the greatly enlarged revenues which the public can be expected to pay at Althorp itself. The chapel ought to be a "holy place, at once accessible and ecumenical, to reflect the fact that her devotes come from all faiths and none."

Diana should be commemorated in time as well as space. One of the best proposals so far is that of creating a new Bank Holiday or perhaps renaming an existing one in Diana's honour. The obvious date would be her birthday on July 1, or the nearest Monday. New Bank Holidays are a macroeconomic luxury, however, and the present Iron Chancellor might veto it. In that case, moving one of the two existing May Bank Holidays to July would have much to recommend it. Some trade unionists and others on the Left would object to the abolition of the May Day holiday, so the Government might prefer to avoid unseemly controversy by moving the other May holiday instead.

Whatever Mr Brown's solution turns out to be, the idea of Diana Day is attractively festive, and not without precedent. On November 17, Elizabeth I's accession day, glasses were raised in memory of Good Queen Bess for decades after her death. Just so should the nation toast the Princess on a bright July day for many years to come.

THE MINE TREATY

The painful journey to a world without landmines

Halfway through the three-week conference in Oslo negotiating an international landmine ban, the Canadians have good reason to be satisfied. The death of Diana, Princess of Wales, has galvanised world opinion in support for a permanent prohibition on the manufacture, sale or use of any anti-personnel landmine, including even those that self-destruct. Lloyd Axworthy, the Canadian Foreign Minister and leading crusader for a world ban, has arrived in Britain from Oslo, and can see for himself how the Princess's campaign has influenced public and government views. More than 100 countries are represented in Oslo, and virtually all are ready to subscribe to the Ottawa principles.

There is one critical exception. America is still demanding the right to maintain mines along the South Korean border to deter an invasion by communist North Korea, one of the world's most unpredictable regimes. President Clinton, bowing to public opinion, not least in the United Kingdom, has promised that he will sign the treaty. But the Pentagon wants to postpone destruction of its stocks in Korea indefinitely. Mr Axworthy, to his credit, is entertaining no exception: any geographic or strategic exception would negate the force of a treaty, he argues, and lessen the chances of persuading countries and armies still relying on landmines to change their position.

Strategists have pointed to flaws in the American argument: if any North Korean assault were armour-led, it would be accompanied by mechanised mine-clearing devices against which anti-personnel mines are of no effect. And in more difficult terrain the North Koreans would use "human wave" tactics in which mine casualties would be simply disregarded. America may well change its stance in the coming week; if not,

it has until December to accede to the treaty due for signature on September 19. Washington may not want to pass up the chance to make amendment or be seen as a laggard in the wake of its northern neighbour.

Finland is one country not represented at Oslo: though geography and the Cold War explain such former reliance on mines. More seriously, Russia, China, Pakistan, India and Israel are also absent. The treaty relies on the renunciation of mines by user countries, and a world ban may carry some weight in the sub-continent and Russia. But equally important is the prohibition on the manufacture of these deadly weapons, now deployed in some 60 countries and still killing or maiming about 500 people each week.

China is by far the largest manufacturer, and the main market nowadays is not government but guerrilla groups and militias fighting in the mountains of Afghanistan or jungles of Cambodia. As long as a steady supply is available, insurgents and separatists will continue to sow these cheap instruments of mutilation and death.

Western strategists are already looking at alternatives to mines. Spy satellites and drones could monitor frontiers, and air-blast bombs could be as deadly a deterrent to aggression. But a comprehensive landmine ban would not end the killing of non-combatants. Estimates put the number of mines already deployed at up to 300 million; in countries such as Angola, Afghanistan and Cambodia farmers and children will be victims for years to come. Some clearance has begun, notably in Kuwait and Bosnia. But even in Egypt the desert is still deadly, and there is virtually no money to make it safe. The Ottawa process cannot stop with a treaty.

SICKLY SWEET

A sweetshop is the first place where children control their lives

If Mars contains intelligent life, then it is well disguised. Certainly contact with this chocolate and toffee planet is taking place at an enormous distance from normal childhood on Earth. As we report today, the Mars confectionery empire is expected to rename its old favourite Opal Fruits. The fruity, chewy sweet will be known as "Star Bursts" in future.

This decision will allow the company to exploit the same brand name worldwide. It will make economies of scale by standardising a single advertising and sponsorship strategy. It swims with the tide of globalisation. But the marketing moguls do not give a gobstopper or an effervescent sherbet fountain that they are striking a blow against traditional values. To buy sweets is a child's first chance to spend pocket money; a child's first adventure into the world of commerce. And children remain conservative about the sweet poetry of their childhood names.

This is not the first time that the men from Mars have displayed soulless tendencies. A few years ago Marathon—the chocolate bar packed full of peanuts—was renamed Snickers for standardisation. The contrast of nomenclature was an oxymoron. The epithet Marathon suggested heroism in battle and on the running-track, even the birth of civilization when honey was the only sweet. Marathon was a name with legs. Whereas Snickers, which is recorded in no dictionary, has no poetry, except possibly to assist in the

composition of juvenile limericks. Now the poor Opal Fruit is to suffer the same indignity. The name may not be quite classical, but it still conjures up images of beauty. It does actually, if not entirely accurately, describe an attribute of the product. For the sweet has iridescent colours, even if the gemstone would be hard on the teeth. Star Bursts, on the other hand, is a completely artificial construction. It sounds like a television talent competition.

The Slough-based sweet superpower would be unwise to treat the sensitivities of its customers so lightly. Ask an adult about Snickers and all you will receive is a look of Trivial Pursuit bemusement. Mention Smarties, however, and a sentimental conversation will follow. Such preferences are transferred across the generations. Mars executives may find in this case that they have bitten off more than they can chew.

If Mars continues with these tactics it will put itself out of business. In North America the Mars Bar does not exist but the company retails a very similar product. This is called Milky Way, which is somewhat different from the variety we know in Britain.

According to its current fiendish plans, the corporation should logically axe the Mars Bar and then rename itself Milky Way Limited, Slough. Mars plc was founded 65 years ago but its marketing men have chosen to act more like impudent teenagers than pensioners. Are these people off their

'Reality' of West Bank occupation

From Mr John Rowe

Sir, As a recent visitor to the occupied West Bank, I was concerned to read in your leading article ("Under siege", September 8) that "The Palestinian leader has been too ambiguous for too long in his approach towards the extremists". Expecting Arafat to "decommission" terrorism within the territory he controls" — a feat not yet achieved even by the British Government in Northern Ireland — merely obscures the uncomfortable reality that Hamas has flourished under the conditions of mass pauperisation and injustice which Israel has imposed on the territories.

Hamas is a highly professional and discreet organisation; there are no easy targets on the West Bank. Another programme of the extra-judicial murder, arbitrary arrest and detention of terrorist "suspects" and ordinary Palestinians on the scale currently being called for by the Israeli Government will not result in the peace with security promised by Mr Netanyahu, regardless of whether the clampdown is carried out by the IDF or Arafat's private army.

You laid much emphasis on Israel's "agony" in the Lebanon and its right to security; no mention was made of the no less valid rights of Palestinians and Lebanese civilians. Given the carnage wreaked in Lebanon over the years by the Israeli Army and Air Force, and the continuing abuse of human rights in the occupied territories, this seems fundamentally unjust.

Justice, not collective reprisal and further repression, is the only long-term basis for security; until Israelis accept this and the facts of the occupation Madeleine Albright is wasting her time.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN ROWE,
10 Station Road, Parbold, Lancashire.
September 10.

Blair and the unions

From Mr Peter Wood

Sir, It is unfortunate that the Prime Minister's address to the TUC (reports and leading article, September 10) should lean so insistently on such an inadequate notion as "the real world", especially when he insisted that "influence with this Government and with me is not determined by anything other than the persuasiveness of your arguments". David Paton of the Fire Brigades Union saw not persuasiveness but threat.

Even if that is putting it too strongly, Mr Blair was certainly not relying on a persuasive argument to convince the unions, rather the well-developed, inhumane — mark my rhetoric to which the Archbishop's much-reviled but careful address ("Brothers berate Carey over brethren", Business, September 10) was a useful corrective.

To agree broadly with Mr Blair is not to endorse the terrible conceit of modern enlightenment which animates his message.

Yours faithfully,
PETER WOOD,
Newbold Farm,
Dunstbourne Abbots,
Cirencester, Gloucestershire.
je2@btconnect.com
September 10.

From the General Secretary of the TUC

Sir, May I clarify your report ("Anger at privatisation by back door", September 11) of the TUC's debate on the Private Finance Initiative.

Two motions were presented to Congress for discussion. The first said that the PFI should not be relied upon to underpin the renewal of public services. It did not rule out all forms of public/private partnerships. This motion was carried unanimously. The second motion was opposed in principle to PFI and any private investment in public services. The General Council recommended that Congress should oppose rejecting PFI in principle, and it was defeated following a "catch-all" closing sentence.

The discussion was certainly lively and real concern was expressed about the operation of the PFI, particularly in the National Health Service. However, Congress did not agree to oppose PFI in principle or to "mount a challenge" to PFI in all circumstances.

Yours sincerely,
JOHN MONKS,
General Secretary, TUC,
As from Congress House,
Great Russell Street, WC1.
September 11.

Business letters, page 27

Fate of the Battersbys

From Mrs Brenda Hoatson

Sir, You report today that Jack Straw has announced tough new measures to deal with neighbourhood bullies. Is this the only way we can get the message through to *Coronation Street's* producer that the neighbours from hell (letters, September 2 and 9) are not wanted?

If he wants realism, let the residents call in the police and find out how tough these measures really are.

Yours faithfully,
BRENDA HOATSON,
56 Meadow, Liverpool 15.
bhoatson@clara.net
September 10.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Banana ban threat in the Caribbean

From Mr Christopher Booker

Sir, Your Brussels correspondent is right (report, September 9) to highlight the very alarming threat now hanging over various small Caribbean islands if the World Trade Organisation confirms its proposed ban on the preferential arrangements whereby they can export their bananas to Europe. But the plight of former British islands like Dominica and St Lucia should not be confused with that of former French colonies.

As

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departements

of

France

, islands such as Martinique and Guadeloupe are part of the European Union. This means that not only will they be able to continue exporting their bananas to Europe, but under the common agricultural policy will continue to be subsidised by EU taxpayers.

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NEWS

IRA threatens peace talks

The IRA threw the peace process into turmoil by disavowing the so-called Mitchell principles of democracy and non-violence to which its political wing, Sinn Fein, had solemnly committed itself on Tuesday.

It also ruled out any disarmament during the peace negotiations due to begin on Monday and rejected the principle of consent whereby a majority would have to approve any constitutional change.

Pages 1, 2

Gas bills drop for early payers

British Gas is to cut bills for prompt payers by up to £50 a year from January as competition within the industry intensifies. But customers who pay in advance through meters will receive no benefit. Centrica said that it had been able to cut prices because of lower costs.

Page 1

Kenya tourist raid

A bus carrying British tourists had to escape from a Kenyan beach after a band of armed raiders launched an attack. One Kenyan was killed and two were wounded.

Page 1

Alimony on toast

A glamorous wife who has been the toast of New York is demanding that the divorce court makes sure she has the money to make toast.

Page 3

Arms dealer trial

A British arms dealer charged with the capital offence of "waging war against India" was given a trial date after spending nearly two years in jail.

Page 4

Charity fears

A charity whose patron is the Duke of Edinburgh said that the flood of public donations to the Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial Fund would do "deep and lasting" damage to other charities by diverting money away.

Page 6

Right teamwork

Football clubs should follow big business and use psychological profiling to ensure that they get the right man, the British Association was told.

Page 7

Eagle's delight

Angela Eagle, the junior minister who has come out as a lesbian, said that she had been delighted by the "incredibly positive" response to her decision.

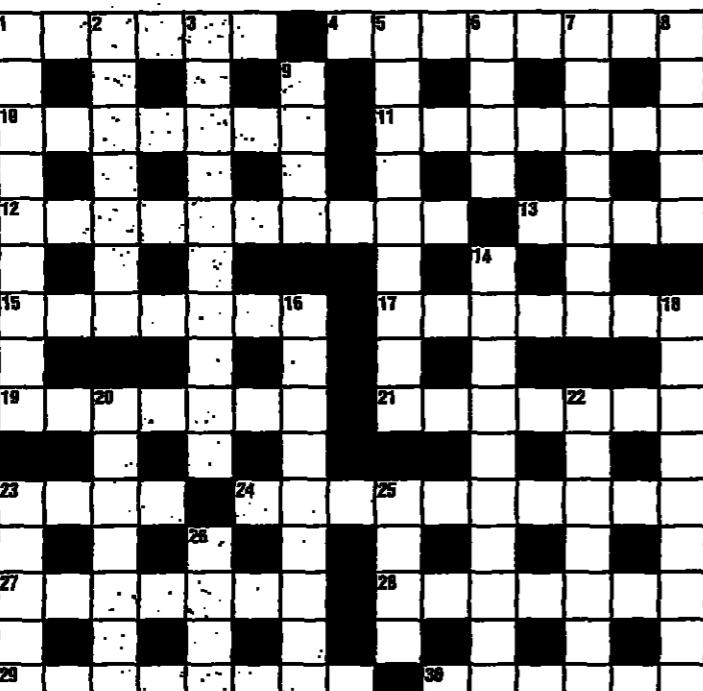
Page 8

Made to make your wallet water

Opal Fruits, the sweets that are "made to make your mouth water", have fallen victim to globalisation and are to be renamed as Starburst, the brand they are sold under in the US. Mars was somewhat coy about its plans but admitted that from November it would be introducing the Starburst name via "an on-pack flash" alongside the existing name.

Page 1

THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,583



ACROSS

- So unlike the minister, backing collective (6).
- Rascal, a wagish type found here (8).
- Throw so-called writer a flower (7).
- Whip boy from part of Spain (7).
- Ulster may depend on this (4-6).
- Oldster put in confused state by young beginner? (4).
- Supporter gives team-leader money demanded (7).
- House on the avenue unopened - so we hear from Jack (5-2).
- Allow in again to study at American university (7).
- Record as present, and reprimand (4-3).
- Quickly write a dance (4).
- Male with unusually wide beard from central region (10).
- Study book with port or with spirit (3-4).

Solution to Puzzle No 20,582

HOODWINK CALICO
B I R E E D E O
M A R G H I N E S S A U N T
L H B P M S T
O V E R C H E S H E A D
H N S N I
C E D E E V I N C I N G
M S S C O E
F A S T N E S S V A R Y
R A H R E S
G R E A T B R I T A I N
Y M O R E F A R
L I M P A C T O F U N I O N
N L R O I O
A G R E E D N E A R S I D E

28 Island that's all right, in a way? Not quite (7).

29 Bear left by New York, returning to this district? (8).

30 Point to person who executed quick work (6).

31 Barman's assistant? (3).

32 Secret lore putting learner among top marks? (7).

33 Lacking any distinction, nevertheless (3-4).

34 Provision for Head in which one's soundly beaten (6).

35 Instrument another's not following initially (4).

36 Statesman taking over command post? (7).

37 Chap conceals new name for strong fabric (5).

38 Young animal appearing to crawl (4).

39 Game with staff that comes to a striking end (10).

40 A decoration being worn in my wedding (9).

41 One composer frequently listened to another (9).

42 The pound he owed was of vital importance (7).

43 Working effectively as an artist in free time (7).

44 Con man who disguised how smooth he was (5).

45 Yarns of the type one might hear from a boxer (4).

46 Journey starts in the river and ends in the creek (4).

Solution to Puzzle No 20,582

Times Two Crossword, page 44



RADIO & TV

Review: Matthew Bond welcomes the resumption of normal "life" in *Casualty* (BBC1), *Taggart* (ITV) and *Equinox* (C4). Preview: *The Practice*, new legal drama (ITV, 9.00pm). Pages 42, 43

OPINION

Diana's day

Diana should be commemorated in time as well as space. One of the best proposals is that of creating a new Bank Holiday or perhaps renaming an existing one. Page 19

The mine treaty

Spy satellites and drones could monitor frontiers, and air-blast bombs could be as deadly a deterrent. But a comprehensive landmine ban would not end the killing of non-combatants. Page 19

Slicky sweet

Mars pic was founded 65 years ago but its marketing men have chosen to act more like impetuous teenagers than pensioners. Are these people off their wrappers? Page 16

COLUMNS

MATTHEW PARRIS

It was within seconds of Archie shouting "crevasse" that the new fall of snow under my feet suddenly gave way. My foot went through. As I tried to right myself, the other foot went through. Now I was up to my chest and the snow under my arms was crumbling in. Page 18

JOHN LLOYD

Russia — weak, poor, uneasily at peace, neither collapsing nor surging ahead — makes little news now. Its political divisions have resumed a Byzantine pattern: men of power struggle viciously in and around the Kremlin for advantage, apparently indifferent to the popular welfare. Page 18

PHILIP HOWARD

A stiff upper lip has become an unfashionable feature, even when it does not just sit above a loose lower jaw. Since it is the lower lip that quivers when Tony Blair is reading the lesson, a stiff upper lip seems a useless appendage. Page 18

THE PAPERS

Accumulating elected offices is one of France's most singular characteristics and among the worst faults of the French political system. Northern European countries eschew this practice and in neither Italy nor Spain do individuals hold so many different elected posts as in France, where one man, Alain Juppé, was recently allowed to be simultaneously head of the Government, mayor of a large city and chief of the majority party.

— *Le Monde*

LETTERS

West Bank; banana ban; Blair and unions; school pets; protocol; Treasury and Church. Page 19

BUSINESS

Digital delay: Consumer electronics manufacturers have expressed concern that delays in placing orders for television set-top boxes could affect the launch of digital terrestrial television.

Football: England's progress to the top of their World Cup qualifying group is vindication of the unflappable stance Glenn Hoddle has taken since the defeat by Italy at Wembley.

Academy dispute: "The crusty old Royal Academy members have painted themselves into a still-life called *Irrelevance, With Fossils*," says Richard Morrison.

Base rate held: The Bank of England's monetary policy committee passed up the opportunity to raise rates for the first time since it took control of interest rate policy in May.

Rugby union: Clive Woodward is to be confirmed as England's coach in succession to Jack Rowell after Bath agreed to his release from a verbal agreement.

Cricket: Glamorgan maintained their pursuit of Kent, the Britannic Assurance Championship leaders, by forcing Essex to follow on at Cardiff.

BAE surprise: British Aerospace must repay more than £300 million of Government loans before the year 2000. The loans helped fund new aircraft launches.

Golf: Severiano Ballesteros produced his best round of the season to share the lead after the first round of the Lancome Trophy with Peter O'Malley.

Young critics: *The Times* prints the best three entries in its Young Critics Competition, held this week at the Junior Prom.

Markets: The FTSE 100 fell 50.4 to 4,854.8. Sterling fell to 99.7 from 99.9, rising to \$1.8880 but falling 1.32 pence to DM2.8449.

Orbit: Mars Global Surveyor's first orbit around the Red Planet.

Pop on Friday: Mariah Carey takes to her bed to be interviewed; Ocean Colour Scene bring out a fine album; and Celine Dion wishes certain pop stars had kept their mouths shut during the events of last weekend.

Charity fears: A charity whose patron is the Duke of Edinburgh said that the flood of public donations to the Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial Fund would do "deep and lasting" damage to other charities by diverting money away.

Right teamwork: Football clubs should follow big business and use psychological profiling to ensure that they get the right man, the British Association was told.

Eagle's delight: Angela Eagle, the junior minister who has come out as a lesbian, said that she had been delighted by the "incredibly positive" response to her decision.

Mir inquiry: President Yeltsin demanded a full inquiry into the series of accidents and malfunctions aboard the Mir space station over the past three months.

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J. M. M. 1997

Revolution is afoot in the City. Yesterday, Guildhall witnessed events which, only months ago, few would have dreamed possible. Democracy, of a sort, may be about to dawn. Gathered together, those who govern the Square Mile apparently took note of the current mood for modernisation of ancient institutions. They accepted that an alderman, once elected, should not stay elected for life. They also agreed that it was no longer appropriate for the existing aldermen to be able to veto the appointment to their ranks of newcomers legitimately chosen by the electorate.

Such changes might sound belated to the citizens of parts of eastern Europe or Africa, but in the high-tech financial centre of the City, they are breath-taking.

For until now the 25 aldermen of the City have fought tenaciously for the continuance of an antiquated system which appears to outsiders to have all the least attractive characteristics of a self-perpetuating cabal. It is less than two years ago that the City battled through the courts to preserve the aldermen's rights to refuse to accept the appointment of a man whom voters, albeit these are an extraordinarily restricted breed in the City, had chosen as their representative.

Not many people of sound mind might wish to have joined the strange club from which the Lord Mayor of London eventually clammers into his fancy

coach, but Malcolm Matson, a millionaire entrepreneur, did. The existing aldermen did not want him, and their cowardly insistence on taking refuge behind their rights not to explain why, raised harsh and unwarranted question marks over the man's character.

It would be cheering to think that the aldermen had agreed to behave differently because they now accept the inequity of their behaviour, but that is not the case. The government of the City is bowing to the need to change because the national Government has demanded it do so. What it is trying to do, without giving up too many of the trappings, is to come up with a formula which will convince Mr Blair that it deserves to continue as a separate local authority.

As part of that process, it also agreed yesterday that it would explore ways of extending the City franchise beyond its current narrow confines, which effectively hands over control of certain wards to a few partners of professional firms.

It now falls to the very capable City bureaucrats to draw up proposals on how these plans might be put into practice. Then there will be a vote at Guildhall.

Focusing to be fashionable

It must be lonely at Tomkins. Only last year the likes of Hanson, BTR and Williams stood proudly in the diversified industrial sector, giving it a strong representation among Britain's leading companies. With Hanson having sold its tobacco, chemical and electricity businesses and moved to build-

ing materials, Williams joining business services and the new "focusing-for-growth" BTR heading to engineering, Greg Hutchings' guns-to-bums group will be the only conglomerate to admit to the tag left in the FTSE 100.

Ian Strachan's decision to end BTR's quarter of a century as a conglomerate at least shows that he had been listening to what the City has been telling him. There may be some carping about the two-stage process. After all, if Strachan knew he was going to slim the group down to half its size and only keep engineering companies, why did he not say all this when he announced the first set of disposals a year ago? And there must be concern that BTR is selling its packaging business — a star performer during the early-1990s. But Strachan always said it would take time to turn the supertanker around. If it turns out that selling packaging now — when it needs heavy investment to re-

ignite its growth — is a mistake, then it will be the City's fault as much as Strachan's. You could hardly imagine him asking for a couple of billion to invest in packaging given the City's belief that BTR has no strategy.

But Strachan, like Sir Nigel Rudd at Williams, has answered the clarion call for focus that has rung louder and louder, like an electronic alarm clock, during the last five years. The diversified industrial sector has so underperformed the market that it is no wonder its stalwarts are heading for the hills. Yet the idea that the conglomerate is dead is plainly wrong. Look at General Electric, Hutchison Whampoa or, dare we say it, Granada. After all, what is a company that has television, hotels and rentals if it is not a conglomerate? The idea that a good management should be able to turn its skills to business areas not directly in its own sphere has not died. It is just that many of the stars who made

conglomerates fashionable in the 1980s ran out of ideas in the 1990s.

The Owen Greens and James Hansons of the millennium are out there. Focus is fashionable now, but the real issue is management. Managers lead. And Strachan has yet to show that he is anything but a dedicated follower of fashion.

Japan Inc sinking in red ink

Asia's worst economic problem is now Japan. The industrial superpower's recession was supposed to yield a respectable 1.9 per cent rate of growth in 1997-98. That in turn was supposed to allow deficit finance to be run down at last and short-term interest rates edged up to support the yen and keep America sweet.

Instead, it is all going in reverse. A rise in consumption tax from 3 per cent to 5 per cent, appropriately brought in on April 1, produced a mini spire in advance, followed by mass desperation of stores since.

Total output fell 2.9 per cent in the April to June quarter, reversing 1.4 per cent growth in

January to March. To meet official forecasts, growth would have to average 2.1 per cent in each of the next three quarters.

The only way this could happen is if growth is export-led, like the old days. And that means sales to North America and Europe. Japan now faces markets shrinking in Malaysia, South Korea and the other wounded tigers. Political trouble is already resurfacing as trade surpluses grow month by month.

Ten-year bond yields dipped below a lowest-ever 2 per cent at the end of August and share prices measured by the Nikkei index are still sagging at less than half their late 1989 peak. The consequence is that Japan's army of retired people, who rely on the returns on their savings, have no money to spend. Things have become so silly that a rise in interest rates should help to boost consumer spending.

Limelight shunned

THE hefty partnership of Cazenove and Rothschild brought Limelight to the stock market less than a year ago. Since then the kitchens and bathroom group has seen its market value decimated. There were optimistic suggestions that the founder, Stephen Boler, might try to take the group public. Having taken £60 million profits at the time of the float, Mr Boler understandably prefers to enjoy himself elsewhere.

United Biscuits has to digest £31m provision

BY SARAH CUNNINGHAM, RETAIL CORRESPONDENT

UNITED BISCUITS reported sharply lower interim profits yesterday because of costly factory disposals, poor crisp sales in Britain and a "Tazo attack" in Australia.

The company made a £31.5 million provision to cover the cost of disposing of its factory in Hjorring, Denmark, and closing its Broxburn site in West Lothian. No further factory sales or closures are planned.

As a result of the provision,

pre-tax profit fell from £44.9 million to £13.7 million in the six months to July 12. The company blamed the strong pound for the modest rise in pre-exceptional profit to £45.1 million.

UK sales of its crisps were disappointing in the first half. Combined crisp and snack sales fell 4 per cent, with own-label crisps doing particularly badly. Sales of snacks such as Hula Hoops and Skips and KP nuts were all ahead.

John Warren, finance director, said: "The crisp business is being looked at very carefully." New management has been put in place, but disposal of the business is not actively considered, he said. Disposals of any poorly performing divisions that fail to improve are not ruled out, however.

In Australia, the group continued to feel the impact of an 18-month-long "Tazo attack" by PepsiCo of the US. The popularity of the collectable plastic discs placed in snack packets by PepsiCo hit sales of United Biscuits products, which control over 50 per cent of the Australian market.

Eric Nicoli, chief executive, said that the group's "robust" response — putting alternative plastic toys into United Biscuits packets — had been extremely expensive. "The cost is higher than we anticipated, but we're confident we're doing the right thing," he said. He declined to say exactly how much it had cost the company.

He added that PepsiCo had now given up its Tazo campaign in Australia, and United Biscuits would soon join it by dropping its inclusion of plastic toys in snack packets. The "Tazo attack" is the fourth such incident in 15 years he said. Before Australia, a similar campaign was launched in the Benelux countries.

Elsewhere in Asia, sales grew, with China ahead by 17 per cent. In Britain, sales of the Linda McCartney frozen vegetarian foods were strongly ahead, although frozen and chilled food sales altogether were down 6 per cent. The company said that McVitie's Go Ahead! low fat snacks were selling well after what it called UBI's most successful ever new product launch.

The company is maintaining its interim dividend at 3.5p on pre-exceptional earnings per share of 6.2p (5.9p). Earnings per share were down 15 per cent to 3.4p; the dividend stays at 3.7p.



Alliance: bought shares

Coats Viyella sees decline across clothing divisions

BY JENNIFER HANAWALD

A POOR performance from Jaeger, contract clothing and other divisions pushed profits down at the Coats Viyella textiles group in the first half and triggered an 11 per cent drop in its share price.

Kirk Stephenson, finance director, said investors will have to wait until the year end to hear the results of a strategic review initiated by Michael Ost, chief executive.

Disappointment over an 11 per cent drop in pre-tax profit to £41.5 million and lack of news on future direction led to profit forecast downgrades from about £140 million for the full year to between £90 million and £100 million. The shares fell 13p to 108p.

Sir David Alliance, chairman, took the dip in the share price as a buying opportunity, adding a quarter of a million shares to his holdings.

"We are echoing the same themes we articulated in May," Mr Stephenson said. "Some areas are better than last year, others are worse."

Contract clothing incurred an operating loss of £8 million (£2.4 million loss). Restructuring begun last year continued to disrupt production in the hosiery

and women's wear divisions. Good sales growth in Marks & Spencer lines failed to offset the losses.

Fashion retail and branded clothing made £3.5 million (£9.2 million) after an unpopular Jaeger spring range and weakness in Berharts' Russian business.

Thread, which accounts for almost half of turnover, made £4.6 million (£48.6 million). Currency translation from overseas units wiped £4.6 million off profits.

Earnings per share were down 15 per cent to 3.4p; the dividend stays at 3.7p.



Alliance: bought shares

THE TIMES

OUTSIDER TRADING

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CHANGING TIMES

Booker hit by strong pound and weak price of salmon

BY ERIC REGULY

CHEAP salmon prices and the expensive pound pushed down profits at Booker, the food processor and distributor. It said that the strength of sterling would continue to put pressure on earnings.

The price of salmon plunged early this year when the Norwegians dumped huge quantities of the fish on the market.

The European Commission later intervened by putting a minimum price on salmon. But Booker said that the effect of the minimum price, which was set in ecus, "has been completely negated by the

appreciation of the pound". Booker also said that high feed prices had damaged profits at its American poultry operations, Arbor Acres Farm Group and Nicholas Turkey, Charles Bowen, chief executive, said: "Our chicken products are improving steadily, but we expect it will be several years before we can re-establish ourselves as the clear market leader."

Pre-tax profits fell 47 per cent to £17.2 million, in the 24 weeks to June 14, on turnover that climbed 35 per cent to £2.35 billion. The rise was largely due to the purchase

last year of Nurdin & Peacock, the food wholesaler.

Earnings per share were halved to 4.1p. The interim dividend rises 2.5 per cent to 8.3p. Booker said full-year profits will fall by about £7 million if sterling's value remains unchanged.

Brokers said the results were in line with expectations and that the shares, which fell 29.1p to 28.71p, were hit by the comments on the currency problems. Mr Bowen said he was confident that Booker could achieve the City profit estimates of 34p to 38p a share in 1998.

The "Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Public Limited Company

Interim Dividend 1997

Notice is hereby given that a balance of the Register will be struck on Friday, 3rd October, 1997 for the preparation of warrants for an Interim dividend for the year 1997 of 5.1p per 25p Ordinary share payable on Monday, 3rd November, 1997.

For transferees to receive this dividend, their transfers must be lodged with the Company's Registrar—Lloyds Bank Registrars, The Causeway, Worthing, West Sussex BN99 6DA, not later than 3pm on 3rd October, 1997.

Share Warrants to Bearer

The Coupon to be presented for the above dividend will be No. 199 which must be deposited at Lloyds Bank Registrars, Receiving Bank Services, Ground Floor, P.O. Box 1000, Antholin House, 71 Queen Street, London EC4N 1SL (not later than 3rd October, 1997) or may be surrendered through Messieurs Lazard Frères et Cie, 121 boulevard Haussmann, 75382, Paris Cedex 08.

By Order of the Board
Miss J.E. Munsiff
Secretary

Shell Centre,
London SE1 7NA
11th September, 1997

STOCK MARKET

MICHAEL CEARNS

Investors caught cold by Wall Street wobble



Sir Richard Evans, left, chief executive, and Richard Lapthorne, finance director, of BAE, off 45p yesterday

SHARE PRICES in London closed at their low point of the session as New York extended Wednesday's 132-point fall in early trading last night.

Wall Street's wobble caught investors round the world on the hop, prompting sharp falls overnight in Tokyo and Hong Kong. At the close of business in London, the Dow Jones industrial average had lost a further 128 points on US worries about third-quarter corporate earnings due soon.

In the event, the FTSE 100 index suffered a steady decline to close 50.4 down at 4,854.8. The decision to peg interest rates at 7 per cent brought little comfort. Instead investors focused on a mixed bag of domestic trading statements from a long list of blue chip companies.

An upbeat statement on future prospects lifted BTR 15p to 234p as US buyers came in. Turnover reached 66.5 million shares making it the heaviest traded stock as well as making up a large percentage of the total 71.7 million shares to change hands. Elsewhere, trading statements left British Aerospace 45p off at 151.10p, Rio Tinto 29p at 99p, Centrica 24p at 87p, Booker 29p at 287p, Coats Viyella 15p at 108p and Vickers 111p at 193p.

The repercussions from the Wall Street sell-off touched companies traded in London with big interests in the Far East. HSBC tumbled 69p to E19.12 under a fresh wave of selling, while Standard Chartered dipped 12p to 787p, and Invesco slipped 1p to 270p ahead of figures next week.

NatWest Bank rose 10p to 834p on suggestions that the group is close to selling its investment banking arm NatWest Markets.

It was the morning after the night before for companies promoted this week to the FTSE 100 index. Norwich Union fell 13p to 327.5p as Charterhouse Tilney, the broker, came out with a "sell" recommendation. It says the group's rating is higher than Prudential, down 6p to 629p, and that is unjustified. Woolwich slipped 3p to 315p after being promoted along with Williams 9p to 350p, and Billiton 3p to 244p.

Those being relegated also came under selling pressure. Burnham Castrol was left nursing a fall of 22p at 110.70p, while Hanson was off lighter at 308p, Imperial

did the business. Tomkins, 4p off at 321p, has also bought back 1 million of its own shares at 317p.

Rank Group, 1p lighter at 349p, has bought back a further 6 million shares at 350p from BZW and NatWest Securities. Caradon firmed 2p to 190.1p as it bought back 1.27 million of its own shares at 190.4p. Cazenove, the broker,

for its new Series 5 outweigh short-term problems.

UBS, the broker, has been appointed the "shop" to Waste Recycling. Its first task yesterday was to help to place 13.2 million shares with various institutions at 260p. The proceeds of £34.4 million will go towards financing the acquisition of Finstop, the Yorkshire-based landfill business for £14.5 million, and its debts of up to £13.2 million. Waste Recycling closed 9p lower, at 278.5p.

Birmingham City was steady at 52p after splashing out its £1.5 million on John McCarthy, the Port Vale winger.

Pitard dropped 9p to 83.2p after warning that the strong pound and turbulence in Asian markets would make a dent in second-half profits.

The company exports 60 per cent of its output.

Trading conditions are looking brighter at Sidlaw, up 6.2p at 87p. The flexible packaging group says that profits for the year will be ahead of expectations, with the pick-up seen in the first half carrying on through to the second.

It was good news all round for Jackson Group, with the price adding 11.2p to 49.2p. The building and construction group has received a bid approach and says its trading position has improved.

Biocompatibles International showed signs of bottoming out after this week's disastrous performance. The shares closed 25p better at 57.5p but remain 56.7p down on the week. It follows the decision of Johnson & Johnson, the US group, not to license its surgical equipment-coating product. By the close almost 1.5 million shares had changed hands.

□ **GILT-EDGED:** The London bond market outperformed rival continental markets although the decision to peg interest rates at 7 per cent made only minimal positive impact. In the futures pit, the December series of the Long Gilt rose 4s, to E1015/16, as a total of 37,000 contracts were completed. In Jongs, Treasury 8 per cent 2015 was five ticks better at E1015/16, while at the shorter end Treasury 8 per cent 2000 was unchanged at E0249/12.

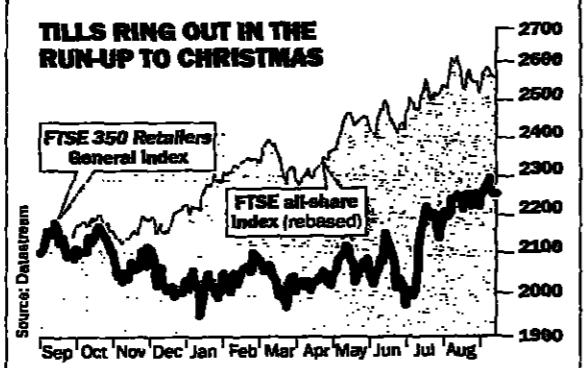
□ **NEW YORK:** Blue chips fell further on continued worries about third-quarter earnings. At midday the Dow Jones industrial average was down 89.66 points, at 1,629.62.

SALES fell 9 per cent at John Lewis last week, as the death of Diana, Princess of Wales, affected the retailers, many of which remained closed on Saturday morning. The British Retail Consortium has confirmed that August was disappointing amid signs that the effect of windfalls is fizzing out. This may be bad in the run-up to Christmas. However, Roy Macauchie at Henderson Croftswaite, the broker, disagrees: "I think it is just a blip." He noted that John Lewis had closed on Saturday for the funeral.

He expects spending to be steady through the autumn. Last year's November Budget deferred spending until the last minute before Christmas.

Consumers remain selective about where they spend their money. Spending has diminished but its not gone away. The windfalls are a built-in confidence factor," he adds.

He expects good performances from Kingfisher, down 8p at 748p, and Next, 8.2p off at 754.5p, ahead of figures next week. Dixons, unmoved at 635p, should also do well.



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ECONOMIC VIEW



ANATOLE KALETSKY

Look to an old theory to explain our golden age

Questions about a 'new paradigm' should be directed to Keynes

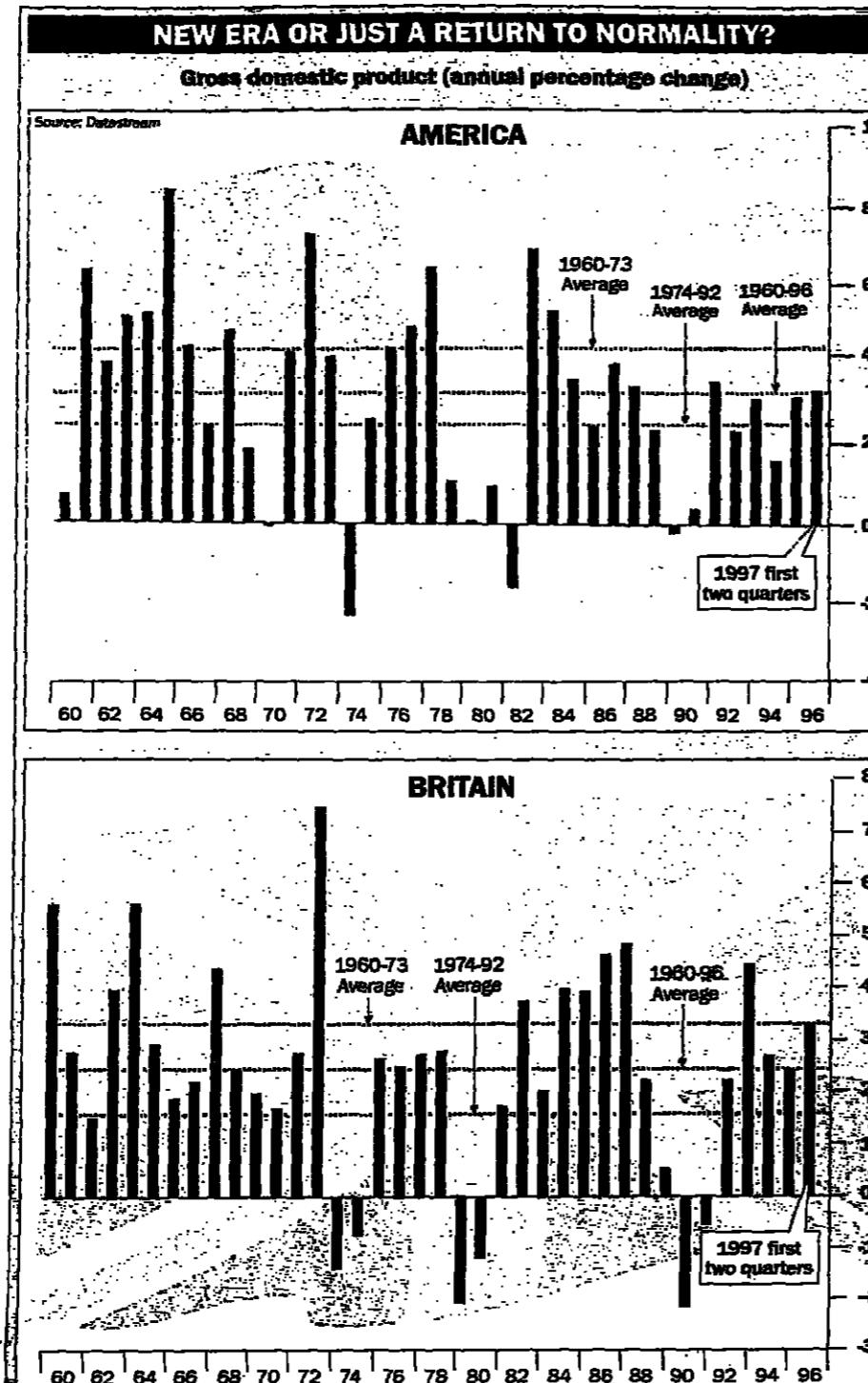
Last week I explained some of the cyclical reasons why the British and American economies both seem so healthy at present. But the fact that both countries are now in what Americans call the "sweet spot" of their economic cycles may not be sufficient to explain the happy combination of low inflation and full employment that they now enjoy. It will certainly cease to be sufficient if this period of prosperity and low inflation continues much longer, as most of the financial portents suggest that it will.

Economists and investors have therefore started to wonder whether some totally new kind of analysis is needed to explain what is going on. The financial markets especially are buzzing with talk of a "new paradigm", to borrow again from the American parlance.

When seasoned observers of human affairs hear financiers enthuse about a new paradigm or a new era, they instinctively reach for their revolvers, or at least get a tight grip on their wallets. In this case, however, such cynicism seems only half-justified.

The first point to note is that new paradigm theories can be divided into two quite separate kinds. One type asserts that the long-term sustainable rate of growth in the American (or British or world) economy has increased because of globalisation, technology or some other exogenous boom. The other type claims nothing about the trend rate of growth, but merely says that economies can now operate at lower levels of unemployment than in the 1970s and 1980s without inflation getting out of control.

The first type of theory — which claims a permanent acceleration in the trend rate of growth — is more exciting, since it implies a permanently faster growth in everyone's standard of living (and also incidentally a permanently higher level of corporate profit growth and therefore of a permanent bull market in shares). The second theory is much more modest. It suggests only that full employment can now be attained without triggering inflation. This limited version of the new paradigm means only a one-off gain to the economy as the jobless are put back to work. Once full employment is reached, as it arguably now has been in America (although clearly not in Britain or Europe) it is back to business as usual: long-run growth of about 2 per cent annually in real incomes, profits and investment — and no particular reason to assume accelerating productivity or a continuing



higher incomes and (through the so-called multiplier) to signs of recovery in domestic demand. Only in Japan, have aggressive demand management policies yielded disappointing results so far — and there the economy was recovering strongly until the Government crushed it with a badly timed tax increase that would have sent Keynes spinning in his grave.

Our Keynesian Rip Van Winkle would therefore see no need for new paradigms in the world economy today. Yet he would be puzzled. The puzzle would not be why demand management was doing so well in America and Britain today. Instead he would ask why Keynesian policy did so badly from the late 1960s onwards that it had to be abandoned, leaving the world to suffer from mass unemployment for 20 years.

This is the question that ought to be the focus of the "new paradigm" debate. Instead of seeking the magic elixir that might explain the mirage of non-inflationary expansion — be it technology, globalisation or even price stability itself — it would be more useful to focus on the pathologies that made full employment unattainable in the previous two decades. For a Briton, the most important of these pathologies was the neanderthal resistance of trade union leaders to modern working practices and adequate levels of profit. In other countries there were other problems — ranging from excessive taxation and public spending to oppressive regulation and social unrest.

What all these pathologies had in common was that they grew out of the prosperity of the 1950s and 1960s. They were by-products of the collapse of social discipline that followed the longest period of full employment and prosperity in history. When wealth creation seemed to become an automatic process, people naturally grew less interested in how further wealth could be created than how it might be shared out. A long era of full employment is bound to encourage such a breakdown of discipline in any democratic market economy, as Michael Kalecki, the great Polish Marxist economist, argued in his prophetic critique of Keynesian policies in 1943.

A Keynesian who fell asleep in the late 1960s and woke today would not be surprised by the present state of the world economy. In America, where the Federal Reserve Board has been operating under a dual mandate to preserve price stability and maximise employment, these objectives have broadly been achieved. In Britain, similar policies were adopted after Black Wednesday and are broadly accepted even by the newly independent Bank of England.

Even the Bundesbank has, since last year, been stimulating demand by cutting interest rates and facilitating a weaker mark. The result has been predictable — a sharp increase in German exports, leading to

stock market boom. To judge by the recent falls in stock markets around the world, investors are just beginning to understand the difference between these two versions of the new paradigm. And the markets are probably right. There is plenty of evidence for the more limited version, which argues that full employment can be maintained without inflation, but there is little reason to believe that the new era of full employment will also be a period of ever-rising profits and accelerating productivity growth.

To explain a permanent acceleration in productivity requires all kinds of bold assumptions about the benefits of new technology and globalisation. But untested theories about a new golden age are not required to explain why full employment has returned. It is quite sufficient to revive some of the most familiar notions of modern economics, namely modern Keynesian theory, also known as the neoclassical synthesis, which was taught in most universities and schools in Britain, America and Japan until the 1980s,

but (significantly) never caught on in Germany. This theory taught that a decent approximation to the admirable goal of permanent full employment could be achieved if the government and central bank actively managed demand by manipulating interest rates, exchange rates and public spending. No country could hope to fine-tune the economy so exactly that the business cycle would be eliminated completely, but the timely and judicious use of monetary and fiscal instruments to manage demand could prevent the long depressions and wild swings between boom and bust that were widely assumed to be inescapable features of capitalism before Keynes came along.

The relevance of this brief historical digression should be clear to anyone who follows the financial news. Hardly a week goes by without the Reuters screens being set ablaze by some new announcement about the timely and judicious use of fiscal and monetary instruments to man-

age demand" in Washington, London, Frankfurt or Tokyo. The Bundesbank still formally denies that it is in the demand management business, but policymakers should be judged by actions, not words.) Instead of seeking a new paradigm, therefore, why not revert to the old paradigm of pragmatic Keynesian economics to explain the present state of affairs?

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Ring changes

I HEAR of an unexpected parting of the ways. For four years Sir Tim Bell has been the public mouthpiece of Lord Lloyd-Webber, whose operators have never been to my taste but who seemed a decent enough chap when his company, the Really Useful Group, was on the stock market back in the 1980s.

Now Lloyd-Webber has hired an extraordinary troika to replace him next month. The three are Peter Brown, former chief executive of Ap-

ple, as in the Beatles rather than computers, silly, and in charge of Lloyd-Webber's publicity in the US for years; Sir Nicholas Lloyd, former editor of *The Express* and Howell James, John Major's political secretary before the election.

Lloyd-Webber tells me: "We wouldn't have moved away from Lowe Bell (Sir Tim's company) were it not for one huge thing. Peter Brown is my oldest friend in the business. When he decided he wanted to set up in London I couldn't really go with him."

No suggestion of penny-pinching: the new team will be paid the same as Lowe Bell, he says. But while the composer may be cementing an old relationship with Brown, who is godfather to his son, another one may be frayed by the move. Sir Nicholas's wife, Eve, is herself godmother to Sir Tim's son.

□ BTR is selling Silvertown, as part of disposals announced yesterday. This was the business after which the conglomerate's sorry, the engineer's, head office, is named, so this will no longer



ready in place to field calls from interested parties. Strangely, BTR's Ian Strachan would not say yesterday who was talking on the job. I am sure the normal beauty parades have been carried out and the work has been awarded on the most competitive terms. But it would be interesting to see how much goes Goldman Sachs's way.

Free bank

SIR BRUCE PATTULLO of the Bank of Scotland may not favour devolution, but separatists were at work there yesterday. A London customer, account in credit, tried to withdraw cash; the machine swallowed her card. Had the annexation of Sassenach funds in Scottish banks begun? I phoned, and the bank blamed "technical problems" with some accounts. Behind, I could just make out a Scottish voice crying "Freedom!"

Bad omen

DENTON HALL, the City lawyer, has announced the winner of the name-the-SIB competition. The City's new regulator is working under the deeply dull acronym of NewRo. The lawyers, in an unusual rush of generosity, of

fered a jumbo of champagne to anyone to think of something more exciting. Alas, they have chosen the even duller "Board of Financial Supervision", submitted by Anita Bhaskar of Daiwa Europe.

My own suggestion came nowhere. The new body will take six months of consultation to set up, another six months to put together and six years before it gets around to doing anything useful: I suggested a rather neat 666 logo and the working name Damjan. For some reason they refused to take me seriously.

MARTIN WALLER

Sir Bruce Pattullo might have a few separatists on his Bank of Scotland staff

Energis flotation puts the seal on spirited recovery

Eric Reguly on how new life was breathed into the Grid's telecoms arm

Energis, the telecoms network owned by the National Grid, has come back from the dead and is headed for a stock market flotation that could make it one of the largest quoted players in the sector. The initial public offering is expected this year and may value the company at £1 billion or more.

Energis' flotation comes less than four years after its launch. The company began life in a blaze of publicity in 1993 and promptly disappeared from view. In the past two years it has received virtually no press coverage and the average consumer has no idea what it does.

Its business concept was brilliant. The problem was the National Grid, whose financial forecasts for Energis could only be described as overly ambitious. It was also clear that the Grid, whose business is running a monopoly electricity transmission network, had little idea how to operate a telecoms company in a highly competitive industry.

The Grid built Europe's most advanced telecoms network in 19 months by slinging high-capacity fibre-optic cables underneath electricity pylons. The 4,700-km network cost only £37 million because no digging was required. As a result it could offer services to business customers at cut-rate prices. The Grid's masters sat back and waited for the cables to hum with activity. They did not.

Energis emerged as just another wholesaler when the country was awash with telecoms capacity. A few high-profile customers were recruited, notably the BBC, which used Energis to send radio and TV signals from studios to the main transmission towers, but they were not enough to fill even a

small fraction of the network's capacity.

As losses piled up, the criticism began. The launch of Energis coincided with the "fat cat" saga, in which the Grid directors played a central role. David Jefferies, the Grid chairman, and his colleagues were accused of wasting money on a business they did not understand.

In an effort to restore confidence, the Grid began hunting for an Energis investor or buyer. The Grid believed a partner would help to shore up Energis' finances, provide customers and perhaps make it part of a pan-European or even global network. AT&T, America's largest long-distance operator, came close to a deal, but the price was too high.

Energis' fortunes began to change early last year when Mike Grabiner, the director of BT's European operations, became chief executive. He came to the conclusion that Energis could never make it as a seller of wholesale telecoms capacity. BT, although more expensive, would always have the advantage.

Under Grabiner, Energis has expanded its services. It is installing a virtual private network for voice communications at Boots and is following up with a data transmission system to connect the chemist's L300

shops. The system allows the head office to monitor sales and adjust orders instantly. Similar systems are being built for Eurostar and Virgin Atlantic booking offices.

In the past year or so, demand for "broadband" capacity has exploded with the rapid rise of Internet services, toll-free 0800 numbers, and high-speed data and video transmission. Increasingly, Energis' network is being called upon to transmit these services. The company now has some 400 customers and expects to report earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation in the current financial year. In the year to March, revenues more than doubled to £97 million. Analysts forecast 25 per cent annual growth, leading to estimated revenues of £1.2 billion within ten years.

The Grid is no longer looking for a buyer for Energis, although a trade sale will not be ruled out until the flotation is officially launched. Under pressure from shareholders, the Grid wants to ensure that Energis' value is reflected in its share price. Raising up to 49 per cent of Energis seems the best way to accomplish this. Dresdner Kleinwort Benson, the Grid's financial adviser, hopes to float Energis by the end of the year.

The company still faces enormous challenges. Lack of direct access to most of its customers is a shortcoming that may turn into an enormous liability. Unless it develops a local access network, it will have to keep paying competitors to transmit signals to and from its own network. In the information age direct access to the customer is considered the route to riches.

BUSINESS LETTERS

Bank's practice may be the reason for late payment

From Mr D. Bonfield

Sir, Your supplement on prompt payment (September 9) suggests slow payers are choosing this route at the expense of their suppliers. Perhaps the reasons for late payments should have been explored.

I put forward the case of my small British manufacturing company as an example. After an excellent relationship with a major bank (Barclays) for many years, a new young and inexperienced bank manager

replaced our existing manager, who was promoted. In what I understand is common practice under these circumstances, he aimed to clear out any lending that was not fully secured and, as a result, our overdraft was removed.

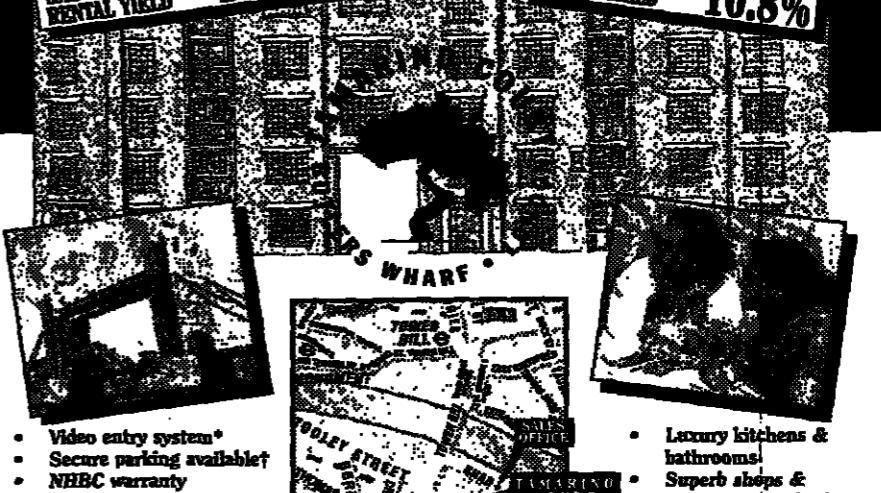
I put forward the case of my small British manufacturing company as an example. After an excellent relationship with a major bank (Barclays) for many years, a new young and inexperienced bank manager

invited you to STEAL A DEAL!

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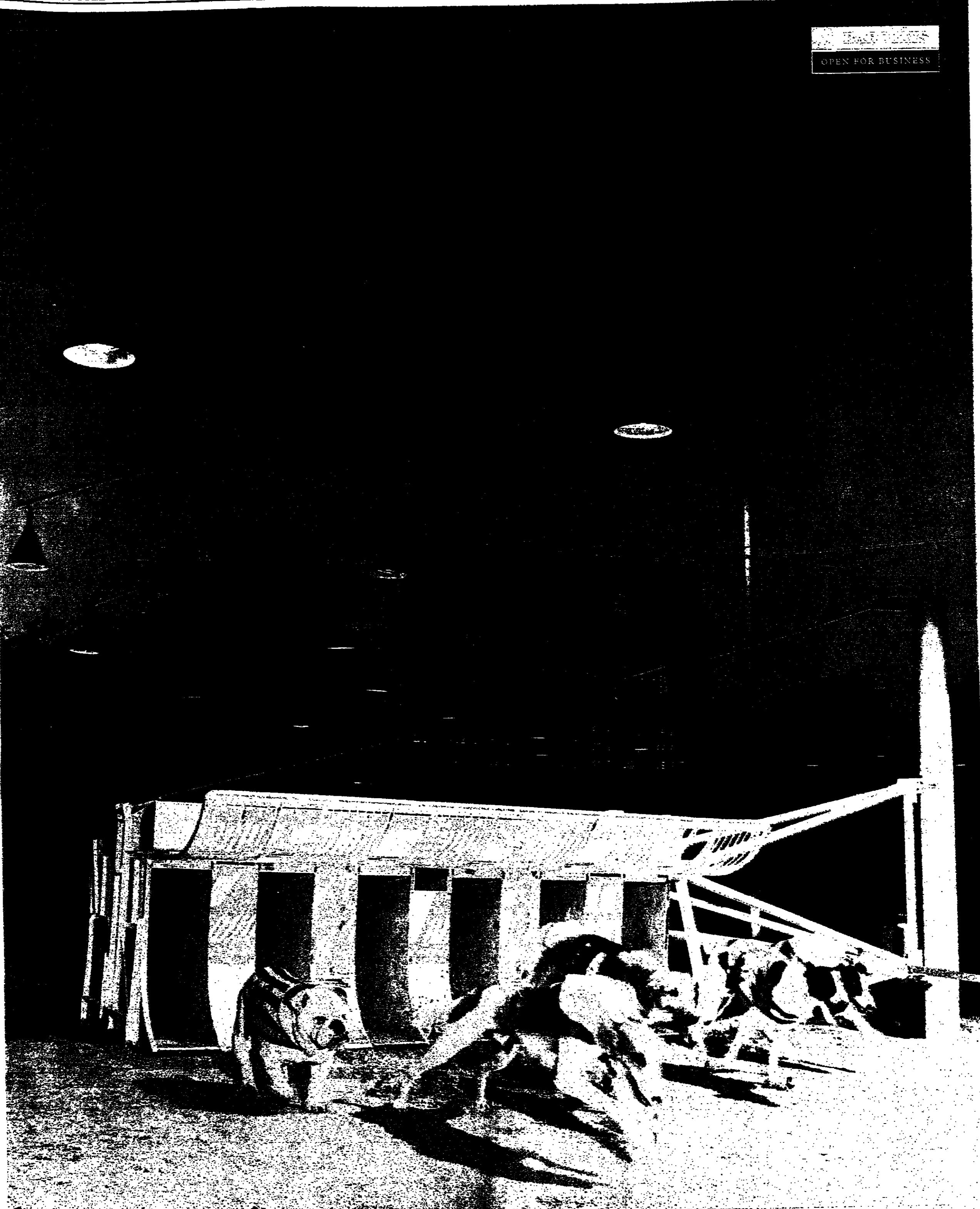
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THE TIMES UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

The clash of tankersized egos jostling for newsprint. Froth and loathing at the Grinu. Limp wrists raised in anger. Handbags at 20 paces. Yes, it's Controversy Time again in the arts. Which usually means that somebody needs to shift a lot of tickets. Welcome to *Sensation*, the lovely new show of guts, gore and genitalia at the Royal Academy.

The exhibition isn't launched until next week but you may feel that you know its contents intimately already. It opens the 220-year-old RA's doors to that endearing clan of sheep-picklin', intestine-gazin', corpse-fondlin', type-spinin' folk known as Young British Artists. And the press is picnicking handsomely on the "outrage" stemming from the Very Old British Artists who, for some reason, see little artistic merit in pickled sharks, severed limbs, enlarged autopsy photographs of bullet wounds, and inflatable dolls with improbably displaced private parts.

For myself, I can take it or leave it. To misquote the late Peter Cook, why should I go to the RA to

experience mutilation, morbidity, perversion and bestiality? I can get all that at home. And I also find it hard to take seriously an art debate conducted between dozens of figures whose combined talent would almost, but not quite, amount to a quarter-power Bacon or a one-per-cent Picasso.

Nevertheless a Great Arts Controversy is always fun, because all the highfalutin' moral and cultural arguments can usually be boiled down to squabbles about money or status. And *Sensation* is a fascinating example, because it brings into conflict three groups with entirely different motives.

In the Red-in-Tooth-and-Claw Corner are the Young Brits, the "Hirsts and worse". Their motive is obvious enough to shock their way to fame and fortune. I have no objection to that, though I wish they would stop telling us how brave they are for "looking death in the face" in their art. What on

earth has the whole of Britain been doing for the past fortnight? And I also wish they would stop sniggering at their prime benefactor, Charles Saatchi, in "off the record" conversations with journalists. If you must slag off your patron, do it like a man: to his face, while ripping up his latest cheque.

Then, in the Arsenic-and-Old-Lace Corner, are the crusty old fops who form a sizeable chunk of the RA membership. It isn't hard to guess their motive either: pure jealousy. They hate the Young Brits because the kids are getting fame and commissions for some pretty dubious art. Perhaps we should sympathise. After all, a portrait of Myra Hindley done with children's handprints does not exactly lift the heart for all its alleged metaphorical power.

But the RA crusties forfeited any right to sympathy long ago. For decades they let the Summer Exhibition dwindle into laughable

mediocrity. Last December their finances were revealed to be in disarray. Modest reforms of their rules (mostly laid down by George III) have been resisted furiously. In short, they have painted themselves into a still-life called *Irrelevance. With Fossils*.

And in the third corner? There stand the RA professionals, notably its secretary David Gordon and its exhibitions secretary Norman Rosenthal. Somehow they have to balance the books and drag the old place into the 21st century. To do the former, they need exhibitions that will have the punters queuing all the way to Piccadilly Circus. Unfortunately, the top crowd-pullers — the continent-hopping Impressionist block-busters — cost millions, and the RA is strapped both for cash and big sponsors.

But on the RA's own doorstep is art that is relatively cheap, head-line-grabbing and bound to attract thousands of curious spectators. Enter pickled shark, enter severed limbs. And if *Sensation* also causes a flurry of resignations among the old crusties, well, that's a bonus for Rosenthal and Gordon. They will be well on the way to dragging the place into the 21st

century as well. You have to admit: as art it might be no great shakes, but as a battle-manceuvre *Sensation* could well be sensational.

Meanwhile, sit back and enjoy what promises to be a cracking row between new Labour's cultural mandarins and the Arts Council of England. The People's Government, itching to put its stamp on arts policy, is getting increasingly irritated by the gentle waft of inertia emanating from the Arts Council. And little wonder. Four months have elapsed since Mary Allen's notorious "transfer" from being the Arts Council's secretary-general to running its biggest client, the Royal Opera House. Yet there is still no successor in sight.

Indeed, so ineptly was the job advertised (briefly in mid-August), and consequently so modest the quality of applicant attracted, that the whole process has been started

again. Meanwhile, Lord Gowrie, the Arts Council's suave chairman, swans round the country on an eccentric tour reading *Basil Bunting* poetry to harpsichord accompaniment — a tour subsidised by an Arts Council grant.

Chris Smith, the Culture Secretary, is mild-mannered to a fault, but even he must be miffed by this rudderless drift. Who is keeping a close eye on all those multi-million-pound lottery projects, for instance, if the Arts Council has nobody at the top to accept responsibility?

I fear that it is time for the noble Gowrie to find another congenial quango to ease him gently towards his free bus pass. If the Government is really committed to taking the arts to the people, the Arts Council needs a leadership that believes in the idea. It also needs an influx of top people untainted by the murky machinations of the past year — and it needs them now. If Chris Smith hasn't got the stomach to tackle that, he might as well put in for his transfer to the Ministry of Paper-Clips before it is forced on him.

Hope and Glory, were something for which nobody could prepare themselves. The atmosphere was electric: jumpers and blazers were thrown, not to mention paper aeroplanes and song sheets. Even the musicians were really enjoying themselves. I hope to be back next year.

CHRISTOPHER BRADISH (12)

Monday was a wonderful sunny day and I felt superb. It had been three hours from Bristol to London, and the birds had finished my lunch in Kensington. It was 15 minutes to the Albert Hall. As I walked in I was amazed. In front of me was the most magnificent building I'd ever seen.

Tony Robinson was full of jokes and got the audience to do the most outrageous actions. Ever tried swimming down a sewage pipe? Robert Poulton, a baritone, had a magnificent voice that echoed round the hall. We all sang *Rule Britannia* so loudly, and everyone was throwing paper aeroplanes. Hilarious!

The orchestra wore different coloured T-shirts so you knew which family they were in. The hall was dark red with gold trimmings. I was sitting right up close to the stage so I had a perfect view. The percussionists seemed to have the most fun, bashing drums and bells, and there was a wonderful glass harmonica which gave off an eerie sound. Perfect for a song called *Aquarium*. It was a most fantastic day.

LUCY SIMMS (10)



Troll with a soul: Antony Sher (centre) gives "an heroically anti-heroic performance" as Cyrano de Bergerac

The nose has it

The Cyranos we have seen in recent years — Keith Michell, Derek Jacobi, Robert Lindsay — have been fine, upstanding fellows with the ill-luck to have been born with over-prominent hooters. Antony Sher is not like that at all. Even if Apollo had donated him his nose at birth, he would still be far from having that Olympian look.

He is a small, squat creature with a bony red beak and black frizz sprouting from the top of his head and most parts of his face. And throughout

Gregory Doran's production he wears the same tattered black jacket, with the hole in the elbow showing what may be fur beneath. At times his Cyrano looks like a throw-back to the stage of evolution when our ancestors had to decide either to be birds or to start swinging from the trees.

Tom Mannion, who played Rostand's hero for the Scots company Communicado a few years ago, had a rough look too. But he took the logical next step, which was to underplay Cyrano's romantic yearnings. Sher does the opp-

osite. He emphasises them, adding hints of an inner fragility. The result is a more paradoxical, more complete character: a troll with soul.

Doran's production runs over three hours, but is not overloaded with scenic effects, and does not seem slow or fussy. On the contrary, his cast kept me rooted to the familiar old tale of the proboscis-challenged poet and soldier who self-denyingly woes and wins his own best beloved for a verbally challenged rival. The admirable Alexandra Gilbreath adds a surprising amount of sly humour to the wide-eyed rapture of the beauteous Roxane. As the handsome Christian, Raymond Coulthard comes across as a gangling Sloane Ranger, as adept at managing his hat as coping with words.

As for Cyrano's comrades-in-arms, they are a loud, crude crowd who take pride in running amok amid the pots and pans of the pastry shop run by Geoffrey Freshwater's amiable Raguenau. They call themselves Gascons but might

almost be a load of Gazzas. And there are moments when only Sher's quick wit and way with language differentiates his Cyrano from them. He is one of the lads.

But what Sher suggests, uniquely in my experience, is that this is the expression of insecurity. He is lonely, bashful, nervous with women. Indeed, there is something unformed, even childlike about the accomplished swordsman and writer. You sense his fear when he wrongly gets the idea that his boyhood playmate, Roxane, may actually fancy him. You can see and hear his relief when he is asked personally to fight 100 men before their meeting. That's a cinch beside embracing her.

Does Sher push the reading too far? One would say so if he were not also capable of growing with a formidable range and, more importantly, injecting a genuine intensity of longing into the love lyrics Cyrano dispatches to Roxane's balcony from the shadows below. Indeed, so much does he put into the role that sweat streams from his face, threatening to detach his nose and send it floating across the stage like an upturned dinghy. Altogether, an heroically anti-heroic performance.

BENEDICT NIGHTINGALE

THE CHILDREN who attended last Monday's Junior Prom, *Wet Wet Wet*, at the Albert Hall were invited by *The Times* to become music critics for the day. The response was overwhelming: hundreds of reviews reached us within 48 hours, all brimming with enthusiasm and great fun to read. Clearly the future of arts journalism is rosy.

Our thanks go to all the teachers and parents who kept the fax wires humming. But chiefly, thanks to the pupils who responded so vividly. Choosing the best reviews was very hard: in the end we selected three that we felt conveyed the most about the concert, irrespective of the writer's age.

So congratulations to Faith Lockier-Marsh of Winchester House School, Brackley; Christopher Bradish of the Bulmershe School, Reading; and Lucy Simms of Badminton Junior School, Bristol. To their schools go bundles of compact discs and concert tickets. Here are the winning reviews:

THE title on the programme I said *Wet Wet Wet*. "Great," I thought, "perhaps this won't be boring after all. Marti Pellow will be there."

Wrong! Tony Robinson was there, though, presenting the programme. And Ronald Corp, the conductor, was certainly not wet. He was jolly and got very involved in the music.

The Thunder and Lightning Polka had to be my favourite, with the large drum thunder-

Rain didn't stop play, or your reviews

Hundreds of youngsters turned into *Times* critics at *Wet Wet Wet*, the Junior Prom held earlier this week

ing around the Albert Hall and my spine. I'll sing you a song of the fish of the sea was wonderful. By rubbing the tops of glasses a musical effect made a marvellous background to the piece.

It was a pity we were tucked away where we could not hear to their best effect all the pieces. However, it was clever how they found so many modern water themes to mix with the older pieces. *Of Man River* stood happily with *Jaws*.

At the end we sang *Rule, Britannia* and *Pomp and Circumstance*, which was still in my head as we passed all the flowers at Kensington Palace for Princess Diana. It seemed as if the flowers and the music went together.

FAITH LOCKER-MARSH (10)

Tony Robinson stepped on to a huge stage, jumping around with his arms aloft. The Albert Hall erupted with

the sound of 6,000 screaming children, ranging from 4 to 14 years of age. I looked down from the balcony and saw a sea of colours from all the uniforms.

John Strauss's *The Blue Danube* was a piece that I recognised. I loved the way it transformed from the beautiful sound of the harp to the bellow of the drum. But *The Skye Boat Song* was probably my favourite, because of the sound of the orchestra and the choir mixing together. It reminded me of my grandma singing me to sleep when I was a baby.

One of the audience's favourites was *The Sorcerer's Apprentice* by Paul Dukas, which featured in the film *Fantasia*. It seemed as if the flowers and the music went together.

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The last few songs, with *Rule, Britannia* and *Land of*

Just some of the names Tom and Felicity will be dropping this month.

Vladimir Ashkenazy

Kevin Bacon

Anne Bancroft

Cecilia Bartoli

Mikhail Baryshnikov

Tony Bennett

Art Blakey

Richard Burton

Darcey Bussell

Tyne Daly

John Dankworth

Placido Domingo

Viviana Durante

Dizzy Gillespie

Bernard Haitink

Nigel Havers

Frankie Howard

BB King

Cleo Laine

Matthew Modine

Luciano Pavarotti

Itzhak Perlman

Vincent Price

Vanessa Redgrave

Keanu Reeves

Diana Rigg

Joan Sutherland

Elizabeth Taylor

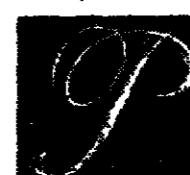
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Humbug in the wind

Elton John aside, pop's tributes to the Princess seem to be rather lacking in sincerity

The grieving process is a strange and misty thing — which of us knows how we will react to the death of someone close until such an event should occur? For instance, I was eight when my grandmother died, and responded by eating a whole meat loaf and then vomiting it out of the landing window on to the shed roof. Between retches, I sang *Yesterday* by the Beatles in a quavering little voice. Until that moment, I had no idea that this would be my chosen method of expressing grief.

As musicians are compelled to express their emotions through their art, so the Elton John song to Princess Diana is an entirely appropriate memorial. He knew her; the song was a teary part of the funeral; the proceeds are going to charity; and it's all been done very tastefully. Elton has acted with decorum. He and decorum haven't tangled much in the past, but then this is one of life's little ironies. A man who, let's face it, has frequently appeared on stage dressed as a picnic has acted with more emotional etiquette in the past week than the whole music industry combined.

For instance, Chris de Burgh was present at the funeral, so one presumes that he knew the Princess. However, was I the only one who felt a little uneasy when he popped up to be interviewed by David Dimbleby an hour later, to tell us about a song he'd written about her? Was I the only one who felt amazed that in a week in which someone he knew had died, he'd found time to film himself singing a said song, and was happy to show the film during the coverage of a state funeral? Because the Princess's death provoked such a fe-



CAITLIN MORAN

know this. The Spice Girls' single is being held back because, naturally, they want it to go to No 1. So why pretend otherwise? And Kylie Minogue's frankly baffling withdrawal of her *Impossible Princess* album — all copies were recalled and renamed, at a cost of tens of thousands of pounds — is also equally bizarre. Does this mean that the use of the word "princess" is now, in some way, emotionally illegal? Surely this would also extend to "Diana" and "Wales" being, in some mad way, banned?

All this overreaction is starting to look like doing something for the sake of being seen to do something. These panicked popstars would do well to read a bit of the Welsh (Oh no! I said Welsh! How *tactless*!) philosopher D.Z. Phillips, who suggested that the only profound response to truly horrific events is silence. If only the one-minute silence was being released as a single...



"I'd rather people judge me on the basis of who I am rather than an image that's half of who I am," says Mariah Carey from the depths of her self-analysis — and hotel pillow

In bed with my career

Mariah Carey's marital breakdown has led to a highly personal album. Paul Sexton meets a determined diva

Because of her separation in May from her husband of four years, record company chief Tommy Mottola, Mariah Carey's 1997 was always going to be seen first and foremost as the Year of the Split. But that does not mean the biggest-selling female artist of the 1990s has been idle on the work front.

Since a million self-satisfied I-told-you-so were triggered by the separation, Carey has made another momentous decision, replacing the manager who had accompanied every step of her unstoppable ascent. She has also completed what she considers to be the most personal of her five studio albums, *Butterfly*, which wait-

ed into British record stores yesterday.

Already it is clear that, for all the personal trauma, Carey still has Midas on the payroll: this week, the album's first single, *Honey*, went straight to No 1 in the American charts, taking her ahead of Whitney Houston and Madonna as the female artist with the most chart-topping singles ever.

Carey is still on fire, or, as *Billboard* magazine was moved to put it, paraphrasing the Notorious B.I.G., "Mo Honey, No Problems". For my audience with

Carey, I was summoned to a room in her London hotel — not her own chambers, it soon became clear, but a boudoir loaned by a member of Team Carey — and was introduced to the chanteuse reclining 'neath the sheets in a skimpy two-piece number. I shook the hand of pop royalty, pondering whether the same faux-intimate location would have been chosen had the interviewer been Mrs Merton.

She is attracted to such settings, it seems, by the fatigue induced by an obsessively hands-on approach to her career. *Butterfly* was completed hazardously close to deadline, and Carey takes responsibility for that. By her admission, she is not at home thinking about how far I'd come, but how I was in so many ways that same little girl always struggling to feel OK about myself.

Aware that every lyric will be dissected for clues about her relationship with Mottola (whom she thanks in the album's liner notes for being here in every way), Carey says she has already had to field some laughable misinterpretations.

"They said my video for *Honey* is my revenge on Tommy because I have an actor in it that people say reminds them of him. They said: She's a princess trapped in a mansion, and she jumps out of the window and goes in the pool and changes clothes."

"But it was a Bond movie spoof. I'm a secret agent, not a princess. It's tongue-in-cheek, but everybody made out like it was my big shot at him. I just wanted to show my personality because I don't think the public has ever seen it. I don't think people even know I can complete a sentence."

She has resumed acting

studies, and the first draft of a movie has just arrived. But whether on the silver screen or through freshly introspective lyrics, she is determined to become known as herself.

"People are going to judge you regardless, so I'd rather people judge me on the basis of who I am rather than an image that's half of who I am."

• *Butterfly* is released by Columbia



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LANCING

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HEAD

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Lancing, the senior school of the Woodard Corporation, is an independent boarding and day school for boys aged 13 - 18 and Sixth Form Girls.

Full details from: Mr I R McNeil, Lancing College, Lancing, West Sussex, BN15 0RW. Telephone: 01273 452213.

Applications with c.v. and names of three referees by Wednesday, 15 October 1997 please.

LANCING COLLEGE, SUSSEX



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- Ability to communicate effectively with a large and varied population of key individuals and diverse interest groups.

If you wish to discuss this post, please contact Paul Robinson on 0181 871 7890.

An information pack and application form are available from the Head of Contracts & Personnel, Education Department, Town Hall, Wandsworth High Street, London SW18 2PU. Tel: 0181 871 7974.

Closing date: 6 October 1997.

Interviews will take place in October.

Visually Impaired applicants requiring job information on tape or in Braille please contact Caroline Dempsey on 0181 871 6963. Hearing Impaired applicants please call our Minicom on 0181 871 6666.

Wandsworth

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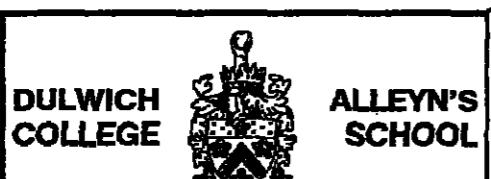
If you are over 25 and have at least 5 years' teaching experience at this level, this is an excellent opportunity to join this new College at the outset. There is a very competitive remuneration package, including relocation expenses, free accommodation on campus, overseas allowance, annual home-leave passage paid, and much more.

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Further particulars are available from the Headmaster's Secretary, Winchester College, College Street, Winchester SO23 9NA. (Tel: 01962 621100 Fax: 01962 621106). Please mark the envelope KMYS/TT. Closing date for applications: 30 September.



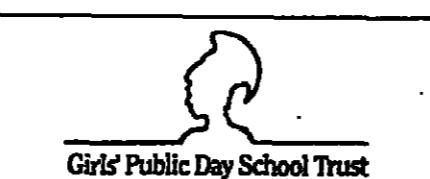
CLERK TO THE GOVERNORS

Applications are invited for the post of Clerk to the Governors which will become vacant in the summer of 1998 on the retirement of Mr R.A. Alexander.

Further details are available from: The Clerk's Secretary, 87 College Road, Dulwich, London SE21 7HH. (Please quote TT/1 when replying)

The closing date for applications is Friday, 10th October, 1997.

Registered Charity Numbers:
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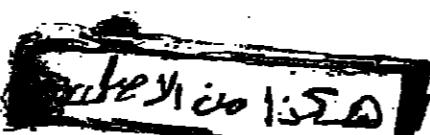
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HEAD

from the 1st September 1998 when the present Headmistress, Mrs Pauline Davies becomes Headmistress of Wycombe Abbey School.

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For full particulars and an application form write to:

The Secretary
The Girls' Public Day School Trust
100 Rochester Row, London SW1P 1JP
Closing date for applications
Friday, 26th September 1997



CHRIST COLLEGE, BRECON

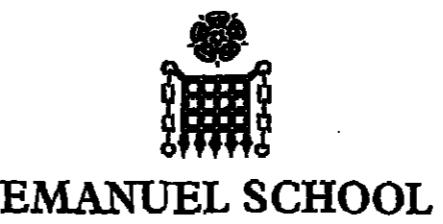
BURSAR

Christ College is an independent HMC school, mainly for boarders, providing a balanced education for boys and girls aged 11-18. The College buildings have evolved around a late twelfth-century nucleus and a major re-development plan to modernise facilities is now underway.

The Governors invite applications for the post of Bursar to be responsible both for financial and administrative management of the College, and for the maintenance and development of its buildings and grounds from April 1998 (or earlier).

Candidates should preferably have successful experience in these fields, be computer literate and be in sympathy with the family ethos of the smaller independent school. Applicants with relevant experience of estate management in a non-academic context are also invited to apply.

Full details and form of application may be obtained from the Headmaster's Secretary, Christ College, Brecon, Powys LD3 8AG (Tel: 01874 623159 Fax: 01874 611478). The closing date for applications is 4th October 1997.



EMANUEL SCHOOL HEAD

The Governors of Emanuel School invite applications for the post of Head which will become vacant on 1 September 1998 on the appointment of Tritram Jones-Parry to the Headship of Westminster School. Founded in 1594, Emanuel is an independent (HMC) day school for 750 boys and girls aged 10 to 18.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Director, United Westminster Schools, 53 Palace Street, Westminster SW1E 5EH (telephone 0171 828 3055). The closing date for applications is 6 October 1997.



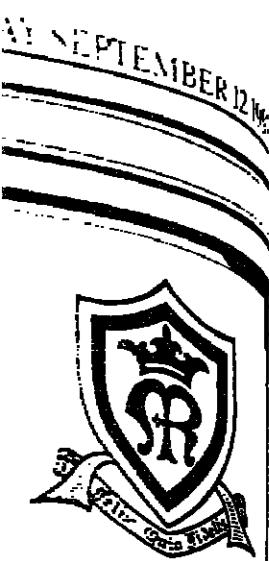
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Hampshire GU32 2DG

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Applications, together with CV's and names, addresses and telephone numbers of three referees, should be submitted by Friday 10 October to Alison Wilcock, Head of Bedales, who will be pleased to supply further details.



EDUCATION

Will fees fill the funding gap?

Paying for tuition may be no guarantee that universities will gain more resources, argues John O'Leary

Universities breathed a collective sigh of relief when the Government agreed to introduce tuition fees in 1998. But when their vice-chancellors meet in Strathclyde next week, they will be as anxious as ever about what ministers term a funding "crisis" in higher education.

Anyone who believed that fees represented an instant solution to the serious financial problems identified by Sir Ron Dearing in July was swiftly disabused this week at a London conference organised by the vice-chancellors. A common fear was that universities would be lucky to see much money from fees this side of the millennium — if ever.

Faced with a funding gap of at least £200 million by 1998/99, vice-chancellors have sought in vain for a signal from ministers that students would derive some benefit from their future sacrifices. Kim Howells, the Minister for Lifelong Learning, passed up an opportunity to reassure them on Tuesday, and the message is certain to be the same next week.

Diana Warwick, chief executive of the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals, had already put down a clear marker for Dr Howells, claiming a "strong consensus" among MPs as well as students and employers, that support for fees was conditional on a net gain for universities. "Tuition fees must result in a better-resourced higher sector. It won't have been worth it otherwise."

Dr Howells again acknowledged that universities faced a short-term crisis, but said he could not pre-judge the Treasury's spending review. While accepting that universities needed the earliest possible indication of how much money they could expect, he gave no hint of a satisfactory resolution in November's Budget.

David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, has guaranteed that universities and colleges will benefit when savings start to flow from the abolition of grants and the introduction of fees. But the Government's commitments and the Treasury's accounting rules make it far from certain when that will be.

The Chancellor's pledge to keep to the Conservatives' spending plans means that extra money will be available officially only in the next century. Unless there is a change of practice by the Treasury, all the additional loans made in place of grants will count as public expenditure, with no allowance made for future repayments.

The problem was foreseen by Sir Ron, who said in his report that the practice was "at variance with the facts" and recommended it be changed to make a realistic allowance for repayment. Nick Barr, an expert in the field at the London School of Economics, says the Treasury rules are unusually strict, internationally, and could be changed within the requirements of the Maastricht treaty.

However it is calculated, much of the projected saving is likely to go into setting up the machinery needed for the new system. That could still leave a potentially disastrous funding gap for many universities over the next two years.

Sir Ron was acutely aware of this, too.



Some vice-chancellors believe that universities will be lucky to see much money from student fees

He emphasised in his foreword the universities' "pressing needs" for more funding in 1998 and 1999, putting their shortfall as high as £900 million by the end of the century.

Bahram Bekhradnia, director of policy at the Higher Education Funding Council for England, was only slightly more sanguine about the sector's short-term prospects at Tuesday's conference. He put the immediate funding gap at £200 million and, referring to Dr Howells's use of the word "crisis", added: "I have never heard a Government describe the funding situation in a public service in those terms."

Mr Bekhradnia said that, after a 40 per cent cut in funding per student over 20 years, the funding council acknowledged that the scope for further efficiency savings was limited. Anything more than a 1 per cent budget reduction would imply a cut in services even for the current number of students, and a rising 18-year-old population suggested the imminent

resumption of expansion recommended by Sir Ron.

The official attitude of the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals is that the extra money will be forthcoming in the end. Since fees are already potentially unpopular, the Chancellor may not want to take further risks with public opinion, and leading university figures have decided that there is nothing to be gained by rocking the boat before the Budget.

But, beneath this bland exterior, frantic talks are still taking place. Next week's meeting will see the threat of top-up fees back on the CVCP's agenda, although the leadership will try to keep this ultimate weapon in reserve.

Today's edition of *The Times Educational Supplement* quotes a briefing paper for the conference that says: "It is important to keep the threat of top-up fees on the table, given the lack of assurances that additional funding for higher education will be provided in the short term." The committee refuses to comment on

confidential papers, but acknowledges that any university has the right to vary its own fees.

The problem for those contemplating such a course is that the Government can also vary the amount of grant it allocates. There have been heavy hints in the past that any university levying its own fees on top of the Government's would be penalised so that it gained no advantage.

Planning for the worst while hoping for the best, vice-chancellors have been drawing up plans for further economies if the private assurances that they have received turn out to be empty. Even at Cambridge University, for example, a strategic plan for 1997-2001 envisages the loss of about 60 academic jobs if there is no increase in funding.

Cambridge is an obvious candidate for top-up fees, although the university has always seen them as a last resort. Others at the Strathclyde meeting may consider that they will have no alternative if the Budget fails to live up to expectations.

Schools can, and do, make a difference

Michael Barber challenges a report's claims that improvement in standards is random

At the consultation conferences this week on the White Paper *Excellence In Schools*, there is a striking unanimity about the standards agenda the Government has put forward. The publication last week of a report, which openly questions the Government's emphasis on raising literacy and numeracy standards, provided a rare voice of dissent.

The report, from Peter Robinson, a research officer at the Centre for Economic Performance at the London School of Economics (*The Times*, September 5), is welcome because it demands that the Government not only states its policy, but also spells out the rationale on which it is based.

Dr Robinson raises two issues that must be addressed: first, the relative impact of any educational intervention on pupil achievement. Secondly, whether greater attention should be given to the performance of low achievers.

The first argument relies on evidence from two surveys, the 1970 British Cohort survey and the 1958 National Child Development Study. From these, one can analyse factors associated with low achievement in literacy and numeracy. Dr Robinson acknowledges that this leaves him examining the impact of primary schools from 1963 to 1969 and from 1975 to 1981, a significant problem when it comes to determining policies for the late Nineties, but the weaknesses go deeper than that.

The surveys he cites demonstrate the importance of social class as a predictor of pupil performance. Their weakness is that they do nothing to explain why children with identical socio-economic backgrounds do well in some schools and badly in others. Are we to understand that this occurs merely at random, and that nothing the school can do can make a difference?

Surely this is absurd. The fact that Dr Robinson is unable to find a causal link between any school improvement intervention and a change in standards does not mean there isn't one. It may simply be that he has not looked hard enough. After all, research into school effectiveness and into school improvement has shown that there is a school effect. Good schools combine strong leadership and academic focus, teaching quality, high expectations, and discipline among others to raise achievement beyond what might otherwise be predicted. The importance of these factors is reinforced where schools combine them, and work to bring about improvement.

Worse still, Dr Robinson's report manages to bypass three decades of literary research, which has shown what works for schools in improving pupils' performance: interactive whole-class teaching, better-focused group reading in class, direct teaching of phonics and more sustained listening by parents to children reading at home. Research demonstrates that these approaches work.

Dr Robinson similarly ignores the research on numeracy. We need to ask why these studies get such little billing in a report that claims to be on literacy and numeracy. If he had spent more

time on this evidence, he would surely have developed a new understanding about how to improve standards. It is possible, with strategic thinking, to combine a range of interventions, all of which have a positive impact on standards. The Government's literacy and numeracy strategy, the details of which will be announced shortly, does precisely this. It is not necessary to choose between training teachers to teach better reading, encouraging reading at home and promoting literacy through the media. We can and will do all three over the next five years.

Thinking about education in general needs to make a similar shift. To those who ask "Should we address disadvantage, or improve schools?", we would answer "Why not both?"

The Government will, with its partners in education, drive ahead with its standards agenda. Through the new cross-Whitehall social exclusion unit



Barber: "Report ignores research"

and other initiatives, it will also attack poverty and disadvantage.

To those who ask, as Dr Robinson does: "Should our focus be on average performance or the performance of the long tail of underachievers?", we would answer "both". The literacy strategy will deliver training and support for all schools and intensive training and support for those that need it most. At a time when it is critical to reassess the contribution of good teachers, head teachers and schools, Dr Robinson's analysis threatens to deny that they make a contribution at all. The analysis harks back to the social determinism of the Sixties, when we were told that schools did not make a difference. Nothing, surely, can do more damage to morale than being told that, however hard you work, it makes no difference. In effect, this is Dr Robinson's message.

The Government's view is the opposite. Teachers have awesome responsibility. They shape the next generation. From Government will come a combination of pressure to succeed and support to make success possible. It can be done.

• Professor Michael Barber is head of the Standards and Effectiveness Unit at the Department for Education and Employment

How to soften the shock of the new

Changing schools need not cause trauma, says Morag Preston

leaves become too serious for parents to cope with. LEA schools offer the services of a visiting welfare officer.

Ruth Molynex, 16, surprised her parents, who live near Tonbridge, by announcing that she wanted to

applied to switch. Her younger brother, Tom, is already at her new school, and Ruth had been with her mother to see a sixth-form play there.

After an interview Ruth was offered a place, conditional on five GCSEs at Grade A. Had she not come up trumps, she would have had to pay.

"Ruth's last day at the school was very emotional for her," Mrs Molynex says. "She didn't know whether she would be going back there. But she wanted to broaden her horizons."

Sarah Knowles, 7, has enough new pencil cases to take her through to university. They were an effective incentive for her first day at primary school. Her mother, Catherine, says: "She got ready incredibly quickly, and was waiting at the door half an hour before we were due to leave."

Sarah's new school is a hop and a skip from her previous playground, but she still had concerns. Her father, David, from Chatham, says: "Homework had been mentioned and Sarah had been working on her spelling during the holidays, but I think she was looking forward to it. Staying with the same circle of friends in the sixth form."

Her mother, Penny, says: "It was entirely her decision and we supported her. The practical side is that the school is nearer our home, and its name will look good on her CV."

Six other girls from Ruth's former school — though not her closest friends — also

In such cases, when prob-

ably come fresh anxieties. Whether they stem from finding classrooms or making friends, switching schools brings a satchel full of worries.

But the problems can be overcome. Weeks before the start of term, Elizabeth Piper went with her 11-year-old daughter to look around Claire's new school. "Claire was worried she wouldn't know which entrance to use," Mrs Piper says.

On passing the bus 11-plus, Claire took the bus by herself for the first time to a "taste day" at the grammar school for girls. The next day the Pipers met her new teachers.

Claire's school career has been chequered, so her parents have done all they can to smooth the path. Before her state primary Claire was at a private school near by. Then her family, from Hildenborough, was hit by the recession. "Removing her was a big step," her mother says.

"Now we feel we've got to where we wanted to be, without the cost. Claire didn't seem to notice, and still sees friends from her old school.

The switch from a private to a state school was harder for their eldest son, Mark, now 13. He had been educated privately for three years when the move came after his seventh birthday.

His new classmates made fun of the way he spoke, "his mother says. "He felt an odd-bod, but we ignored it. Had it gone over the top, we'd have done something."

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In such cases, when prob-

Primaries thrive on technology link

Iola Smith on the high school that came to the rescue

Two years ago, Sue Parsons, head of the 66-pupil Llanfihangel Rhydithon Primary School in Powys, acknowledged that small rural schools lack the expertise and resources to teach technology effectively.

At first she thought of employing a part-time specialist to introduce the subject at key stage 2. Then she had another idea. She turned to Brian Heard, head of the local secondary school ten miles away at Llandrindod Wells.

"I offered to buy in expertise from the high school," she says. "I thought we could help each other."

From that small beginning, Llandrindod Wells High School now helps its ten feeder primaries to deliver the national curriculum's technology requirements. For a fee of £24 an hour, Graham Haslock and Eddie Jones, Llandrindod's technology teachers, introduce the intricacies of computing, design and model-making.

Pupils are either bussed to the school, where they spend two hours a week at the £250,000 technology centre, or, as in the case of Llanfihangel, Mr Jones travels to the primary school.

Their technology programme, which currently focuses on making wind chimes and water wheels, fits into our term topic of water," Mrs Parsons says. "We are also having a community hall built and the pupils have been using the computer to make architectural plans of the building."

Some of the other participating primaries have chosen to design towers and new bedrooms. "Each design has to fit into a budget," Mr Haslock says. "The pupils

learn about spreadsheets and maths as well as computer-aided design. If any venture goes over budget, the children have to choose what they leave out."

Pupils are also interested in automation. They learn how to control the opening and shutting of doors and the operation of traffic lights.

"What the children appreciate about these sessions is that they have the chance to explore projects that they otherwise could not do," Mr Haslock says.

The curriculum is not the only beneficiary, however. The primary/secondary link makes the transition at 11 to the big school much less traumatic for the youngsters. Settling in at a comprehensive can be daunting for children familiar with the cosy comfort of a small village school. But the Powys children have visited the high school and got to know some of the staff and their working methods.

The high school, in turn, has become familiar with its future intake and is aware of the standards that individual pupils can achieve.

This month Llandrindod's technology centre is being opened up to the local community and a visitor centre is promoting scientific and technological awareness.

Small businesses and the public are being introduced to Llandrindod's environmental monitoring programme, which focuses on wind power,

solar energy and the application of biotechnology. A technician mans the centre, paid for by the fees generated from teaching technology in the primary schools.

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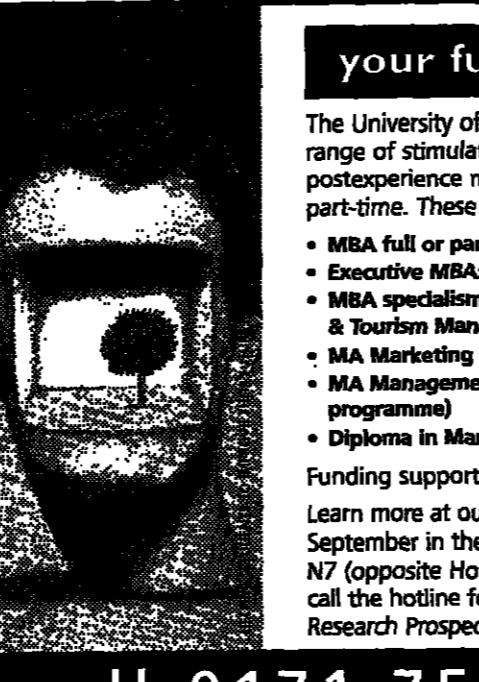
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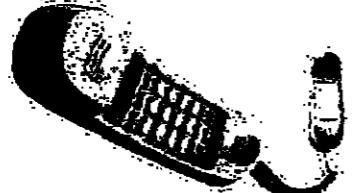
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Those wishing to apply for the appointment should write a short letter, enclosing a curriculum vitae and full details of 3 referees, to arrive by Friday 3rd October, 1997 at the latest. Applications should be marked "Private and Confidential". The Governors hope to make an appointment by 30th November, 1997.

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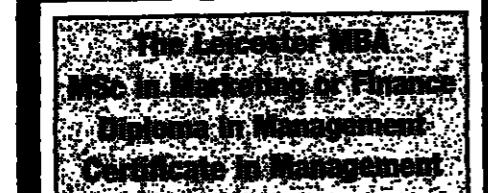
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CRICKET

Head injury to Russell adds to woe

BY IVO TENNANT

EDGBASTON (second day of four): Gloucestershire, with five second-innings wickets in hand, are 119 runs behind Warwickshire

Gloucestershire have led the Britannic Assurance county championship. It was simply not possible to glean that from their cricket yesterday, for they batted with a despondency and lack of skill that would, had the light been better and Warwickshire claimed the extra half-hour, most probably have led to a defeat in two days. They resume today with one of the their remaining batsmen ill and another suffering from concussion.

For much of the season, Gloucestershire have played wonderfully spirited, cohesive cricket. Here, they disintegrated. As with Leicestershire in the season or two before they won the championship, this side does not quite look the part. Warwickshire's greater experience has been of immeasurable benefit over the first two days.

It was not as if the ball was moving extravagantly or turning sharply. A month or two ago, Gloucestershire would not have collapsed like this. They were without Hewson, who was unable to bat in either innings after seeing a doctor over heart trouble. Then Russell, having made 44 in their second innings in his customary pushy way, had to retire after a short ball from Brown struck him on the back of his helmet.

All this happened after Gloucestershire had taken Warwickshire's last three wickets for 11 runs in the morning. Neil Smith added a further three to his overnight 145 before Lewis gained his sixth wicket of the innings, having him leg-before. Mike Smith then had Brown caught.



Silverwood, the Yorkshire bowler, celebrates having Fulton, of Kent, caught behind at Headingley. Report, page 44

Dakin seizes chance to make his mark

BY BARNEY SPENDER

NORTHAMPTON (second day of four): Leicestershire, with four first-innings wickets in hand, are 48 runs ahead of Northamptonshire

The ill-fortune of one man can often be a blessing for another. Such is the case for Jon Dakin. Leicestershire's powerful all-rounder, who has had to be content with a place in the one-day side all summer, while following the county's progress in the championship from the second XI.

His chance finally arrived when Neil Johnson had to return home to South Africa earlier this week with an ankle ligament trouble. Dakin, who was himself brought up in Johannesburg, grasped the opportunity with both hands yesterday, recording his third first-class hundred.

Dakin began the season with 103 not out against Cambridge University, but this was only his second championship innings since 1995.

The last one, against Worcestershire on May 8, resulted in a duck. However, he played with a freedom and purpose that suggests he may get a few more chances in the longer game next season.

After Leicestershire had slipped to 120 for four, Dakin shared three important partnerships, adding 63 with Iain Sutcliffe, 88 with Paul Nixon and, finally, an unbroken 109 with David Mills, who struck a robust 60 not out.

Dakin, occasionally troubled by the promising spin pair of Brown and Davies, took advantage of their lapses in concentration and length as he posted nine fours in his half-century. His next fifty came from 57 balls and, by the close, he had moved on to a career-best 135 not out.

Earlier, James Ormond had wrapped up the Northamptonshire innings with three wickets in 16 balls to claim six for 68, his best figures in the championship.

Durham's optimism obscured by cloud

BY DEREK HODGSON

CHESTER-LE-STREET (second day of four): Durham, with three second-innings wickets in hand, lead Northamptonshire by 145 runs

TOMMY FLINTOFF, a respected groundsman who retires next year, was being congratulated yesterday on the sealing down of the square at the Riverside Ground. Sixteen wickets then fell in the day and Durham, who might have been expected to push for their third victory of the summer, ended the day facing probable defeat.

Once a flawless sky had given way to cloud, just before noon, things began to happen. Mark Lathwell had looked destined for a big score and David Boon, quick to remind enquirers that he had kept wicket for Australia in two one-day matches, had to sustain Durham's spirits as deputy for the injured Martin Speight.

Even he was going flat when, at 130 for one, Lathwell was deceived by a slower ball. Ten runs later, Marcus Trescothick was similarly confused, his attempted flick off his legs turning into a leading edge.

When Holloway was dismissed, three wickets had fallen for 16 runs. Durham, tails up, brought back their opening pair, Simon Brown and Mel Better, and the last nine wickets fell for 71 in 33 overs.

Andrew Caddick and Graham Rose made no impact immediately and, with Kevin Shine resting a back strain, Somersets were falling further behind when, with Durham 66 without loss, the indefatigable Rose took his 500th first-class wicket, that of Stewart Hutton.

Three overs later, Caddick surprised Morris and then Boon before Lewis's 36-over defiance ended when he edged a leg break from Mushtaq, leaving the middle to disintegrate. Flintoff's pitch is blameless.

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Sussex earn healthy return on Peirce

PAT GIBSON

SOUTHAMPTON (second day of four): Sussex, with seven second-innings wickets in hand, are 70 runs ahead of Hampshire

TOBY PEIRCE may have made the right investment after all. The left-handed opening batsman, who gave up a career in the City to return to the game this season, must have questioned his judgment many times in recent weeks as Sussex stumbled from one defeat to another on their way to the bottom of the county championship.

Yesterday, however, the future looked much brighter. James Kirley, recovered at last from the back problem which has troubled him all summer, looked as promising a fast bowler as there is in the country as Hampshire lost their last eight wickets for 49 in 20 overs.

Then Peirce occupied the crease for more than 4½ hours and 81 runs to give Sussex the prospect of only their second championship win.

Everything is relative, of course, and it has to be said that, on this evidence, Hampshire are in an even worse state than Sussex. They began the day 71 runs ahead with eight wickets in hand but instead of consolidating on a position of strength they simply squandered it.

It was the leg spinner, Amer Khan, almost a veteran in this Sussex side at the age of 27, who began the collapse by bowling Whitaker for 73 and White for 80 before Kirley, still only 22, tore through the middle order with a spell of three for 17.

Sussex still faced a deficit of 131 but they cleared it during a second-wicket partnership of 79 between Peirce and the experienced Taylor. Taylor had just reached his 50 when he was expertly stumped by Aymes, standing up to the fast medium Renaldi, but Peirce went on to his 81 off 241 balls and, with Newell lending positive support, gave Sussex hope of better things to come.

IN BRIEF

England's amateurs home in on record

ENGLAND are on the brink of a record fifth consecutive amateur home international golf championship after their 10½-½ win over Scotland at Burnham and Berrow, Somerset, yesterday. A win in their final match, against Ireland, today, will bring Peter McEvoy's six-year reign as captain to a successful conclusion.

Philip Rowe, 18, from West Cornwall, and Shaun Philpott, 34, from Prudhoe, were in particularly fine form as England won three of the five foursomes and then stormed to a 7-3 triumph in the singles. Philpott, who was making his debut, scored a hole in one at the 161-yard 5th.

McManus on cue

SNOOKER: Alan McManus claimed the fourth and final wild card for the Regal Scottish Masters yesterday by defeating Tony Drago, of Malta, 5-2 in the final qualifying round at Spencer's Snooker Centre, Stirling.

Jalabert leads

CYCLING: Laurent Jalabert, the world No 1, assumed the overall lead in the Tour of Spain, after winning the sixth stage yesterday. Jalabert initiated the decisive attack and led the breakaway group over the finish line at Granada.

Cruel cut

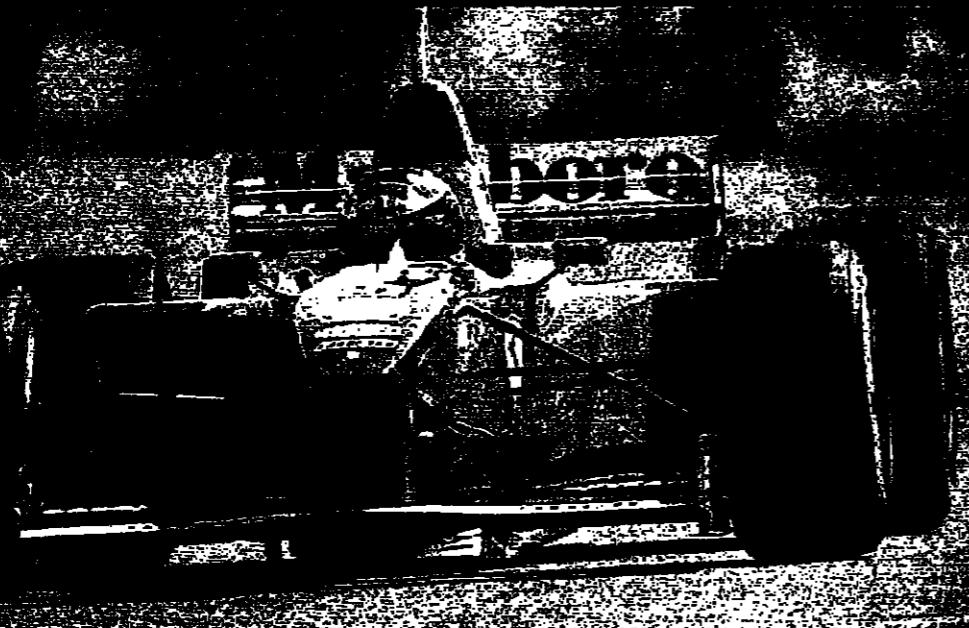
RUGBY LEAGUE: Warrington Wolves yesterday announced a retained list of only 16 players for next season. The move fuels speculation over the future of Paul Hulme, the former Great Britain forward, and the overseas players, Kelly Sheldoff, Salesi Finau, Willie Swann and George Mann, who were not on the list.

Storm damaged

ICE HOCKEY: Manchester Storm suffered their first defeat in the Benson and Hedges Cup on Wednesday, when they lost 5-3 to Ayr Scottish Eagles.

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Fantasy Formula One race hots up for our £25,000 top prize



Qualifying points (scored by qualifying for the start of each grand prix within the first 20 positions on the grid): Pole J Alesi 30 points; 2nd H-H Frenzen 25; D Coulthard 15; S Nakano 12; M Schumacher 9; E Irvine 6. Fastest lap time of grand prix: M Hakkinen 10 points. Penalty points: Incident resulting in a driver being made to start from back of grid or pit lane (10 points deducted): none. Did not finish the race (10 points deducted): D Hill -10 points; R Schumacher -10; J Herbert -10; M Salo -10; J Magnussen -10; J Verstappen -10; U Katayama -10; P Diniz -10. Not starting after qualifying (10 points deducted): none. Speeding in the pit lane (5 points deducted): none.

CONSTRUCTORS: Finishing points (scored for the top 20 classified positions at the end of every grand prix): 1st D Coulthard 60 points; 2nd J Alesi 50; 3rd H-H Frenzen 40; 4th G Fisichella 30; 5th J Villeneuve 29; 6th M Schumacher 28; 7th G Berger 27; 8th E Irvine 26; 9th M Hakkinen 25; 10th J Trulli 24; 11th S Nakano 23; 12th G Morbidelli 22; 13th R Barrichello 21; 14th T Marques 20. (Only 14 were classified.)

Lap points (one point for each lap completed): D Coulthard 53 points; J Alesi 53; H-H Frenzen 53; G Fisichella 53; J Villeneuve 53; M Schumacher 53; G Berger 53; E Irvine 53; M Hakkinen 53; J Trulli 53; S Nakano 53; R Barrichello 52; G Morbidelli 52; T Marques 50; D Hill 46; R Schumacher 39; G Morbidelli 20. Improvement from starting grid to

only four races remain in our Fantasy Formula One competition: the Austrian Grand Prix on September 21, the Luxembourg Grand Prix on September 28, the Japanese race on October 12 and the European Grand Prix on October 26. Heading our leaderboard in the race for our £25,000 top prize is A Bradley of Godalming, Surrey. His team, Slickhead 3, scored 619 points at the Italian Grand Prix to take his cumulative score in the competition to 9,451 points. In second place is L Ackland from Guilford, Surrey. His team, Aston O, scored 741 points at Monza to take his total points to 9,419 in the competition. Mrs J Bonnett, of Halstead, Essex, wins a trip for two to next year's British Grand Prix. Her team, Blondie, scored 774 points at Monza.

TO ENTER make three selections from each of the four groups below and call 0891 405 001 (+44 990 100 311).

outside the UK). The order in which you register your first three drivers will be your predictions for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd finishing places for the Luxembourg Grand Prix and the European Grand Prix where bonus points apply.

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CHECK YOUR SCORE: Check your score and position by calling 0891 884 648 (+44 990 100 348 ex UK).

CLARIFICATION: Rule 2 applies to the transfers and replacements on the table below. All cumulative figures have been adjusted as a consequence of M Hakkinen's late disqualification from third position in the Belgian GP. The cumulative figure for Prost published after the Canadian Grand Prix has been adjusted downwards by 10 points as his car did not finish the race.

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TRANSFERS:</



TENNIS 42

Rusedski is pushed to the limit as tiredness takes over

SPORT

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 12 1997

Hoddle takes positive path to lion's den

By OLIVER HOLT
FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT

THE long history of Rome is well-versed in moments of truth. If you put your hand in the Bocca della Verità, a mouth set in an ancient face of stone, and tell a lie, legend says that it will snap off your hand. If you set foot in the Olympic Stadium in front of 80,000 baying Italians on an October night and expect an easy ride to the World Cup finals at the expense of your hosts, reality dictates that you will suffer a rude awakening.

England's training schedule during the three days that they will spend in the Eternal City before the showdown with Italy on October 11 and the fabled aversion of some of the players to seeing some of the great sights of the world, even when they are on their doorstep, means that Glenn Hoddle need not worry about members of his squad losing any fingers in the preamble to the game.

After the convincing 4-0 victory over Moldova on Wednesday

night, the England coach's analysis of his team's prospects for World Cup qualification, now that they only need a point from the game in Rome, suggests that they will not lose their heads either.

He is optimistic, of course, and has every reason to be. Without Alan Shearer, Teddy Sheringham, Paul Ince and Tony Adams, Eng-

land still produced an efficient performance to dispose of the Moldovans. In midfield, Paul Gascoigne returned to something close to his creative best; in attack, Ian Wright showed that he is a capable deputy for Shearer with two well-taken goals and an astute pass that set up the third goal for Gascoigne.

Even more important, perhaps, was the fact that Italy had slipped to a dull, goalless draw against Georgia in Tbilisi, a result that changed the whole complexion of group two by leaving England at its head and Italy needing to chase a win in Rome, rather than just a point.

Moreover, they will have to attempt to get those three points without the influential Chelsea midfield player, Roberto Di Matteo, who will be absent through suspension, and against an England team that should be bolstered by the fearsome midfield qualities of Ince and the defensive nous of Adams.

The way that the group has

unfolded is vindication of the undroppable stance Hoddle has taken since England's defeat by Italy at Wembley in February. His calm assertion that qualification would go right to the wire. Even though the tables have now turned and England are in the driving seat, Hoddle is maintaining his sense of perspective.

"It is a little bit early to start thinking about Rome, but we will need steady heads over there and we will need to play shrewdly," Hoddle said. "It will be a hell of a task to win the game, but I have always said that I thought we could win there and I think, psychologically, there is an edge that has swung round towards us.

"We don't need to go there and win the game any more. The pressure is just a little bit more on them. Obviously, it is sometimes a great help to have 80,000 fans behind you, but, if the pressure builds up and they don't get a goal early, that could count against them.

"We have got a platform to go there now with belief. It is going to be about how much we have belief in ourselves to go there and win the game. It is very difficult for English players to go anywhere with the mentality of drawing a game, so our approach will still be to try to win. Give me my experienced players, and give me them fit, and we will be in with a good chance."

One of those experienced players is Gascoigne, who will have an extra incentive to perform to his optimum in the Olympic Stadium because he played there during his troubled years with Lazio in Serie A. Hoddle devoted a large portion of his post-match comments to praising the attitude of the player

whom he has stuck by through thick and thin.

"If he had not had a good game," Hoddle said, "we all know what the headlines would have been and what the questions would have been — 'Was this his last chance?' and 'Can he play him in Rome' — but he was absolutely magnificent. Some people will say, 'it was only Moldova', but if it was that easy, all the players would have been doing what he was doing, but they weren't. It was Paul Gascoigne who was doing it."

"He showed enough during the Tournoi for me to know that, if he could remain injury-free, we could get him back to nearly his very best. He has gone a long, long way to showing that he has got that ability. At last, he is starting to show some real signs of maturity."

If Gascoigne can go to the Bocca della Verità after the match against Italy, say that he played his best game and emerge with his hand untouched, England should by then have secured their place in France.



Gascoigne: creative

Gough adds to Yorkshire's woes

Defiant Marsh turns title tide in Kent's favour

By ALAN LEE
CRICKET CORRESPONDENT

HEADINGLEY (second day of four): Kent have a first-innings lead of 62 runs over Yorkshire

EITHER side of lunchtime in Leeds, with the clouds low and the ball swinging, Yorkshiremen dared to speak of victory and, moreover, of the Holy Grail that is the championship. After 29 years, it is a subject raised only with low voices in dark corners in these parts, but as five Kent wickets fell for 33 runs, even the most cynical in a rather 4,000-strong crowd began checking their diaries for next week.

It was then that Kent demonstrated the depth and de-

TOP OF TABLE

	P	W	L	St	Bl	Pts
Kent	18	7	4	43	55	228
Glamorgan	18	6	2	7	45	216
Yorkshire	16	5	2	7	38	208

Including bonus points from yesterday

termination that has taken them to the head of the table and may now keep them there. Simultaneously, things began to go wrong for Yorkshire, none more serious than a hamstring injury that brought Darren Gough hobbling from the field, his comeback — and his season — at an end.

Without their spearhead again, Yorkshire began to toil. Chris Silverwood persevered to claim career-best figures of seven for 93, but the most significant statistic of a second

riveting day was that, from the predicament of 202 for seven, the last three Kent wickets added 172, 84 of them scored by the captain, Steve Marsh. For someone who regularly bats at No 9, Marsh has had a remarkable season. These runs brought his first-class aggregate to 821 and were made, as is his wont, without fuss or flourish. Kent secured a first-innings lead of 62, riches that had appeared far beyond them, and the bad light that prevented Yorkshire bating again was indicative of their darkening day.

The loss of Gough was central. He had bowled only five unthreatening overs before lunch and was in his first of a new spell when he pulled up. Wayne Morton, physiotherapist to Yorkshire and England, admitted the possibility that the latest setback was connected to the knee injury that had kept him out of the last two Tests of the Ashes series.

"These things can happen through overcompensation," Morton said. "He will obviously not bowl again here and, as hamstring injuries take three or four weeks to clear up, the priority now is to get him fully fit for his winter commitments with England."

The onus fell heavily upon Yorkshire's two recent England A selections and the fact that one took seven wickets and the other only one was an injustice. Paul Hutchison beat the bat more times than he could decently count before finally York Marsh. It could be called part of the learning curve for one in whom success has come in a rush, but Hutchison would

have been ill-disposed to such philosophy.

Silverwood's day could hardly have been more different. It seemed that he had only to grab the ball to take a wicket. His first over found Fulton thin-edging a pull to be caught behind and he struck with the second and third balls of subsequent spells. Only while Ward was making a rapid 56 — 48 of them in fours — while the sun shone before noon did Silverwood struggle.

An inswinger from White hit Ward's leg stump and Headley, who had taken his nightwatchman brief to unexpected lengths, was thrown out by Stump as he attempted

a second run to third man. Byas recalled Silverwood and, as the cloud cover lowered, he defeated Wells and Ealham with late swing.

When Cowdrey stretched to the first ball after lunch, giving Blakey a regulation catch and Silverwood his fifth wicket, Kent were confronted by a deficit large enough to be serious on a pitch cracked in places and offering increasingly uneven pace and bounce. Yorkshire, however, lost their way.

Gough and White left the field, the latter for running repairs to a back complaint, and Hutchison continued luckless. Byas dropping Flem-

ing off him at slip with the score 241. Another 44 accrued before the stand was broken, once more by Silverwood, as Fleming was too adventurous outside off stump and departed for a responsible 53.

The best and most influential batting came from Marsh, spanning the afternoon session and another hour afterwards. Only against Vaughan, whose off spin he suddenly dispatched for 4-6, did he deviate from disciplined self-denial. The ninth-wicket stand of 86 with an equally imperturbable Strang may have turned this game, if the deteriorating weather permits a proper conclusion.

Woodward is new coach

By MARK SOUTER



Woodward: leaving Bath

coach, Andrew Harriman will manage England A, assisted by Rob Smith, of Wasps, and Richard Hill, of Gloucester, who had been refused permission by his club to contemplate a more senior role.

An extended training squad of 77 players will have an opportunity to meet the new management teams at Bisham Abbey on Wednesday, among them the two Wasps back-row forwards, Mike White and Peter Scrivener, who have yet to appear in an England A team or senior tour party. Every English player who toured with either the British Isles in South Africa or England in Argentina during the summer is included.

Simon Shaw starts his first competitive match for Wasps on Sunday, when the English league champions play Glasgow in the second round of Heineken Cup matches. Meanwhile, Harlequins prefer Huw Harris to Nick Walsh at scrum half against Bourgoin at the Stoop Memorial Ground tomorrow and Jeremy Guscott returns from injury to the Bath side to play the Scottish Borders at Hawick on Sunday.

Underdogs handed Celtic tie

ALL prizes are coveted, but the semi-finalists of the Scottish Coca-Cola Cup will feel that they are competing for more than just the trophy itself (Kevin McCarron writes).

Yesterday, Dunfermline Athletic were drawn to face Celtic and Aberdeen to meet Dundee United.

There has been no trophy for Celtic since the Tennents Scottish Cup in 1995, even if the present side did seem equipped to cope with the demands during their 1-0 victory over Motherwell on Wednesday.

Dunfermline will view the tie as a means of atonement. Last year, they were crushed 6-1 by Rangers in the semi-final.

To Aberdeen, the Coca-Cola Cup represents a refuge. They have only won twice in the league since December. They won cup two seasons ago, though.

Dundee United's victory over the holders, Rangers, testified to a recovery of their form of last season.

GOLF 42

Magic touch earns Ballesteros share of lead in Paris

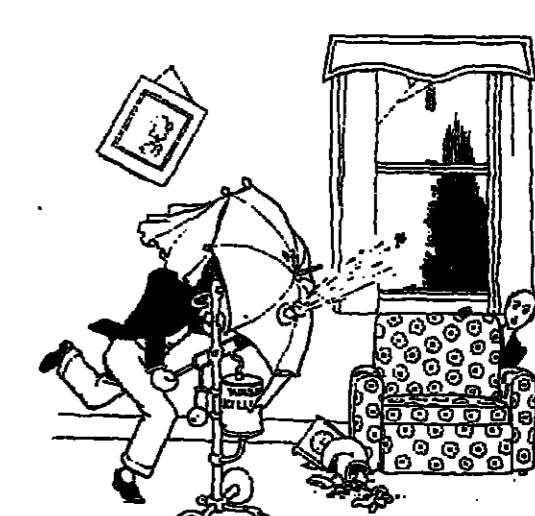


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Silverwood celebrates the fall of Fleming, whose dismissal earned him career-best figures of seven for 93. Photograph: Simon Wilkinson

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